



Powerwall 3 Installation Manual

with Backup Gateway 2

Notices

For the latest Powerwall 3 installation documents in all supported languages, visit:

www.tesla.com/support/powerwall

To secure the full 10-year product warranty, Powerwall 3 must be registered by completing the device setup process and sending system information to Tesla.

Product Specifications

All specifications and descriptions contained in this document are verified to be accurate at the time of printing. However, because continuous improvement is a goal at Tesla, we reserve the right to make product modifications at any time.

The images provided in this document are for demonstration purposes only. Depending on product version and market region, details may appear slightly different.

Errors or Omissions

To communicate any inaccuracies or omissions in this document, reach out to your Tesla Account Manager.

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Electronic Device: Do Not Throw Away

Proper disposal of batteries is required. Refer to local codes for disposal requirements.

For Private Households: Information on Disposal for Users of WEEE

This symbol on the product(s) and / or accompanying documents means that Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) should not be mixed with general household waste. For proper treatment, recovery and recycling, please take this product(s) to designated collection points where it will be accepted free of charge. Alternatively, in some countries, you may be able to return your products to your local retailer upon purchase of an equivalent new product.

Disposing of this product correctly will help save valuable resources and prevent any potential negative effects on human health and the environment, which could otherwise arise from inappropriate waste handling.

Please contact your local authority for further details of your nearest designated collection point.

Penalties may be applicable for incorrect disposal of this waste, in accordance with your national legislation.

For Professional Users in the European Union

If you wish to discard electrical and electronic equipment (EEE), please contact your dealer or supplier for further information.

For Disposal in Countries Outside of the European Union

This symbol is only valid in the European Union (EU). If you wish to discard this product please contact your local authorities or dealer and ask for the correct method of disposal.

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GENERAL WARNINGS AND INFORMATION

ATTENTION: Read this entire document before installing or using Powerwall. Failure to do so or to follow any of the instructions or warnings in this document can result in electrical shock, serious injury, or death, or can damage Powerwall, potentially rendering it inoperable.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This manual contains important instructions for Powerwall 3 and Backup Gateway 2 that must be followed during installation and maintenance of the system.

 **NOTE:** On detection of abnormal condition for voltage or frequency conditions or in response to a detected unintentional island, the Tesla Powerwall system disconnects from the grid to prevent backfeed.

Symbols Used

	CAUTION: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor injury or damage to the equipment.		RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK: Indicates components that present risk of electrical shock.
	WARNING: Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in injury or death.		CAUTION, RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, ENERGY STORAGE TIMED DISCHARGE. Discharge time is 5 minutes from de-energization.
 NOTE:	NOTE: Indicates an important step or tip that leads to best results, but is not safety or damage related.		BIDIRECTIONAL TERMINAL: Indicates location of combined input/output connector on the equipment.
	REFER TO OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS: Indicates that user should refer to operating or installation instructions before proceeding.		PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR TERMINAL: Indicates location of grounding connection on the equipment.

General Information

 **WARNING:** Read this entire document before installing or using Powerwall. Failure to do so or to follow any of the instructions or warnings in this document can result in electrical shock, serious injury, or death, or may damage Powerwall, potentially rendering it inoperable.

 **WARNING:** A battery can present a risk of electrical shock, fire, or explosion from vented gases. Observe proper precautions.

 **WARNING:** Powerwall installation must be carried out only by a competent electrician who is certified by Tesla and who has been trained in dealing with low voltage electricity.



GENERAL WARNINGS AND INFORMATION

-  **WARNING:** Powerwall is heavy. Use of lift equipment is recommended.
-  **WARNING:** Use Powerwall only as directed.
-  **WARNING:** Do not use Powerwall if it is defective, appears cracked, broken, or otherwise damaged, or fails to operate.
-  **WARNING:** Before beginning the wiring portion of the installation, ensure that Powerwall is switched off, and lock out any associated circuit breakers and disconnect switches (if applicable for the installation).
-  **WARNING:** Do not attempt to open, disassemble, repair, tamper with, or modify Powerwall. Powerwall and its components are not user serviceable. Batteries in Powerwall are not replaceable. Contact Tesla Support for guidance on repairs.
-  **WARNING:** To protect Powerwall and its components from damage when transporting, handle with care. Do not impact, pull, drag, or step on Powerwall. Do not subject Powerwall to any strong force. To help prevent damage, leave Powerwall in its shipping packaging until it is ready to be installed.
-  **WARNING:** Do not insert foreign objects into any part of Powerwall.
-  **WARNING:** Do not expose Powerwall or its components to direct flame.
-  **WARNING:** Do not install Powerwall within 24 inches (610 mm) of heating vents or radiators. Powerwall can be installed in a mechanical room with HVAC equipment.
-  **WARNING:** If installing Powerwall indoors, a detection system for flammable gases should be installed at the site in accordance with local building and fire codes. Example: Smoke or heat detection devices.
-  **WARNING:** Ensure that concentrated water sources do not drain onto Powerwall or Backup Gateway, including downspouts, roofs without gutters, or drains.
-  **WARNING:** Do not immerse Powerwall or its components in water or other fluids.
-  **CAUTION:** Powerwall is not designed nor warranted for non-stationary applications.
-  **CAUTION:** Do not use solvents to clean Powerwall, or expose Powerwall to flammable or harsh chemicals or vapors.
-  **CAUTION:** Do not use fluids, parts, or accessories other than those specified in this manual, including use of non-genuine Tesla parts or accessories, or parts or accessories not purchased directly from Tesla or a Tesla-certified party.
-  **CAUTION:** Do not place Powerwall in a storage condition for more than one (1) month, or permit the electrical feed on the Powerwall to be severed for more than one (1) month, without placing Powerwall into a storage condition in accordance with Tesla's storage specifications.
-  **CAUTION:** Do not paint, coat, or wrap any part of Powerwall, including any internal or external components such as the exterior shell or casing. These may cause Powerwall to overheat, resulting in damage to the product.



SPECIFICATIONS

Powerwall 3 Specifications

System Technical Specifications

Part Number	1707000-xx-y		
Nominal Grid Voltage (Input & Output)	230 VAC		
Grid Type	Single phase		
Frequency	50 Hz		
Total Battery Energy ¹	14 kWh		
Usable Battery Energy ¹	13.5 kWh		
Nominal Output Power (AC)	5 kW	10 kW	11.04 kW
Maximum Apparent Power	5,000 VA	10,000 VA	11,040 VA
Maximum Continuous Current	48 A		
Overcurrent Protection Device	63 A		
Maximum Rated Continuous Charge Current / Power (Powerwall 3 only)	21.7 A AC / 5 kW		
Maximum Rated Continuous Charge Current / Power (Powerwall 3 with up to (3) Expansion units)	34.8 A AC / 8 kW ²		
Output Power Factor Rating	0 - 1 (Grid Code configurable)		
Maximum Output Fault Current (1 s)	160 A		
Maximum Short-Circuit Current Rating	10 kA		
Maximum AC Current Inrush (0 s)	0 A P-P		
Load Start Capability (1 s)	185 locked rotor amps (LRA)		
Power Scalability	Up to 4 Powerwall 3 units supported ³		
Protection Class	Class I		
Overvoltage Category (AC)	III		
Overvoltage Category (PV)	II		
PV Inverter Topology	Non-Isolated		
BESS Inverter Topology	Isolated		
Surge Withstand Voltage on AC Ports	4 kV		
Surge Withstand Voltage on Communication Ports	2 kV		



SPECIFICATIONS

Radiated RF Immunity	35 V/m
Solar to Battery to Grid Round Trip Efficiency	89% ^{1,4}
Solar to Grid Efficiency	97.5%
Supported Islanding Devices	Backup Gateway 2
Connectivity	Wi-Fi (2.4 and 5 GHz), Dual-port switched Ethernet, Cellular (LTE/4G ⁵)
Hardware Interface	Dry contact relay, Demand Response Enabling Device, RS-485 for meters
AC Metering	Revenue Grade (+/- 0.5%)
Protections	Integrated arc fault circuit interrupter (AFCI), Isolation Monitor Interrupter (IMI), integrated DC isolator
Customer Interface	Tesla Mobile App
Warranty	10 years

¹Values provided for 25°C, at beginning of life. 3.3 kW charge/discharge power.

²Maximum continuous charge current/power is limited to 21.7 A / 5 kW when installed with Expansion units. A maximum continuous charge current/power of 34.8 A / 8 kW will be available with a future firmware version.

³The maximum number of Powerwall 3 units per installation may vary by market.

⁴Typical solar shifting use case.

⁵Cellular connectivity subject to network service coverage and signal strength.

 **NOTE:** Powerwall 3 follows the Active islanding methodology by allowing frequency of the Powerwall 3 to be inherently unstable in the absence of a reference frequency (frequency instability).

 **NOTE:** The model numbers in this manual call out "-XX-Y" for the suffix of the equipment model number. The wild cards are defined as follows:

- "X" is a number and the one number in the model number representing a style code; form, fit, and function are not changed, and these numbers have no bearing on compliance.
- "Y" is a letter, and the one letter in the model number representing a pedigree; form, fit, and function are not changed, and this letter has no bearing on compliance.



SPECIFICATIONS

Solar Technical Specifications

Maximum Solar STC Input	20 kW
Maximum DC Input Voltage	600 V DC
PV DC Input Voltage Range	60 — 550 V DC ⁶
PV DC MPPT Voltage Range	60 — 480 V DC
MPPTs	3
Maximum Current per MPPT (I_{MP})	30 A ⁷
Maximum Short Circuit Current per MPPT (I_{SC})	38 A
PV Maximum Backfeed Current	0.2 A

⁶PV array voltage should not exceed 550 V DC. For optimal performance, PV array voltage should be below 480 V DC.

⁷Only applicable to Powerwall 3 units with 30 A I_{MP} on the product label. Otherwise, Powerwall 3 has an I_{MP} of 26 A.

Mechanical Specifications

Dimensions	1105 x 609 x 193 mm ⁸
Weight	130 kg
Mounting Options	Floor or wall mount

⁸These dimensions include the glass front cover being installed on Powerwall 3.



Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature	-20°C to 50°C ⁹
Operating Humidity (RH)	Up to 100%, condensing
Storage Temperature	-20°C to 30°C, up to 95% RH, non-condensing, State of Energy (SOE): 25% initial
Maximum Elevation	2000 m
Environment	Indoor and outdoor rated
Enclosure Rating	IP55
Ingress Rating	IP67 (Battery & Power Electronics)
	IP55 (Wiring Compartment)
Pollution Rating	PD3
Operating Noise @ 1 m	<50 dB(A) typical, <62 dB(A) maximum

⁹Powerwall 3 is designed to operate in all climates from temperatures of -20°C to 50°C. Performance may be de-rated at operating temperatures above 40°C.



NOTE: Early Powerwall 3 enclosures are non-powder coated and can display natural signs of aging on the aluminum. This is expected and has no impact on performance or durability.



SPECIFICATIONS

Compliance Information

Specification	Standard certified
Safety	IEC 62477-1: 2022 - Safety requirements for power electronic converter systems and equipment - Part 1: General
	IEC 62109-1:2010 - Safety of power converters for use in photovoltaic power systems - Part 1: General requirements
	IEC 62109-2: 2011 - Safety of power converters for use in photovoltaic power systems - Part 2: Particular requirements for inverters
	IEC 62933-5-2: 2020 - Electrical energy storage (EES) systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements for grid-integrated EES systems - Electrochemical-based systems
	IEC 62619: 2022 - Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes - Safety requirements for secondary lithium cells and batteries, for use in industrial applications
	UL 1973: Batteries for Use in Stationary and Motive Auxiliary Power Applications
	UL9540A: Test Method for Evaluating Thermal Runaway Fire Propagation in Battery Energy Storage Systems
Grid Interoperability	AS 4777.2 Grid Connection of Energy Systems via inverter Part 2 Inverter Requirements
Energy Storage	Energy Storage Systems and Equipment [ANSI/CAN/UL 9540:2020 Ed.2]
EMC	IEC 61000-6-1:2016 - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-1: Generic standards - Immunity standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments
	EN IEC 61000-6-3: 2020 - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-3: Generic standards - Emission standard for equipment in residential environments

Powerwall 3 Expansion Specifications

Battery Technical Specifications

Model Number	1807000-xx-y
Nominal Battery Energy	13.5 kWh
Voltage Range¹	52 - 92 V DC

¹Expansion units are connected in parallel and are not field serviceable.

Powerwall 3 Model Numbers When Installed with Expansion(s)

Model Number	Powerwall 3 Configured Power Output	Number of Expansion Units
1707000-11.04kVA-13.5	11.04 kW	None
1707000-10kVA-13.5	10 kW	
1707000-5kVA-13.5	5 kW	
1707000-11.04kVA-27	11.04 kW	1
1707000-10kVA-27	10 kW	
1707000-5kVA-27	5 kW	



SPECIFICATIONS

Model Number	Powerwall 3 Configured Power Output	Number of Expansion Units
1707000-11.04kVA-40.5	11.04 kW	2
1707000-10kVA-40.5	10 kW	
1707000-5kVA-40.5	5 kW	
1707000-11.04kVA-54	11.04 kW	3
1707000-10kVA-54	10 kW	
1707000-5kVA-54	5 kW	

Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature²	-20°C to 50°C
Operating Humidity (RH)	Up to 100%, condensing
Storage Temperature	-20°C to 30°C, up to 95% RH, non-condensing, State of Energy (SOE): 25% initial
Maximum Elevation	3000 m
Environment	Indoor and outdoor rated
Ingress Rating	IP67
Pollution Rating	PD3

²Performance may be de-rated at operating temperatures above 40°C.

Compliance Information

Certifications	IEC 62619, IEC 62933-5-2, IEC 61000-6-1:2016, and EN IEC 61000-6-3: 2020
-----------------------	--

Mechanical Specifications

Dimensions ³	1105 x 609 x 168 mm		
Total Weight of Wall-Mounted Unit (includes cover and bracket)	118.5 kg		
Weight of Powerwall 3 Expansion (no cover or bracket)	110 kg		
Mounting Options	Floor or wall mount		
Stacking Capability (Floor Mount Only)	Up to (3) Expansion units behind a Powerwall 3		
Compatibility with Other Systems	Only compatible with Powerwall 3		
Connection to Powerwall 3 or Expansions	Expansion Harness		
Expansion Harness Options	0.5 m	2 m	4 m
Weight of Glass Front Cover	6.5 kg		
Weight of Wall Bracket	1.9 kg		
Weight of Expansion Unit Accessories	0.7 kg		



NOTE: See [Powerwall 3 Center of Mass on page 117](#) for weights of stacked configurations.

³These dimensions include the glass front cover being installed on the Expansion unit.



Backup Gateway 2 Specifications

Backup Gateway 2 Electrical Specifications

AC Voltage (Nominal)	230 V (Line-to-Neutral)
	400 V (Line-to-Line)
Feed-In Type	Single Phase, Three Phase
Grid Frequency	50 Hz
Maximum Overcurrent Protection Device	100 A (single-phase service)
	80 A (2- and 3-phase service)
Maximum Input Short Circuit Current	10 kA
Overvoltage Category	Category III
AC Meter	Revenue accurate (+/- 0.2 %) ¹
Safety	IEC 61439-1, IEC 61439-3
¹ Revenue accurate when using Gateway internal site meter.	



NOTE: Refer to circuit breaker datasheet for rated peak withstand current (Ipk) and associated duration.

Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature ²	-20°C to 50°C
Operating Humidity (RH)	Up to 100%, condensing
Maximum Altitude	3000 m
Ingress Rating	IP55
Environmental Category	Indoor and outdoor rated
Wet Location Rating	Yes
Pollution Degree	PD2
² Performance may be de-rated in extreme ambient temperatures	

Mechanical Specifications

Height	584 mm
Width	380 mm
Depth	127 mm
Weight	11.4 kg

Tesla 100A CT Specifications



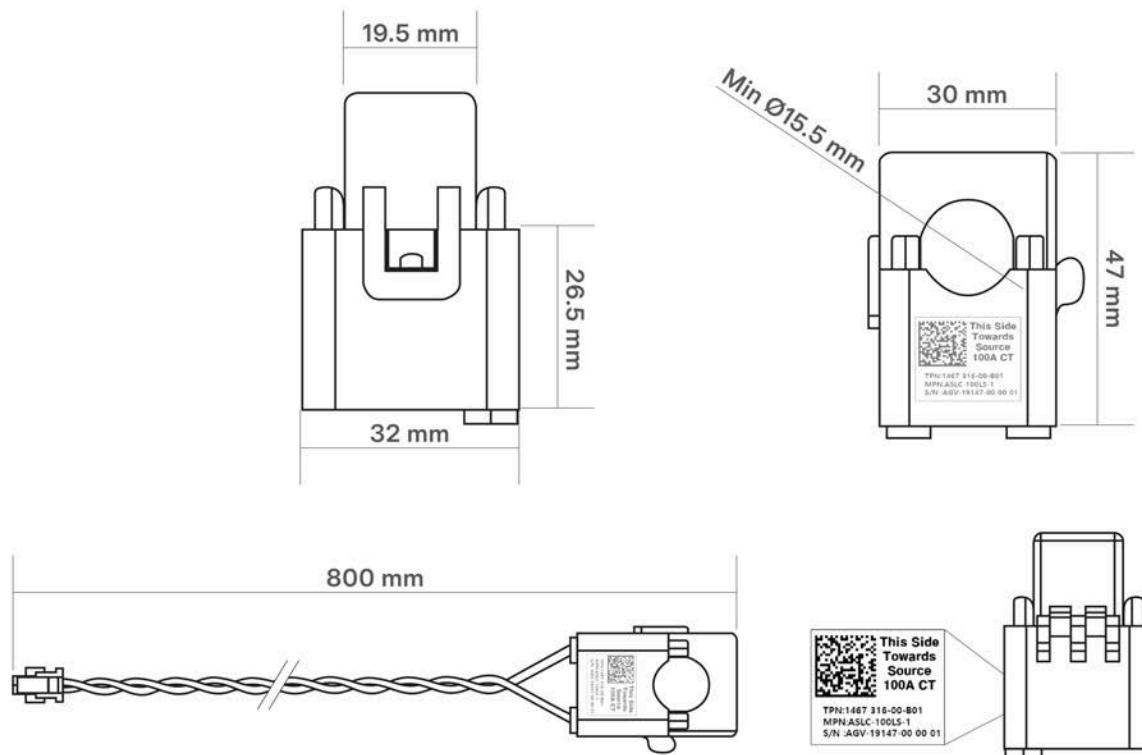
NOTE: The Tesla 100A CT is compatible with Backup Gateway 2.



SPECIFICATIONS

Model Number	1467316-00-x
Capacity	100 A
Operating Frequency	50 - 60 Hz
Cable Ratings	600 V, 125°C
Cable Size	0.5 mm ²
Cable Type	Twisted leads
Lead Length	800 mm
Optional Extension (Tesla P/N 1467274-00-x)	3 m (10 ft)  NOTE: CT leads can be extended a max distance of 330 ft (100 m) by splicing twisted pair or using the Extension. Voltage rating of the extension wire must be equal to or greater than all other adjacent circuits. Use minimum 600V 0.5 mm2 conductors.
CT Splitting	N/A (cannot be split / paralleled) One 100 A CT per terminal
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to 50°C (-4°F to 122°F)
Max Operating Humidity (with condensation)	RH 95%

Figure 1. Tesla 100A CT Dimensions





Tesla Remote Energy Meter Specifications



Tesla Remote Energy Meter Specifications

Model Number	2002069-00-x
Accuracy	0.5%
Nominal AC Voltage	230 VAC ¹
AC Frequency	50 - 60 Hz
Maximum Power Consumption	3 W
Compatible CTs	Tesla 200A CTs (see Tesla 200A CT Specifications on page 15)
Connection Method	Wireless: Wi-Fi ^{2, 5}
	Wired: RS-485 (RS485) harness (1.2 m or 4 ft) ^{3, 4, 5}
Overcurrent Protection Device (OCPD)	Maximum 16 A
Dimensions	145 x 52 x 31 mm
Ambient Operating Temperature	-30°C to 70°C
Conforms to	UL 61010-1, CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1, IEC/EN 61010-1, ANSI C12.1, IEC 62052-11, IEC 62053-21
Supported Applications	Site, Solar, Generator, Conductor
Compatible Grid Types	1 ϕ L1-N, 3 ϕ L1-L2-L3-N Wye ⁶

¹ Voltage harness (600 mm or 23.6 in) is included in the Tesla Remote Energy Meter kit. If additional length is required, the voltage harness can be extended using 1.5 - 6 mm² AC wiring. To maintain accuracy, keep the meter within 61 m of its breaker when using 2.5 mm² wire.

² An external Wi-Fi antenna and antenna extension cable are included in the Tesla Remote Energy Meter kit. When using Wi-Fi as the connection method, remote meters placed inside of load centers can be subject to signal interference, especially when a panel cover is installed. For best performance, where possible, use the included external antenna and the antenna extension cable to extend the external antenna.

³ RS-485 harness is not included in the Tesla Remote Energy Meter kit; it must be ordered individually (Tesla P/N 2045794-00-x).

⁴ If the RS-485 harness length is not sufficient, 0.2 - 1.5 mm² communication wiring can be used to extend the length up to a maximum of 100 m or 328 ft.

⁵ A Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.



SPECIFICATIONS

⁶ Connection to L1 and Neutral is always required.



NOTE: Tesla Remote Energy Meter accessories are only compatible with Tesla Remote Energy Meter. Do not attempt to use Neurio meter accessories, or any other meter accessories, with Tesla Remote Energy Meter.



SPECIFICATIONS

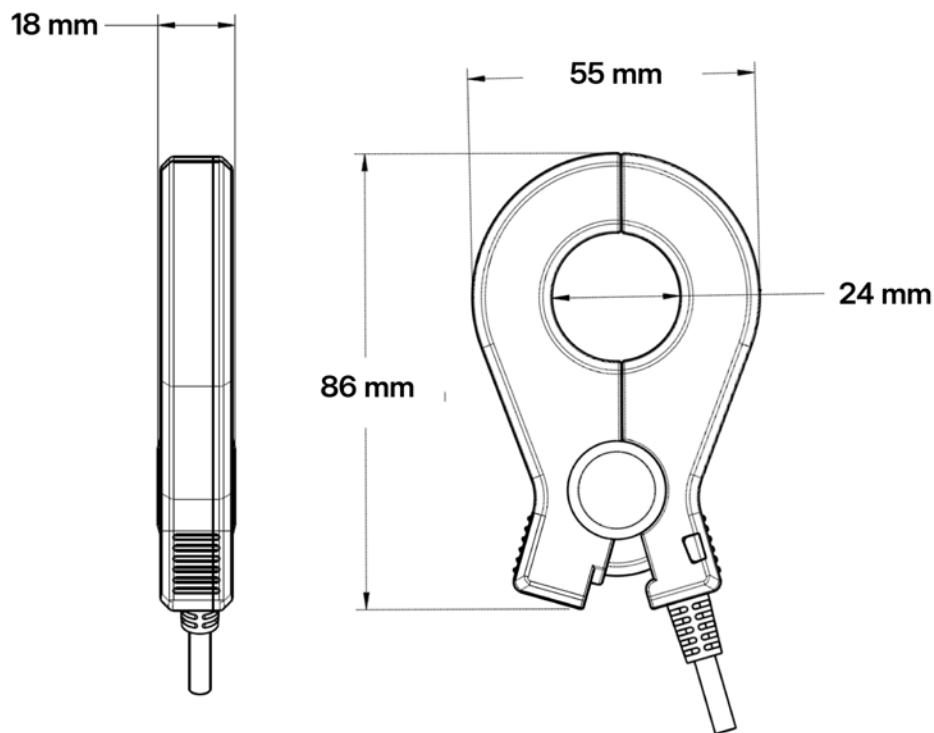
Tesla 200A CT Specifications

Model Number	2033376-00-x
Capacity	200 A
Insulation Rating	600 V
Lead Length	1.5 m ⁷
Optional Extension	3.5 m ⁸
Optional Y-Splitter	Not available
Dimensions (L, W, H)	86 x 55 x 18 mm
Window Size	24 mm
Operating Temperature	-30°C to 85°C

⁷ If the CT lead length is not sufficient, do not splice the CT leads. Up to (2) CT extensions can be used to extend the length to a maximum of 8.5 m (1.5 m CT lead + 3.5 m extension + 3.5 m extension).

⁸ Extension is not included in the Tesla Remote Energy Meter kit; it can be ordered individually (Tesla P/N 2060713-xx-y).

Figure 2. Tesla 200A CT Dimensions





REGISTERING POWERWALL 3

Tesla Powerwall 3 comes with a warranty whose term depends on the connection of Powerwall 3 to the internet. To secure the full 10-year warranty for Powerwall 3, it must be reliably connected to the internet to allow remote firmware upgrades from Tesla. If an internet connection is not established or is interrupted for an extended period, and Tesla is unable to contact the owner, the warranty may be limited to 4 years. To ensure that the owner can receive the full 10-year warranty, be sure to complete the device setup process so that registration information is sent to Tesla.

For more information, refer to the Powerwall 3 Warranty for your region at www.tesla.com.

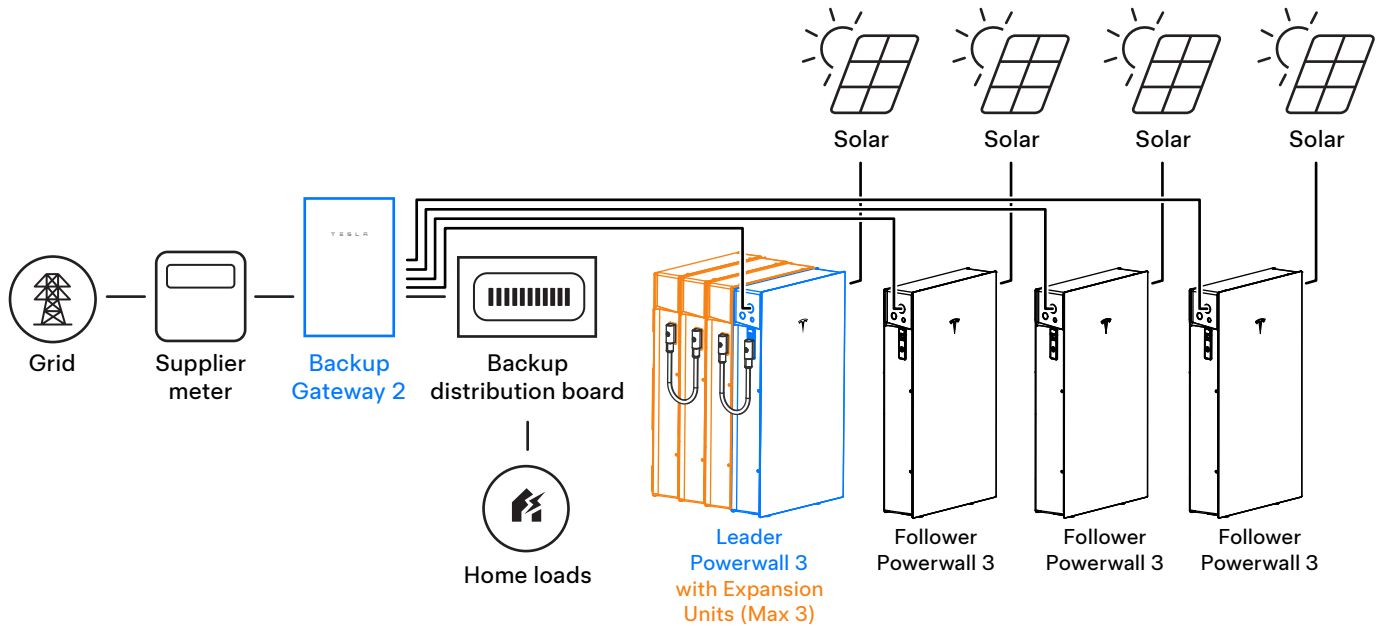


POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Powerwall 3 is a fully integrated solar and battery system. The home's photovoltaic (PV) array can be connected directly to Powerwall 3, which converts solar energy and stores it for future use.

Powerwall 3 is installed with Backup Gateway 2 to control the system's connection to the grid and monitor home energy consumption.

Figure 3. Example System Diagram





POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The following table outlines the key Tesla components in a standard Powerwall 3 system.

Tesla Components

Tesla Part Numbers	Component	Description
1707000-xx-y		Powerwall 3 is an integrated solar and battery system that converts energy from solar panels to be used by the home, and stores excess energy for future use. Every system contains at least one Powerwall 3, with additional Powerwall 3 units and/or Expansion units installed depending on the home's solar system size and/or energy consumption.
1807000-xx-y	 <i>Expansion unit is mounted behind Powerwall 3 unit</i>	Powerwall 3 Expansion is a battery that provides additional storage for a Powerwall 3 system. Because the Expansion does not include an inverter, it cannot be installed without Powerwall 3. Solar cannot be connected to an Expansion unit.
1152100-xx-y		Backup Gateway 2 monitors energy usage and manages the transition to and from backup operation.



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

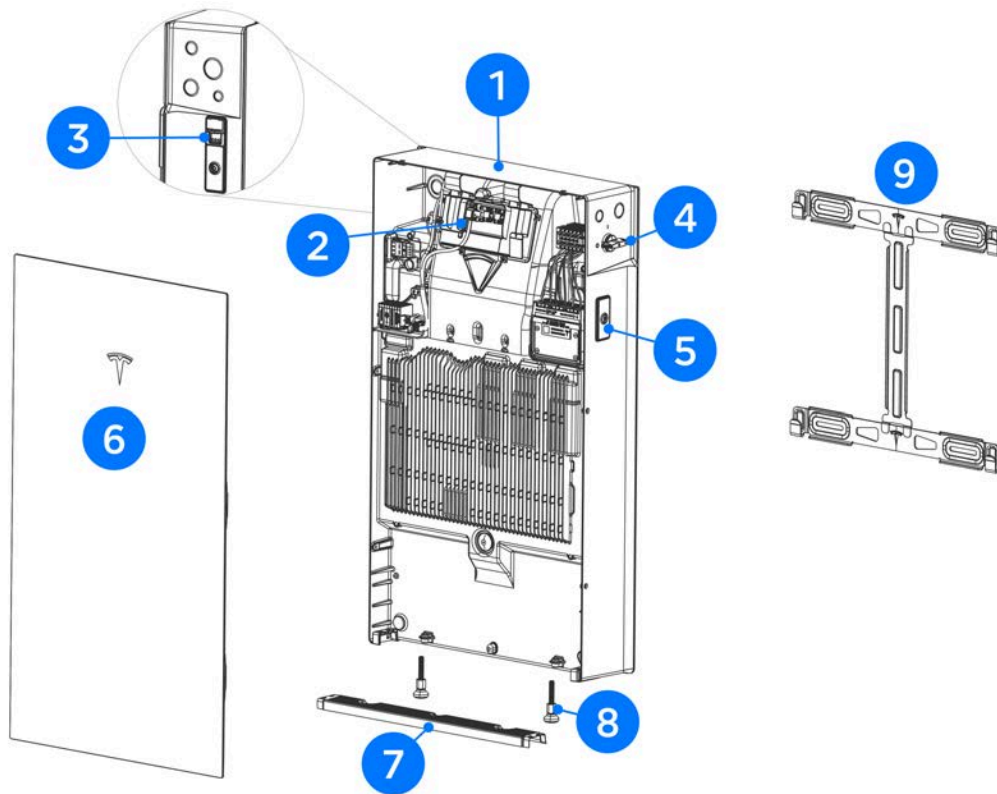
Tesla Part Numbers	Component	Description
2002069-xx-y	 A black, rectangular Tesla Remote Energy Meter with a carrying handle on the left. It features a yellow RS485 connector on the left side and a large black ring-shaped current transformer on the right. The device has the Tesla logo on the front and labels for RS485, AC, and CT1, CT2, CT3, CT4.	Tesla Remote Energy Meter is an external meter. It can be used to monitor the energy usage or solar production when AC coupled.



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Powerwall 3 Overview

Figure 4. Expanded View of Powerwall 3



1	Powerwall 3
2	Tesla Asset Controller (TACO)
3	On / Off switch
4	Integrated DC Isolator
5	Expansion port cover
6	Glass front cover
7	Air intake screen
8	Leveling feet
9	Wall mounting bracket



NOTE: Do not remove the expansion port covers. These are protective covers and Powerwall 3 will not operate when they are removed.



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM OVERVIEW



NOTE: The Powerwall 3 part number and serial number can be found on the left side of the unit.



TESLA PART NO.
1707000-XX-X
SN:TG1YYYYYYYYYY





POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

Design Considerations

Supported Configurations

- Up to (4) Powerwall 3 units can be installed with (1) Backup Gateway 2, with or without AC-coupled solar (see [Appendix E: Installing Multiple Powerwall 3 Units and/or Expansion Units on page 138](#))
- Up to (3) Expansion units can be connected to the **Leader Powerwall 3** (see [Appendix E: Installing Multiple Powerwall 3 Units and/or Expansion Units on page 138](#))



NOTE: Do not connect Expansion units to a **Follower Powerwall 3** unit.

- Only Tesla devices are compatible with Powerwall 3; no third-party equipment in lieu of Backup Gateway 2 or Tesla Remote Energy Meter
- Powerwall 3 is not compatible with the following:
 - Neurio remote energy meters (see [Energy Metering on page 27](#) for more information)
 - Other batteries (Powerwall 2 or third party batteries)
 - Stacked units (Powerwall 3 must be mounted in a side-by-side configuration)
 - Third party MLPE solutions, such as optimizers, installed on the DC-coupled solar system. These devices may lead to erratic system behavior such as nuisance tripping on the Powerwall 3 when installed on the DC-coupled solar system. However, they can be installed on the AC-coupled solar system.

System Tie-in

- Backup systems must be one of the following:
 - 230 V single phase service
 - 100 A or smaller service, or (in absence of a service rating) maximum 100 A of loads downstream of Backup Gateway 2
 - 230 / 400 V three phase service
 - 80 A or smaller service, or (in absence of a service rating) maximum 80 A of loads downstream of Backup Gateway 2
 - Follow all local requirements for balancing the system equally across the available phases



NOTE: Regardless of the number of Powerwalls installed, only one phase (L1, L2, or L3) will provide backup during a grid outage.

- A breaker is always required for Powerwall tie in. This breaker serves as an overcurrent protection device for Powerwall and must be wired in accordance with local wiring codes and regulations. See [Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5](#) section for breaker size.



NOTE: In line with relevant standards, Powerwall must be wired to support the maximum continuous current of the system.

- Powerwall 3 must always be connected to the Home terminals downstream of the Backup Gateway 2
- Recommend that total Powerwall supply is able to power the single largest automatic load in the backup circuit



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

- Any/all loads on the backup circuit are adequately protected with an overcurrent protection device
- All three phase loads or solar must be excluded from the backup circuit
- All single phase loads in the backup circuit must be sized appropriately for the configured power output of the Powerwall (see [Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5](#) for power output options)
- Site and solar monitoring must be installed to capture overall power flow to/from the site, as well as all solar production (see [Energy Metering on page 27](#))
- Powerwall and Backup Gateway 2 are rated for 10 kA of fault current.

Powerwall 3 Solar

Powerwall 3 has an integrated inverter and 3 MPPTs, with a maximum solar input of 20 kW DC.

 **NOTE:** See [AC-Coupled Solar System Sizing on page 26](#) for information about sizing AC-coupled solar with Powerwall 3.

System Sizing

The following resources explain how to size the Powerwall system to meet customer expectations, as well as how to determine which loads can be included in the backup circuit and what to do with loads that cannot be included.

Loads Supported per Powerwall Quantity

- The largest load on the backup circuit is limited by the quantity of Powerwalls; the largest load/breaker size each Powerwall can support is determined by the selected Powerwall breaker size and configured power output (see [Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5](#) for power output options).

AC Units and Large Motor Loads

- Inrush current (largest instantaneous current draw when a motor starts) is limited to 185 A locked rotor amps (LRA) per Powerwall 3.
- For air conditioner units, use locked rotor amps on equipment label as inrush current.
- Design options if motor locked rotor amps is greater than the number of Powerwall 3 units multiplied by 185:
 - Increase number of Powerwalls
 - Relocate AC unit/motor load out of the backup circuit
- Example:
 - Motor load unit with 200 A locked rotor amps
 - Required Powerwall(s): (2) Powerwall 3 units required, so that 200 A < 370 A

 **NOTE:** Double-check that the AC breaker follows the Powerwall breaker sizing rules.

EV Charging

Type of Electric Vehicle Charging	Compatibility
Tesla vehicle charging (Wall Connector or Tesla Mobile Connector)	1 Powerwall*
Third-Party Level 1 EV charging	1 Powerwall*
Third-Party Level 2 EV charging	1-2 Powerwalls*



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

*Ensure the configured power output is great enough to support the charger(s) on the backup circuit; for instance, if Powerwall 3 has a configured power output of 5 kW, (2) Powerwall 3 units would be required to support a Tesla vehicle charger.

Powerwall coordinates with Tesla vehicles for enhanced vehicle charging. It will adjust the charging power to ensure it can continue to support the home loads without overloading itself, and will only charge the vehicle when the percentage of charge is higher than the limit set by the customer.



Powerwall 3 DC System Sizing

- Powerwall 3 can be configured as up to a 11.04 kW / 48 A AC rated inverter that can support up to a maximum DC system size of 20 kW.
 - 20 kW DC is the absolute maximum solar system size that Powerwall 3 can support.
 - Powerwall 3 has a boosting feature that can send 5 kW of DC power continuously from solar to the battery at the same time that up to 11.04 kW / 48 A of solar is inverted to AC power, leading to a potential total DC power of 16.04 kW. This helps alleviate clipping concerns and enables sizing the DC system larger, but only if the battery is being used in a way that it will have available charge power during the peak solar production hours of the day.
 - If Powerwall 3 is power / current limited, a larger DC solar system size may experience curtailment. Size the DC solar system appropriately based on the configured power / current output.
 - Where clipping may occur, the amount of clipping depends on the specific scenario.
- Each Powerwall 3 has (3) MPPTs available for Solar.



NOTE: If there are more than three PV strings, strings can be combined upstream of Powerwall 3 so long as the voltage and current ratings of the system do not exceed the capabilities of Powerwall 3.

- Total DC circuit distance, from + MPPT terminal to - MPPT terminal (including module wire leads, jumper wires and all wiring within the array boundary for any individual string), shall not exceed 160 m for single strings or paralleled strings
 - Total DC circuit distance refers to the entire round trip wire distance, from inverter to the roof, then back to the inverter
 - Ensure paralleled strings are the same distance, or as close to the same distance as possible
- Powerwall 3 is a string inverter. Individual strings should not be extended over mounting planes with different pitches and/or azimuths to provide peak performance of the system. Series strings must have modules on the same pitch & azimuth, and strings of equal distance can be combined in parallel.
 - Note that a situation where all 20 kW are simultaneously producing at peak may result in solar clipping. Tesla recommends, but does not require, diversifying azimuths when the array is significantly oversized. The (3) MPPTs are particularly suited for sites where the strings may not be on the same azimuth and are therefore not producing at peak simultaneously.
- If installing multiple Powerwall 3 units, it is recommended but not required to distribute the DC PV system across all Powerwall 3 units so that each Powerwall 3 receives the benefits of DC coupling solar

Available Third-Party Solar Design Tools

Powerwall 3 has been added to the following solar design tool databases:

- Open Solar
- Pylon



AC-Coupled Solar System Sizing

DC-coupled solar (connected directly to Powerwall 3) is strongly preferred over AC-coupled solar for the following reasons:

- Less equipment required for DC-coupled solar, resulting in reduced system cost
- Increased efficiency for DC-coupled solar
- Low energy management during a grid outage

In some scenarios, it is difficult or not feasible to avoid systems with AC-coupled solar. Most commonly, this occurs when Powerwall 3 is installed on a system with existing AC-coupled solar. As shown below, solar can be installed alongside Powerwall 3 solar, or with Powerwall 3 as storage only.



NOTE: Powerwall 3 can also be used without any solar on the site.

Figure 5. Powerwall 3 with AC and DC Coupled Solar

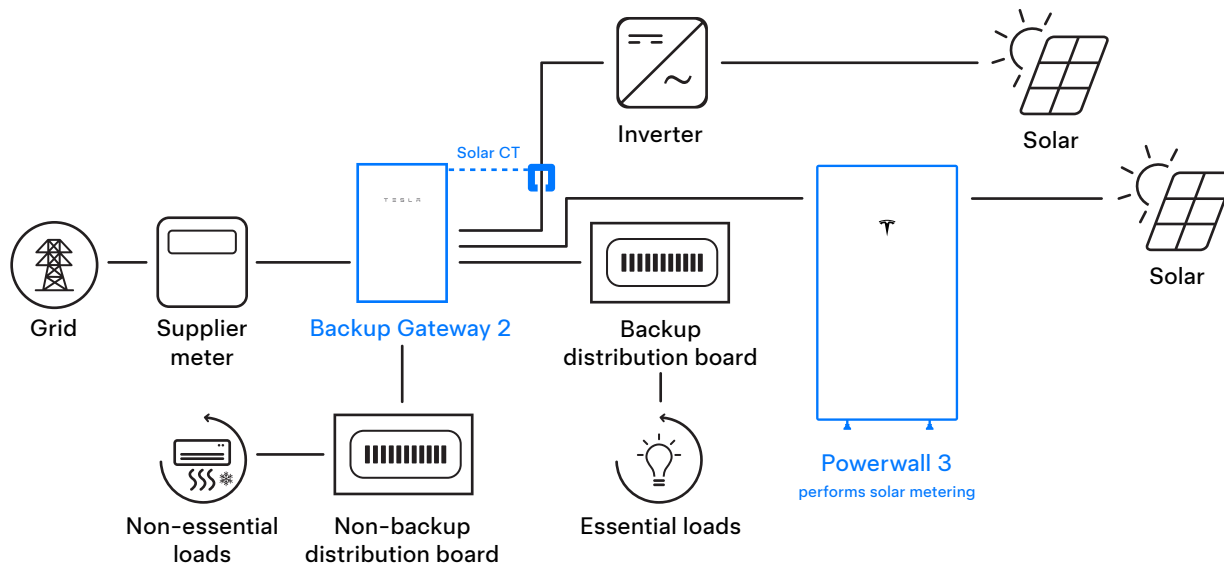
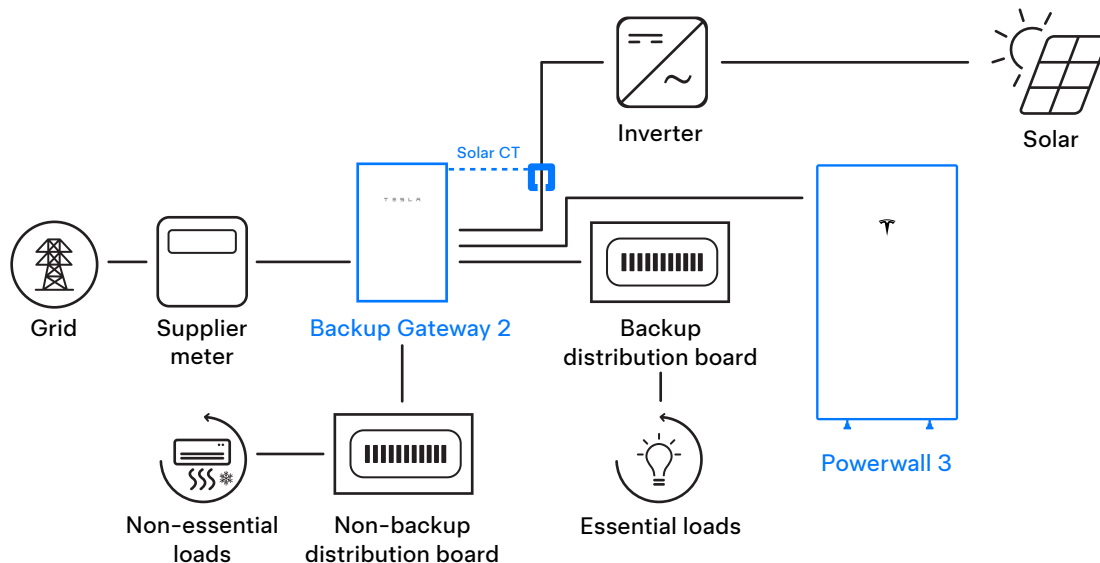


Figure 6. Powerwall 3 with AC Coupled Solar (Storage Only)





POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

PV to Powerwall Ratio

For systems with AC-coupled solar only, a maximum of 5 kW AC per Powerwall is allowed in the backup circuit (the smaller of AC inverter rating or DC system size¹).

¹The 5 kW PV to Powerwall ratio was put in place to protect the Powerwall system from excessive PV power during a grid outage. 5 kW is used because it is a common solar inverter size, allowing more PV systems to be fully backed up without needing to be split apart, and inverters don't always produce their maximum power. This ratio does not prevent all issues; Powerwall's maximum charge rate is 5 kW under ideal conditions (notably operating temperature). If there is more than 5 kW of excess PV per Powerwall, the system will frequency shift to try to reduce PV power, and may have to shut PV production down completely.

 **NOTE:** The AC-coupled PV to Powerwall ratio and the maximum DC solar system sizing are independent of each other. See [Powerwall 3 DC System Sizing on page 25](#) for information about sizing the Powerwall 3 DC system.

 **CAUTION:** Exceeding the PV to Powerwall ratio may result in high fault current during a grid outage, which creates a serious risk of damage to Powerwall and/or the customer's home loads. If a Powerwall is damaged by high fault current due to excess PV during an outage, it will be out of warranty.

Options to avoid exceeding the ratio:

1. Increase number of Powerwalls on site
2. Utilize Powerwall 3 for all PV on site to avoid PV to Powerwall ratio
3. Split PV Inverter Point of Interconnection, In / Out of backup (confirm with local electrical regulator that this practice is accepted)

 **NOTE:** A Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.

4. Downsize PV to meet ratio
5. Shed part of the PV system using grid dependent relays/contactors

 **NOTE:** The 5 kW PV to Powerwall ratio can be applied to any Powerwall unit in the system, including Powerwall 3. For example, a 5 kW third party solar inverter can be backed up with a single Powerwall 3, as the ratio rule does not apply to the solar inverter portion of the Powerwall 3.

Undersized Powerwall 3 Systems

If a customer acknowledges that they are willing to install a large load on the backup circuit that violates Tesla's guidance on what can be included on the backup circuit, design can proceed as long as the customer provides acknowledgment that they accept an undersized system.

 **NOTE:** Undersized systems cannot be designed if the electrical regulator does not allow oversized loads on the A Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.

Energy Metering

Power measurements are needed for Powerwall 3 system to operate properly, and for system data to appear in the customer's Tesla app. An energy meter accomplishes this by measuring voltage (by voltage tap) and current (by Current Transformer, or CT) at key locations in the system.



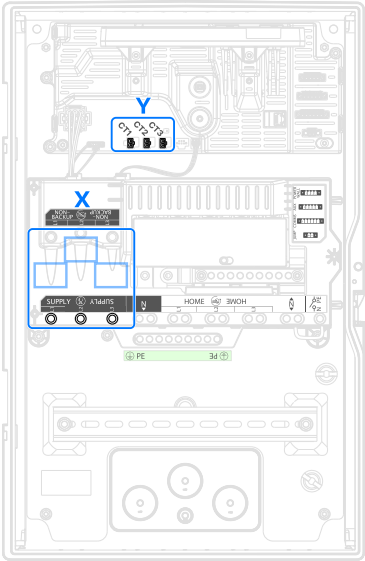
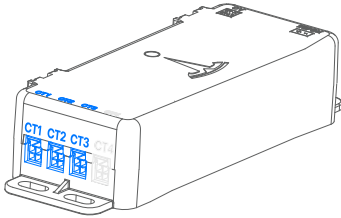
POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

CTs are installed around conductors to monitor the current flowing through them. The CTs are connected to a meter which sends the measurements to Powerwall 3. Using this current measurement, the system calculates power measurements to determine how much power the customer is using, or how much power the PV system is producing. The power values are then displayed in the customer's Tesla app and are used by the system to operate as configured by the customer. For instance, a customer may want to store their solar power for use at night. CTs measure both solar production and the home's power consumption so that the system knows how much solar to store during the day and supply at night.

There are many possible configurations for installing metering depending on system design. However, there are two goals, site metering and solar metering.

- **Site Metering:** Site meters show the overall power flow to/from a site from the Grid's perspective, i.e. the Grid is treated as the source of power and the home is a consumer of that power. Site meter(s) must be installed upstream of all solar production, Powerwalls, and home loads.
- **Solar Metering:** Solar meters capture production from solar inverter(s). There must not be any loads or Powerwalls behind the Solar CTs. This would result in under- or over-estimation of solar production.

Metering Options

	Backup Gateway 2 Primary Meter X	Backup Gateway 2 Secondary Meter Y	Tesla Remote Energy Meter
Meter	Figure 7. Backup Gateway 2 internal meters 		Figure 8. Tesla Remote Energy Meter CT terminals 
Compatible CTs	Not applicable (Primary Meter X has three integrated CTs)	Up to three Tesla 100A CTs (one per phase). For full specifications, see Tesla 100A CT Specifications on page 11 .  NOTE: One CT is included in the accessory kit; additional CTs can be ordered individually.	Up to three Tesla 200A CTs (one per phase). For full specifications, see Tesla 200A CT Specifications on page 15 .  NOTE: One CT is included in the kit; additional CTs can be ordered individually.

 **NOTE:** CT4 functionality will be available at a later date.



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

CT Capacity	80 A per phase / 100 A if using only one phase	100 A	200 A
Supported Locations	Site, Conductor, None	Site, Solar, Generator, Conductor, None	Site, Solar, Generator, Conductor

See [Specifications on page 5](#) for full specifications of the meters and CTs.

- **Primary Meter X** can be used for measuring the site when the Grid connection is at the Supply terminals on Backup Gateway 2.

Figure 9. Example Whole Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter X Measures Site

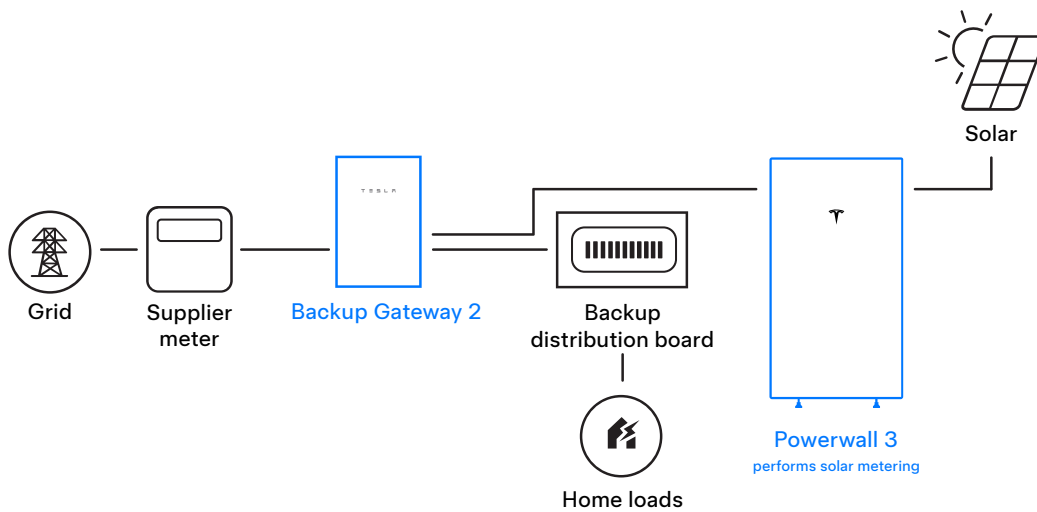
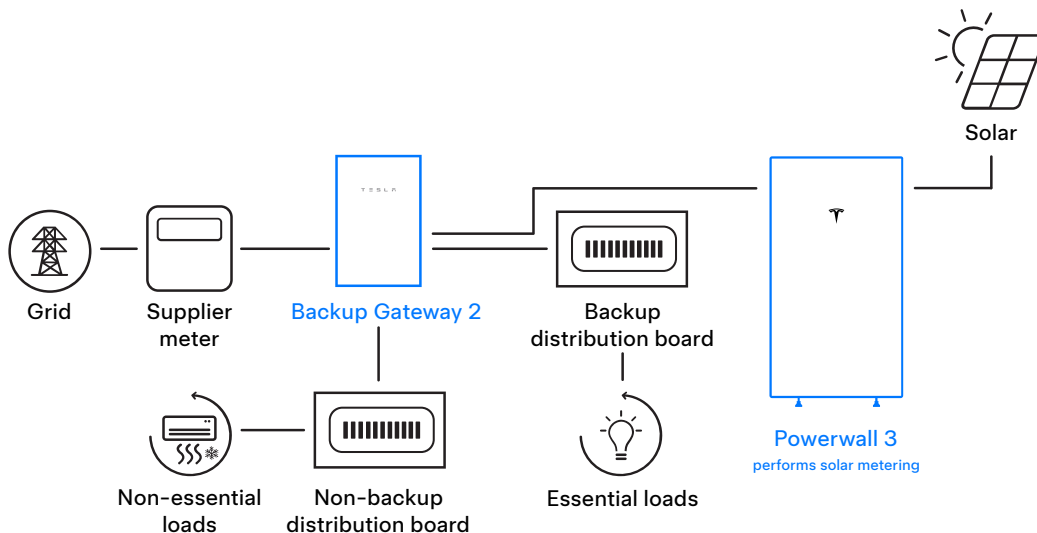


Figure 10. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter X Measures Site



NOTE: In this configuration, the non-essential loads are downstream of Backup Gateway 2 (i.e., they are connected to the Non-Backup terminals on Backup Gateway 2).

- **Secondary Meter Y:** When there are loads upstream of Backup Gateway 2 or the system includes AC-coupled solar, Tesla 100A CTs can be installed and connected to the Meter Y CT terminals for measuring the site or solar.



POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

Figure 11. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter Y Measures Site (Meter X Configured as None).

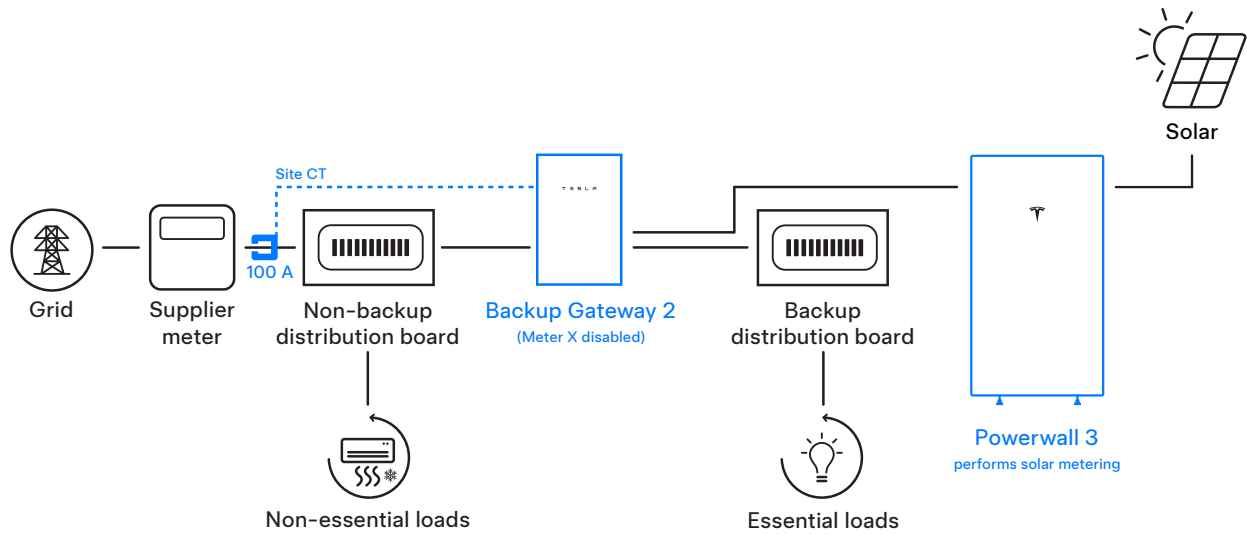
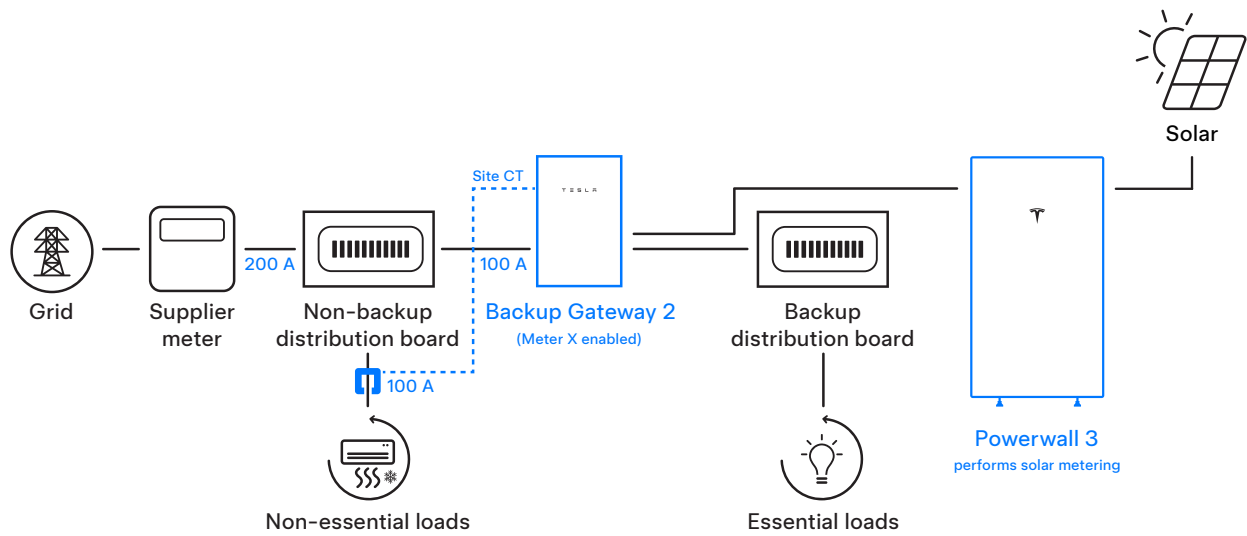


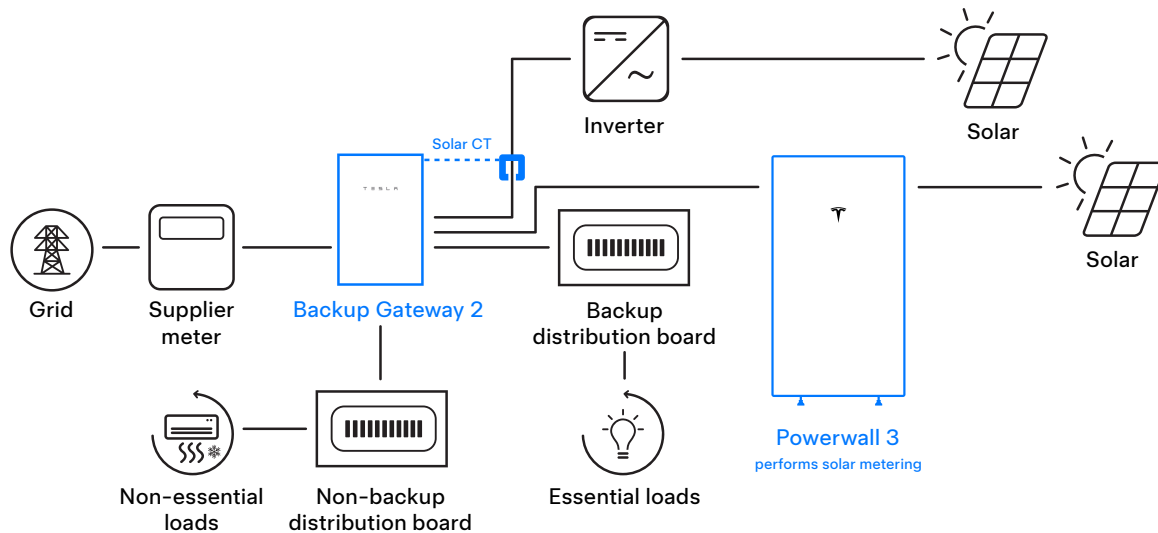
Figure 12. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter X and Meter Y Measures Site





POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

Figure 13. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter X Measures Site and Meter Y Measures AC-Coupled Solar



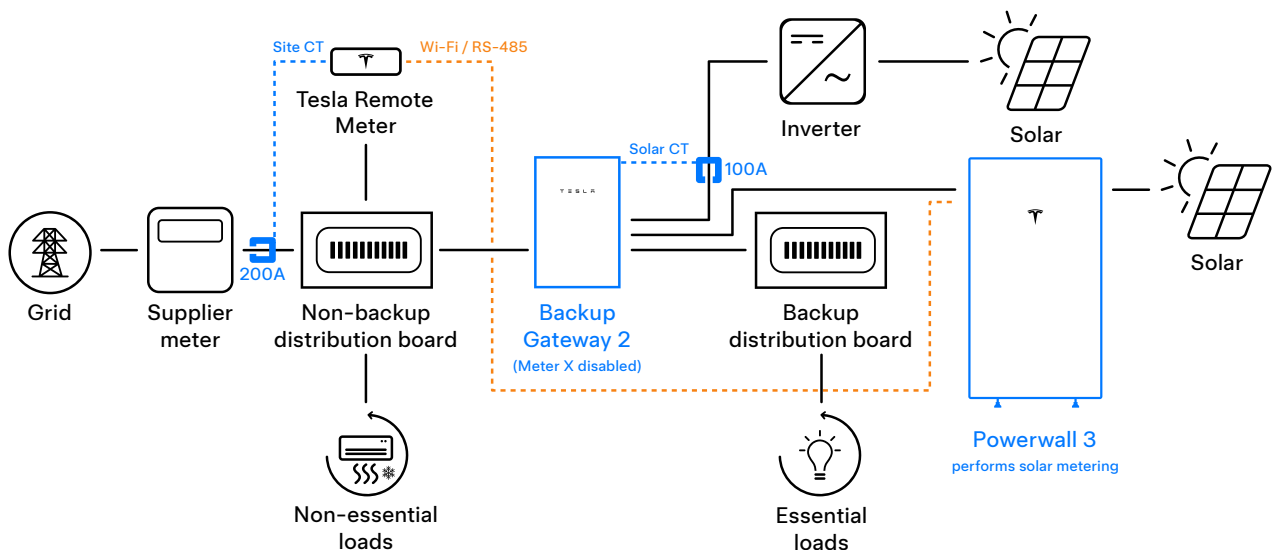
NOTE: Meter Y can only measure the site or the AC-coupled solar, not both.

CAUTION: If AC-coupled solar is not metered correctly, Powerwall will not frequency shift to control solar during a grid outage, resulting in a serious risk of damage to the customer's home loads and/or Powerwall.

- **Tesla Remote Energy Meter:** When there are loads upstream of Backup Gateway 2 and the system also includes AC-coupled solar, Tesla 200A CTs can be installed and connected to the Tesla Remote Energy Meter CT terminals for measuring the site or the AC-coupled solar. See [Tesla Remote Energy Meter Specifications on page 13](#) for full specifications of the meter and CTs and see [About Tesla Remote Energy Meter on page 88](#) for installation instructions.

NOTE: A Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.

Figure 14. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Tesla Remote Energy Meter Measures Site and Meter Y Measures AC-Coupled Solar (Meter X Configured as None)





POWERWALL 3 SYSTEM DESIGN GUIDANCE

Figure 15. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Meter Y Measures Site and Tesla Remote Energy Meter Measures AC-Coupled Solar (Meter X Configured as None)

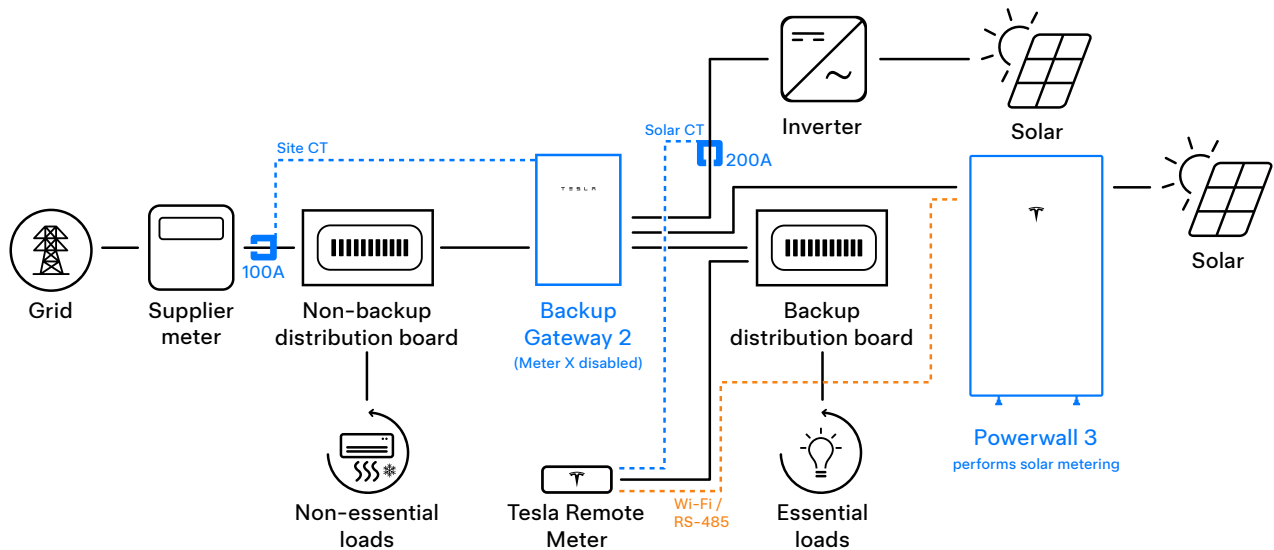
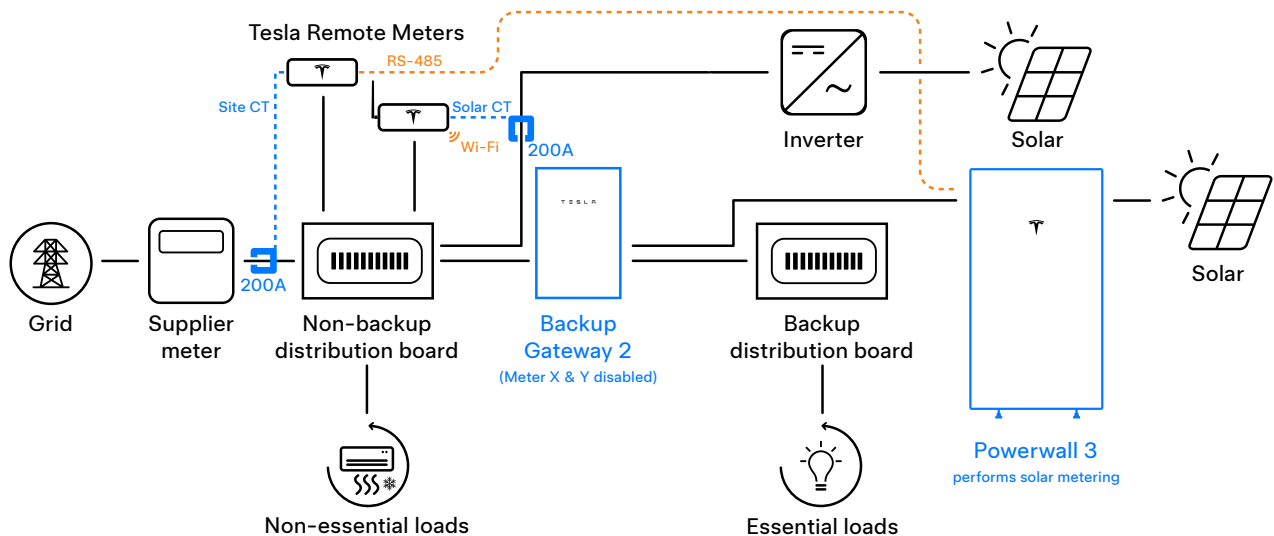


Figure 16. Example Partial Home Backup Metering Diagram: Tesla Remote Energy Meters Measuring Site and AC-Coupled Solar (Meter X and Y Configured as None)



DC-Coupled Solar Metering

Powerwall 3 measures its own solar (i.e., DC-coupled solar). No additional meter needs to be installed or configured for Powerwall 3.



NOTE: Powerwall 3 is not compatible with Neurio remote energy meters.



NOTE: Powerwall 3 has an internal battery meter which will not be called out in this document, as is not installed or configured by the installer.



SITE REQUIREMENTS AND PRE-INSTALLATION GUIDANCE

Ensure Installation Meets All Local Codes and Requirements

Powerwall 3 must be installed with Backup Gateway 2 to enable integration with the electrical grid. Powerwall 3 communicates with Backup Gateway 2 by means of a wired connection; wiring and conduit (where required) must be provided by the installer and installed to comply with local codes.

 **WARNING:** When Powerwall 3 is installed in a dwelling unit, fire detection and protection equipment should be installed in accordance with local building and fire codes.

 **WARNING:** Powerwall is not intended for installation in habitable spaces and living spaces in dwelling units.

 **WARNING:** Install Powerwall in a location that prevents damage from flooding.

 **CAUTION:** When installing Powerwall in a garage or near vehicles, keep it out of the driving path. If possible, install Powerwall on a side wall and/or above the height of vehicle bumpers.

 **CAUTION:** Ensure that no water sources are above or near Powerwall, including downspouts, sprinklers, or faucets.

 **CAUTION:** Ensure that snow does not accumulate around Powerwall.

 **CAUTION:** Before installing, disconnecting, and/or adjusting current transformers for metering, ensure the circuits being measured are not energized and the system is completely powered down. Failure to de-energize the system may compromise operator and equipment safety.

 **CAUTION:** Tesla does not recommend installing Powerwall and Backup Gateway in direct sunlight.

 **CAUTION:** The Backup Gateway may not be recessed into a wall or cavity.

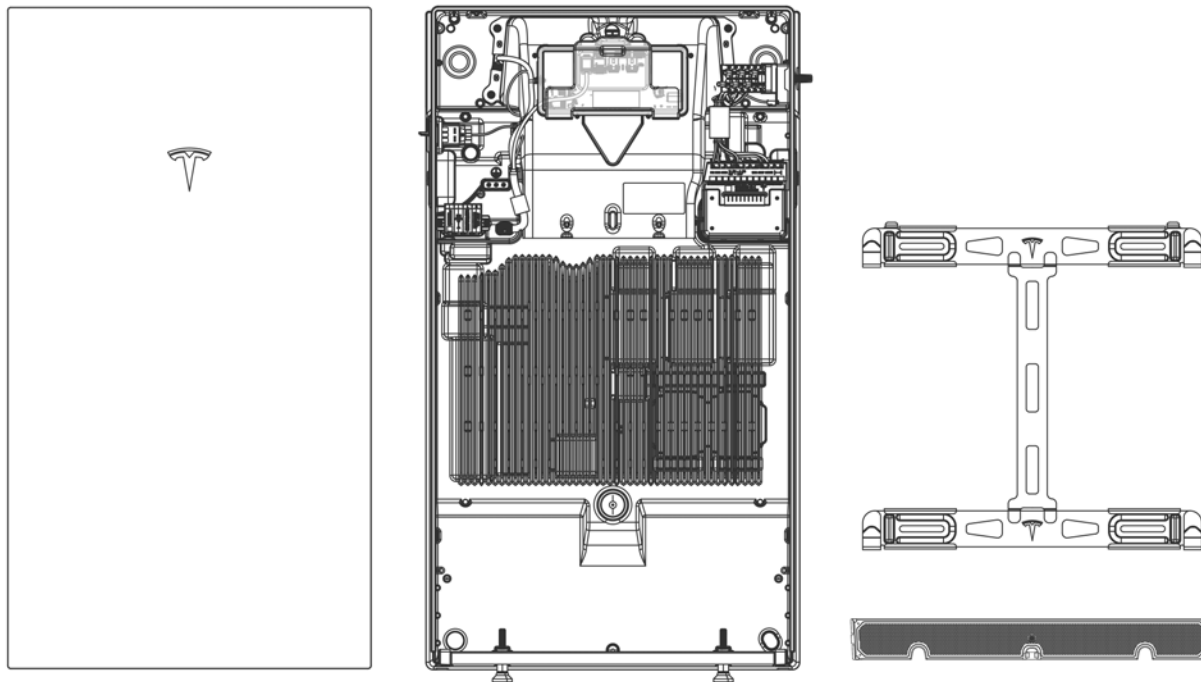
 **NOTE:** Powerwall 3 systems must have a grid connection. Fully off-grid systems are not supported.

 **NOTE:** All installations must conform to the laws, regulations, codes, and standards applicable in the jurisdiction of installation.



PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

In the Powerwall 3 Box



- Glass front cover
- Powerwall 3
- Wall mounting bracket
- Air intake screen

In the Powerwall 3 Accessory Bag

Powerwall 3 Accessory Bag: Tesla P/N 1857363-30-x

- (8) fasteners for mounting the Powerwall 3 front cover (Tesla P/N 1847553-00-A)



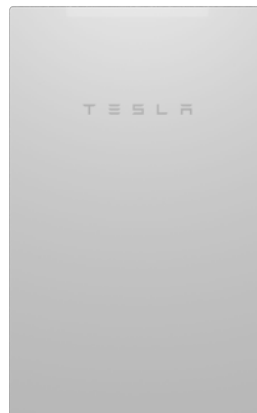
NOTE: Early revisions of the front cover fasteners are single use; see [STEP 12: Install Powerwall 3 Front Cover on page 109](#) for instructions to remove the black gasket from these fasteners to reuse them. Only (6) fasteners are required, with (2) extra fasteners included in the accessory bag.

- (7) PV wiring forked terminals
- (1) small square clamp-on ferrite core with cable tie for the Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) low voltage harness
- (2) medium clamp-on ferrite cores with cable ties for the AC conductors
- (2) medium *marked* (with pink sticker) clamp-on ferrite cores with cable ties for the AC conductors
- (1) small clamp-on ferrite core with cable tie for the Protective Earth



PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

In the Backup Gateway 2 Box



In the Backup Gateway 2 Accessory Bag

- (1) Adhesive circuit label
- (1) CT extension cable harness (3 m)
- (3) M6 rubber bonded stainless steel washers
- (5) 8 mm backplate nuts
- (1) M25 communication gland and insert
- (1) Solar CT (100 A, split-core)
- (1) Powerwall 2 Owner's Manual (can be recycled when Backup Gateway 2 is installed with Powerwall 3; the Powerwall 3 owner's manual is available to the customer via their Tesla mobile app)



PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

Powerwall 3 Service Parts, Orderable Parts, and Accessories

 **NOTE:** Some of the parts and kits listed below may not be orderable by Channel Partners; for a list of parts and kits that can be ordered by Channel Partners, please see the *Powerwall Pricing Guide* on Partner Portal.

 **NOTE:** In the part numbers listed below, -xx-y are placeholder values.

Tesla Part Number	Name	Description
1856187-xx-y	Powerwall Dolly	Custom-designed dolly for lifting and transporting Powerwall
1738120-xx-y	Powerwall 3 Mounting Bracket	(1) Additional Powerwall Wall Mounting Bracket (1 bracket is included with every Powerwall) Only needed if original mounting bracket is lost or damaged
1857363-30-A	Powerwall 3 Accessory Bag	Additional Powerwall 3 accessory bag (1 accessory bag is included with every Powerwall)
2163703-xx-y*	Tesla Grid Utility Ancillary Controller (GUAC) interface device	Interface device for installations requiring DRMO functionality per AS/NZS 4777.2; includes custom wire harness to connect GUAC interface device to Backup Gateway 2 and Powerwall 3 (see STEP 5: Connect Powerwall 3 to Backup Gateway on page 64 for more information)
1763418-01-y	Powerwall 3 Front Cover Assembly	Service replacement glass front cover and (8) fasteners for Powerwall 3
1899124-xx-y	Powerwall 3 On/Off Switch Cover	Service replacement Powerwall 3 On/Off switch cover
1893723-xx-y	Powerwall 3 Expansion Port Cover	Service replacement Powerwall 3 expansion port cover
1808482-xx-y	Powerwall 3 Foot	Service replacement Powerwall 3 leveling foot (quantity 1)
1775504-xx-y	Powerwall 3 Air Intake Screen	Service replacement Powerwall 3 air intake screen
1857363-02-y	Front Cover Fasteners for Powerwall 3	Additional (8) M6x17 fasteners for securing the Powerwall 3 glass front cover

*The Tesla Grid Utility Ancillary Controller (GUAC) interface device was previously listed under the Tesla part number 2153635-xx-y.



PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

Required Tools

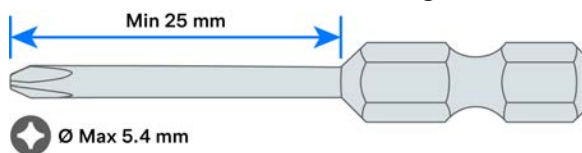
General Tools

- Personal protective equipment (safety glasses, gloves, protective footwear)
- Installation tools (level, stud sensor, tape measure, pencil, painter's tape, flashlight)
- Smart phone with Tesla One app for performing device setup and documenting the installation
- Drill and drill bit for drilling pilot holes in mounting surface
- Torque wrench / screwdriver with T20 and T40 Torx bits
- Wire strippers/cutters for 0.2 mm² to 120 mm² wires
- Up to 3 mm electronics tip slotted screwdriver for AC and communication wiring spring terminals
- RJ45 crimper
- Ethernet cable tester

Powerwall 3 Installation Tools

- Powerwall dolly (preferred, Tesla P/N 1856187-xx-y) OR lift equipment capable of lifting and supporting 287 lb (130 kg)
- ¾-inch hex nut or 19 mm drill socket (if using Powerwall dolly)
- Ratcheting strap to secure Powerwall 3 to lift equipment (if not using Powerwall dolly)
- Ratcheting die crimping tool for crimping forked terminals onto PV wiring; Tesla recommends any of the following or equivalent:
 - TE Connectivity P/N 58433-3
 - TE Connectivity P/N 59824-1

- Phillips #2 (reduced diameter PR2 or PH2R) screwdriver with minimum 25 mm shaft length and maximum 5.4 mm tool diameter for the PV wiring terminals



- Multimeter and Loop Impedance Tester

WARNING: Powerwall 3 is heavy. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (such as gloves and protective footwear) when handling the unit. Only a sufficient number of trained movers should lift Powerwall 3. Use of lift equipment is recommended.

Powerwall 3 Expansion Installation Tools

- T40 Torx bit

Backup Gateway Installation Tools

- Small bit for drilling pilot holes in Backup Gateway mounting surface
- Hole saws for drilling cable access holes in Backup Gateway (M12, M20, M25, M32, M40, M50)
- Torque wrench with 3 mm Allen bit (for Backup Gateway power connections)



PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

Required Supplies

- Powerwall 3 Mounting bracket hardware (see [Appendix A: Powerwall 3 Anchoring Details on page 114](#))
- Backup Gateway 2 mounting hardware
- External Load Break switch that may be employed with the Powerwall; must conform to AS/NZS 4777.1 and AS 3000
- Minimum 300 V rated, 70°C rated, copper (Cu) wire, 6 mm² to 25 mm², for AC wiring (see [Powerwall 3 AC and PV Wiring on page 119](#) for details).
- Minimum 600 V rated, 75°C rated, copper (Cu) wire, 4 mm² to 6 mm², for PV wiring (see [Powerwall 3 AC and PV Wiring on page 119](#) for details).



NOTE: AC and PV wiring conductors must be made of solid wire, stranded wire or fine stranded wire. Forked terminals are required for fine stranded wire. The wires must be compliant with local regulations.

- Insulated forked terminals for PV wiring; (7) forked terminals are included in the Powerwall 3 accessory bag. If using other forked terminals, Tesla recommends the following or equivalent:
 - TE Connectivity P/N 165015 (4 - 6 mm² wire size)
 - Vogt P/N 3654c / 3655c (4 - 6 mm² wire size)



NOTE: Follow the manufacturer's guideline to properly crimp the forked terminals.

- Minimum 300 V rated (or equivalent) 4-conductor shielded copper (Cu) communication cable with at least one twisted pair



NOTE: This cable is used for communication connection between Powerwall and the Backup Gateway; the twisted pair is required for the CN+ and CN- communication conductors (see [STEP 5: Connect Powerwall 3 to Backup Gateway on page 64](#) for details).

- RJ45 connectors for Ethernet wiring
- Minimum IP65 cable glands or conduit connectors of the following sizes:
 - M20
 - M25
 - M32
 - M40
- 63 A overcurrent protection device (breaker) for the Powerwall 3 circuit

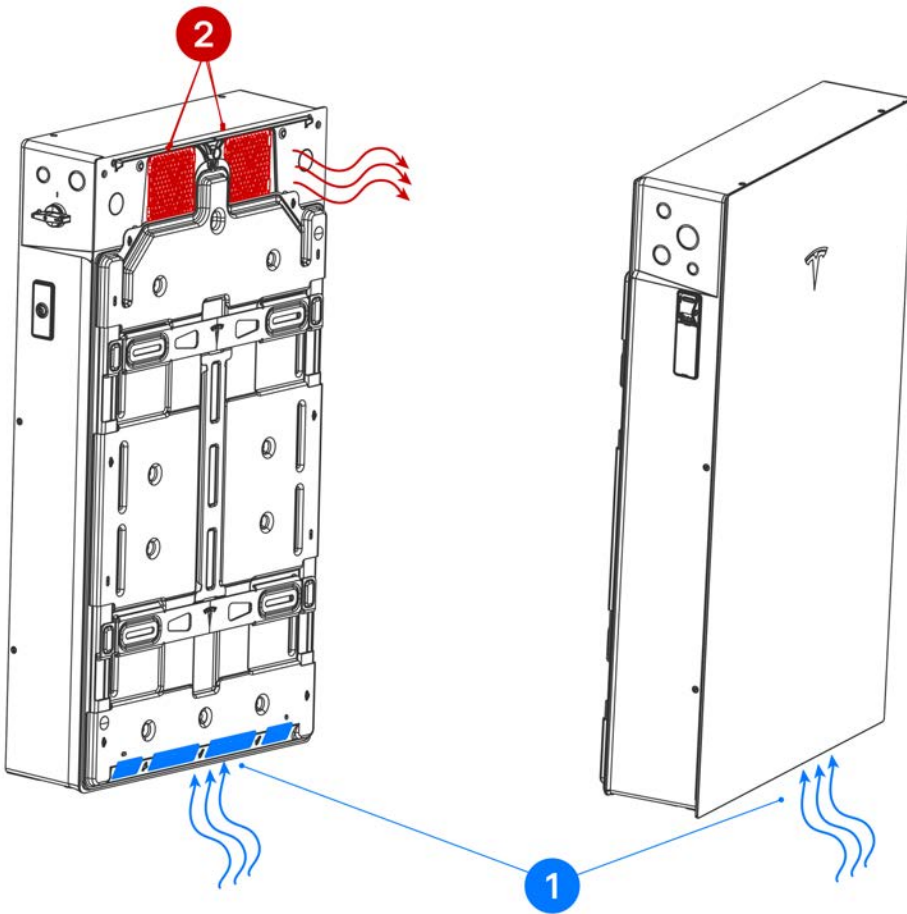


STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

Choose a Location that Meets Powerwall 3 Clearance Requirements

Powerwall 3 requires adequate clearance for installation, cabling, and airflow. The spacing on either side of units and between units is required to ensure there is sufficient clearance for venting and thermal management features. Do not install anything inside the required clearance above Powerwall 3, or anything that might fall and damage the unit. Do not mount Powerwall 3 horizontally or upside down.

Figure 17. Powerwall 3 Air Intake Vents (1) and Exhaust Vents (2)

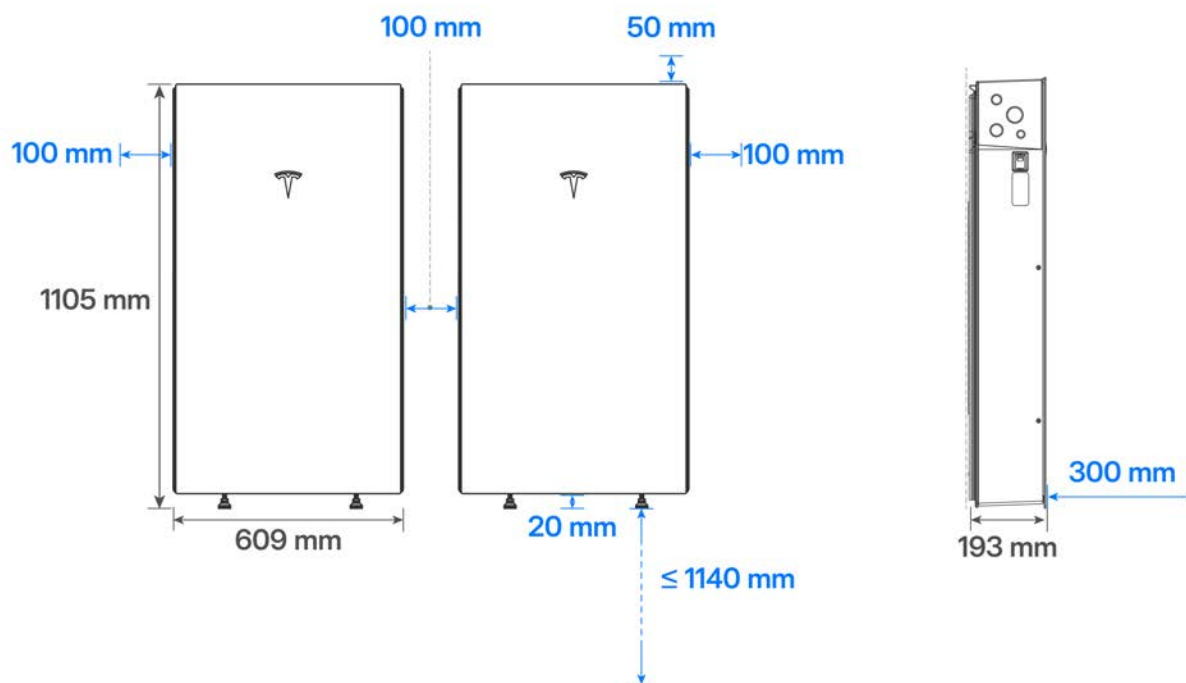


CAUTION: In addition to meeting all clearance requirements, ensure Powerwall 3 is installed on a flat surface that is clear of obstructions or protrusions that could damage Powerwall or inhibit airflow. The air vents on the rear and lower front of the unit must remain free from obstructions and accumulation of debris (like foliage or dust).



STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

Figure 18. Powerwall 3 Minimum Mounting Clearances



Minimum clearance from left side	100 mm
Minimum clearance from right side	100 mm
Minimum clearance above Powerwall	50 mm
Minimum clearance below Powerwall	20 mm
Minimum clearance between side-by-side Powerwalls	100 mm ¹
Minimum clearance in front of Powerwall	300 mm ²
Maximum height above ground	1140 mm to bottom of unit feet ^{3,4}
Maximum slope	+/- 2° side-to-side

¹Tesla recommends a minimum of 150 mm between side-by-side units to allow for adequate space for wiring and On/Off switch access.

²This minimum clearance must be maintained at all times, as it ensures adequate airflow for Powerwall 3. Please note that more space may be required depending on local code and/or site conditions.

³See [STEP 3: Wall-Mount Powerwall 3 Using Wall Bracket on page 52](#) for the mounting bracket height if the Powerwall 3 On/Off switch must be less than 2 m above the floor.

⁴Reference [Powerwall 3 Center of Mass on page 117](#) when mounting Powerwall 3 above ground or in a stacked configuration with Expansion.

 **NOTE:** Powerwall 3 has a fan that produces a gentle hum during operation, comparable to a typical refrigerator. The noise level depends on the ambient temperature and the power level of operation. Consider this noise level when choosing where to install Powerwall 3.



STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

Plan Powerwall 3 Mounting Configuration

Choose a Wall Capable of Supporting Powerwall 3

Choose a wall capable of supporting the full weight of Powerwall 3. Walls with the following characteristics are acceptable:

- Wood structural members at regular intervals
- Solid concrete, CMU, or select brick masonry

Other wall types are also acceptable depending on mounting configuration; see [Anchoring Details for Ground- or Wall-mounting Powerwall 3 with Wall Bracket on Existing Approved Foundation on page 114](#) for all acceptable wall types when mounting Powerwall 3 on the mounting bracket.

If ground-mounting Powerwall, choose a level surface adjacent to a wall space that meets the above requirements. Ensure the bearing surface is structurally sound and flat, and supports both Powerwall feet.



STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

Plan Cable Length Between Components

Follow the table below for maximum distances between system components. Wire gauge must meet local codes and in some circumstances wire gauge requirements change based on distance. Refer to [Appendix B on page 119](#) for wire gauge requirements.

	Maximum Cable Length
CAN communication wiring between Backup Gateway 2 and Leader Powerwall 3	45 m for 1.5 mm ² wire
	35 m for 1 mm ² wire
Expansion Harness Length	See Expansion Harness on page 148
Wired Ethernet connection between any two devices*	100 m per Ethernet standard
Total PV circuit distance**	160 m

*This measurement refers to the distance between Powerwall 3 and the customer's internet router, or between two Powerwall 3 units.

**Ensure that total DC circuit distance, from + MPPT terminal to - MPPT terminal (including module wire leads, jumper wires and all wiring within the array boundary for any individual string), does not exceed 160 m for single strings

- Total DC circuit distance refers to the entire round trip wire distance, from Powerwall 3 to the roof, then back to Powerwall 3



CAUTION: Failure to follow minimum cable size and length requirements may result in intermittent or unreliable operation of the Powerwall system. In systems that do not meet these minimum requirements, performance issues may arise even after successful commissioning.

Maximum Tesla 100 A CT Extension



NOTE: The Tesla 100 A CTs are installed with Backup Gateway 2.

Tesla 100 A CTs (Remote Metering)	Maximum Extension Length
Using Tesla 100 A CT Extension 3 m (Tesla P/N 1467274-00-x)	Up to 3.8 m
Using 0.5 mm ² or larger twisted pair conductors	Up to 100 m

Maximum Tesla 200 A CT Extension



NOTE: The Tesla 200 A CTs are installed with Tesla Remote Energy Meter. See [Install the Tesla Remote Energy Meter and CTs on page 92](#) for additional distances to measure when installing Tesla Remote Meter.

Tesla 200 A CTs (Remote Metering)	Maximum Extension Length
Using up to (2) Tesla 200 A CT Extension 3.5 m (Tesla P/N 2060713-00-x)	Up to 8.5 m



STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

Choose Powerwall Cable Entry

Determine whether cables will be routed into Powerwall from either side or the back of the unit. A conduit fitting or cable gland must be used to seal the entry into the wiring compartment.

**CAUTION:** If expanding the Powerwall 3 knockouts, use a knockout punch set. Do not drill into the Powerwall 3 enclosure or alter the metal surface in any way that may result in metal shavings falling into the enclosure.

Figure 19. Powerwall 3 Knockout Locations

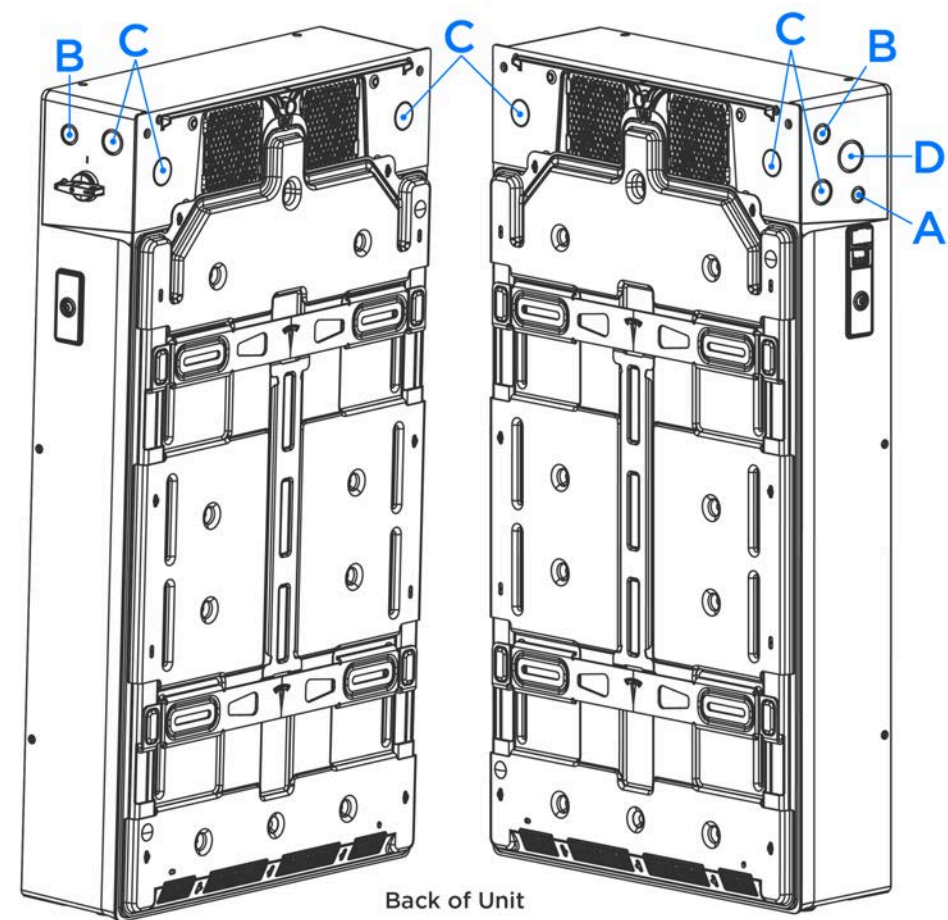


Table 1. Enclosure Knockout Sizes

Knockout	Conduit Size
A	M20 ¹
B	M25 ¹
C	M32
D	M40

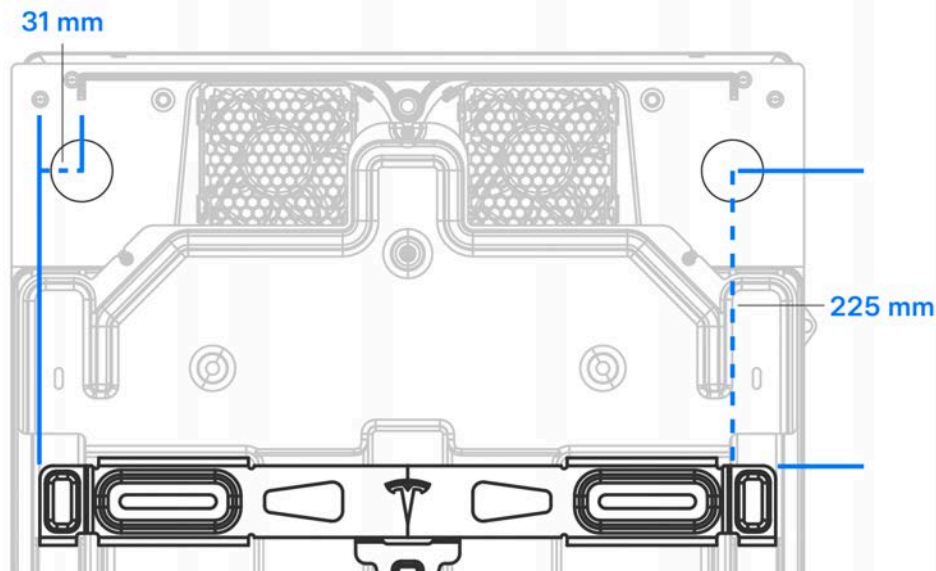
¹Knockout sizes A and B can be expanded to M32 size knockouts.



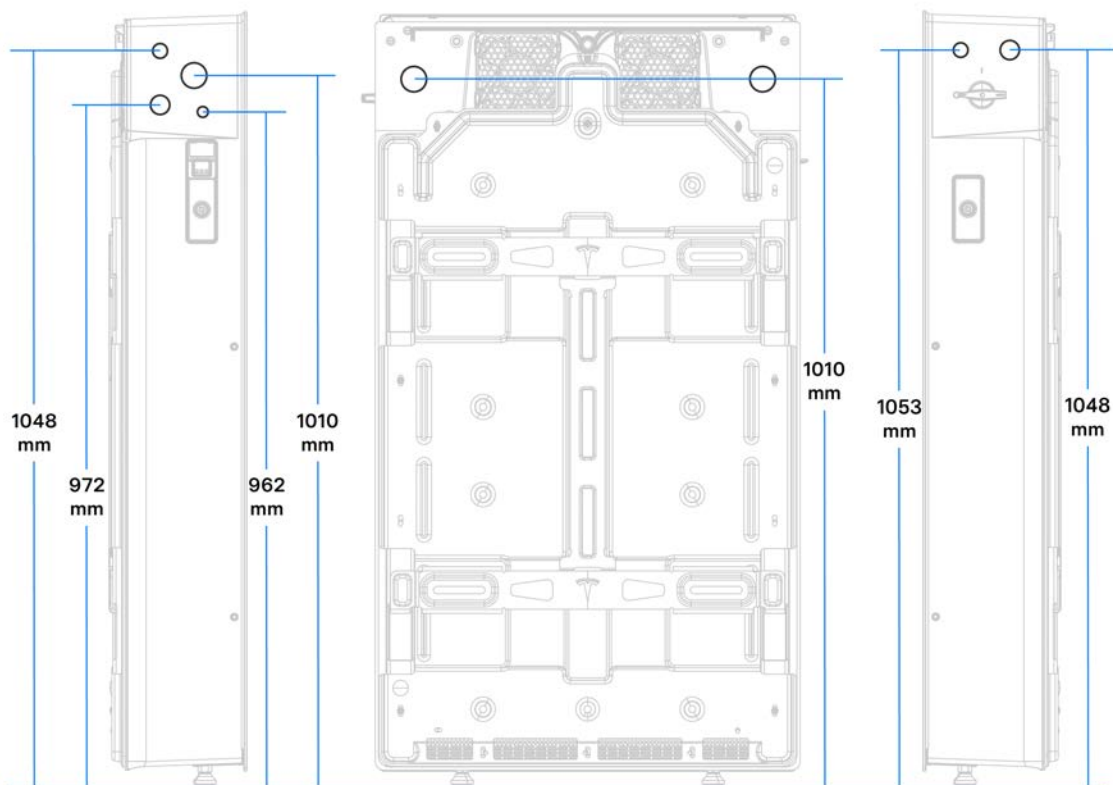
STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

The following diagrams provide measurements for:

- Positioning conduit entry holes relative to the Powerwall 3 bracket (the measurements are the same for both knockouts)



- Positioning conduit entry holes relative to the floor (if mounting Powerwall 3 with its feet at the lowest height setting and touching the floor)

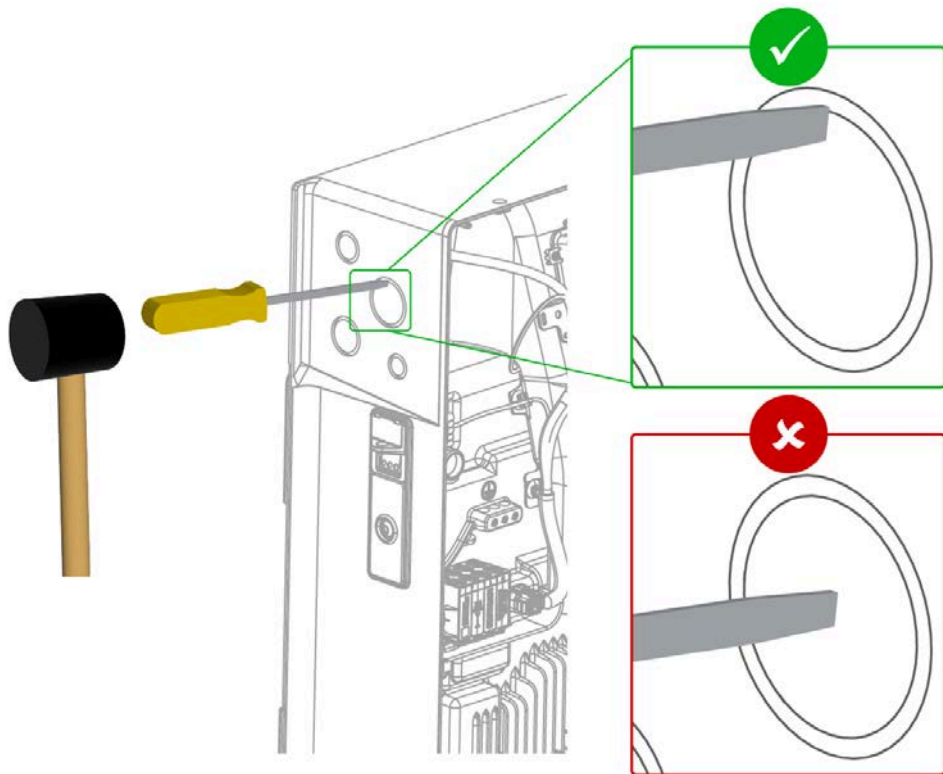




STEP 1: PLAN THE INSTALLATION SITE

To open a knockout, position the tip of a slotted screwdriver on the inner perimeter of the knockout (on the outside of the enclosure). Hammer the screwdriver to punch out the metal knockout; one well-placed strike is generally sufficient to dislodge the knockout.

 **NOTE:** Placing the screwdriver on the inner perimeter of the knockout rather than the middle allows for the knockout to be opened with significantly less force.



Plan Amount and Size of Conduit or Raceway

Calculate the amount and size of conduit or raceway needed for the installation, based on fill limits and local code requirements. An adapter may be required between the entry into the Powerwall wiring compartment and the conduit.



STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY

WARNING: Do not move Powerwall 3 in its packaging while the packaging is standing upright. In this position, the Powerwall 3 unit can shift within the packaging, which may result in Powerwall 3 falling over.

1. Open the Powerwall packaging:
 - a. Carefully remove the box containing the glass Powerwall front cover and set it aside on an even surface.



CAUTION: Handle the glass front cover carefully. Avoid setting the cover on hard, uneven surfaces which could break the glass.

- b. Remove the accessory bag and set it aside.

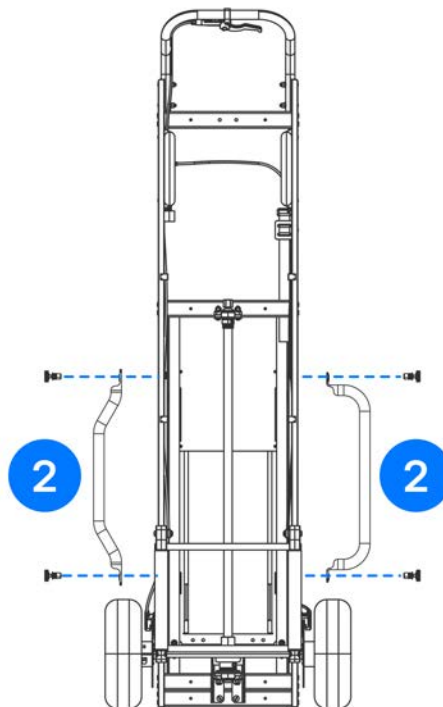
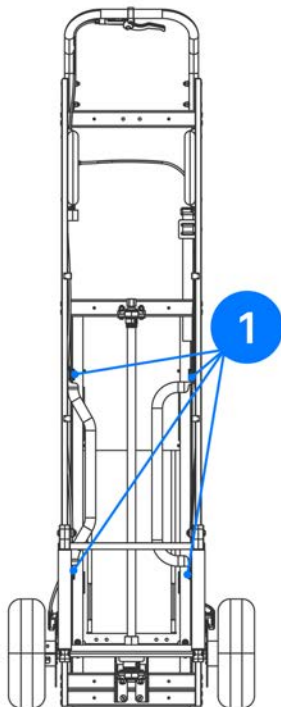


NOTE: Please return the Powerwall 3 packaging to the warehouse that originally shipped the unit(s). See [Powerwall 3 Transportation & Storage Guidelines](#) for instructions.

2. To lift Powerwall 3 using the Powerwall dolly, loosen the (2X) fasteners holding each lift handle in place **(1)**, then detach the handles **(2)**.



NOTE: Refer to the [Powerwall Dolly User Manual](#) for instructions on mounting Powerwall 3 using the Powerwall dolly.



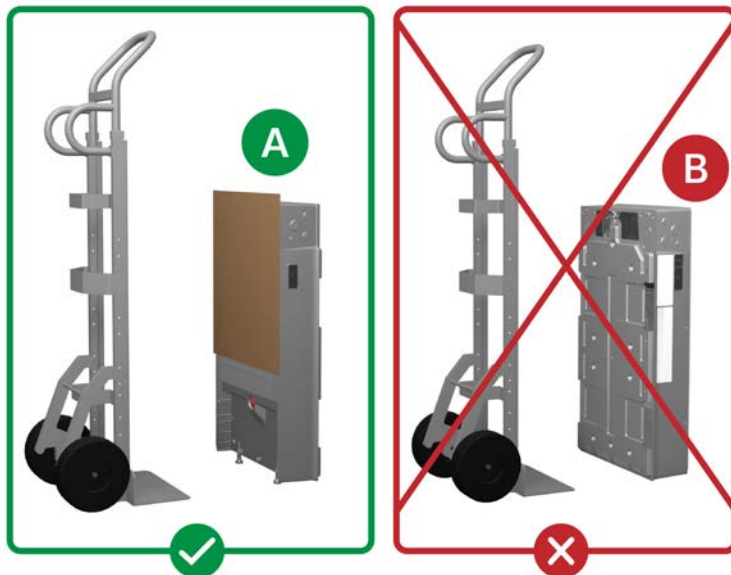


STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY



CAUTION: The Powerwall dolly is the recommended tool for transporting Powerwall 3. If using another dolly:

- Ensure Powerwall 3 is facing toward the dolly and the front of the unit is protected by a piece of cardboard (for instance the cardboard box the bracket ships in) or a similar material. Use a strap to secure Powerwall to the dolly.
- Do not position Powerwall so that it faces away from the dolly.



- With Powerwall 3 still in the packaging, place the two lift handles on the Powerwall and tighten the (2X) fasteners on each handle to hold them in place **(1)**. Note that upper handle is the larger, more rounded handle, and the lower handle is the smaller, more angular handle, and they attach to existing threaded mounting points. Perform a pull test to confirm the handles are secure before proceeding.



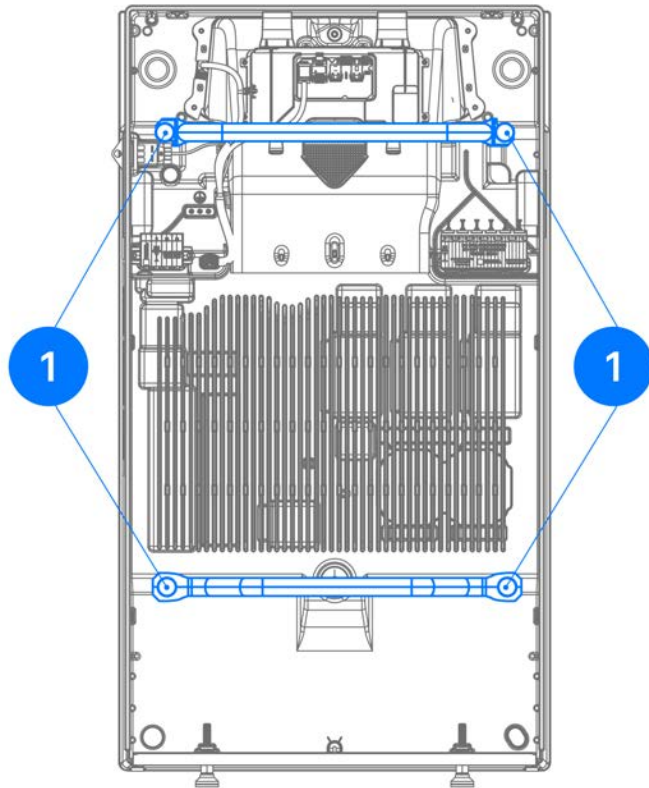
WARNING: Do not use the handles to manually lift Powerwall 3. These handles are designed to interface with the dolly; they are not designed to be load bearing, and attempting to lift Powerwall 3 with them could result in dropping and damaging the unit.



NOTE: Powerwall dolly with Tesla P/N 1856187-xx-**G** or greater has updated handles with T40 fasteners to facilitate easier installation of Powerwall 3; these handles can be tightened using a T40 driver.



STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY

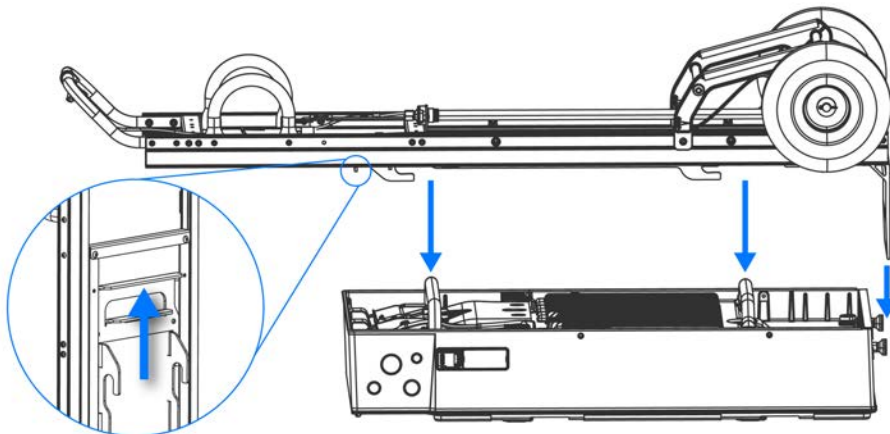


4. Confirm the leveling feet are screwed all the way in to the Powerwall.



CAUTION: The leveling feet must remain installed on Powerwall 3, regardless of whether it is wall-mounted. The leveling feet ensure the required clearance is maintained between Powerwall 3 and any surface below it.

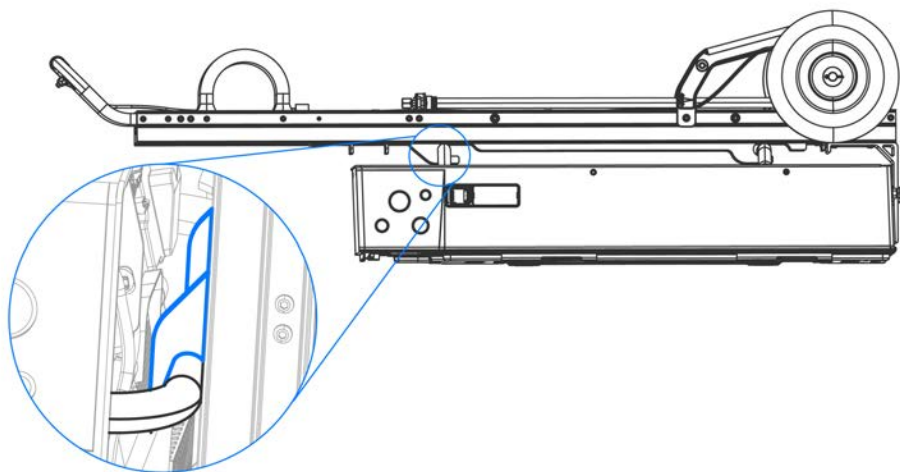
5. Engage the Powerwall dolly with the lift handles:
- Lift the Powerwall dolly, with one person holding either end.
 - Raise the lifting attachment and lower the Powerwall dolly, inserting the lifting plate between the Powerwall 3 feet as it is lowered, and lowering the lifting attachment so that it engages the handles.



CAUTION: Confirm the handles are fully engaged with the dolly before proceeding.



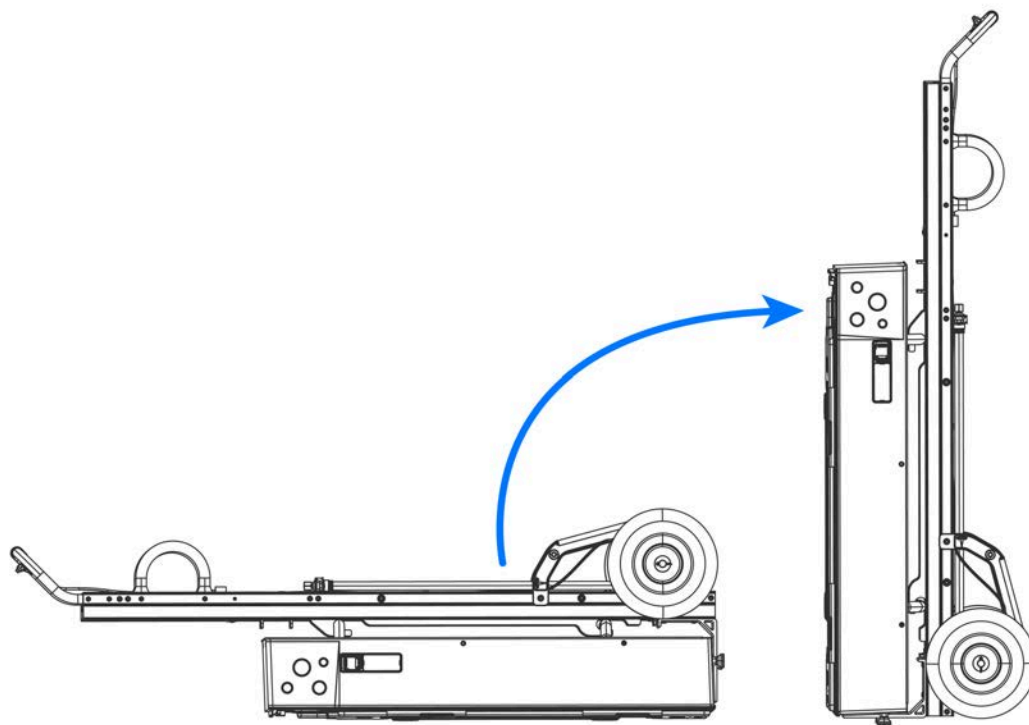
STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY



6. Place one foot on the Powerwall packaging as a pivot point, then lift Powerwall and the dolly to a standing position.



CAUTION: Powerwall 3 must be in its packaging when lifting it in this manner; the packaging ensures the corners of the enclosure are protected.



7. Remove the packaging and set it aside.
8. Position Powerwall at the mounting wall.



WARNING: Use extreme caution if using the dolly on uneven terrain, such as grass, mud, or loose gravel, or if using on a steep incline.



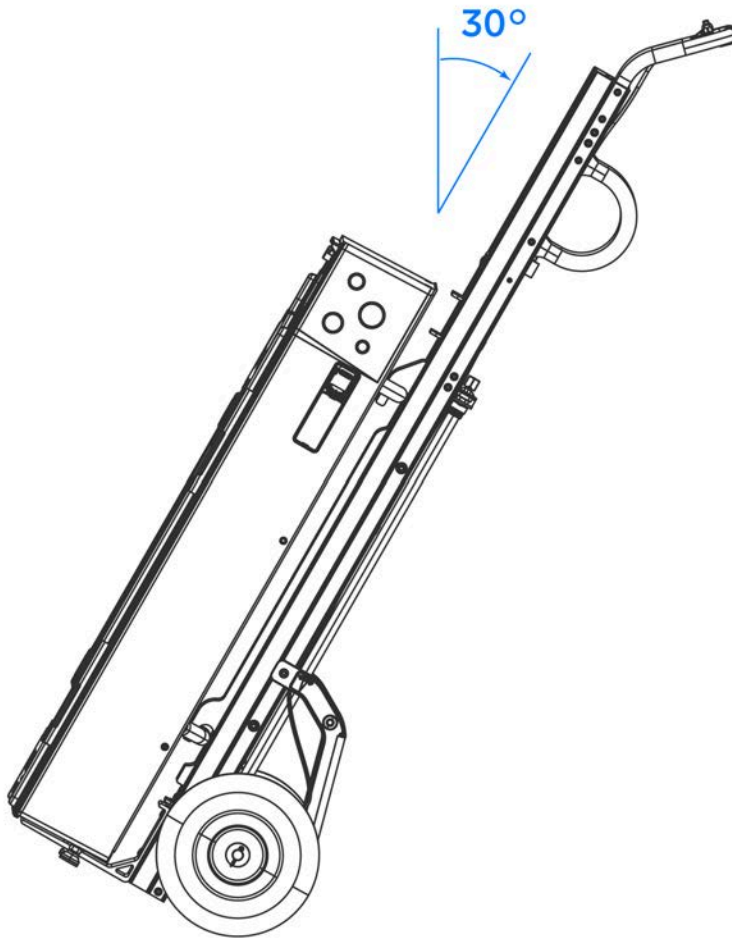
CAUTION: Always lower the lifting plate to its lowest position before moving the dolly with Powerwall 3 attached.

9. To raise or lower Powerwall 3:



STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY

- a. Tilt the dolly back 30 degrees to avoid Powerwall tilting forward or catching the wall bracket.



- b. Place a $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch hex nut or 19 mm drill socket on the dolly lifting screw.
- c. Connect a drill to the hex nut or drill socket, then secure the drill to the side of the dolly using the provided strap.

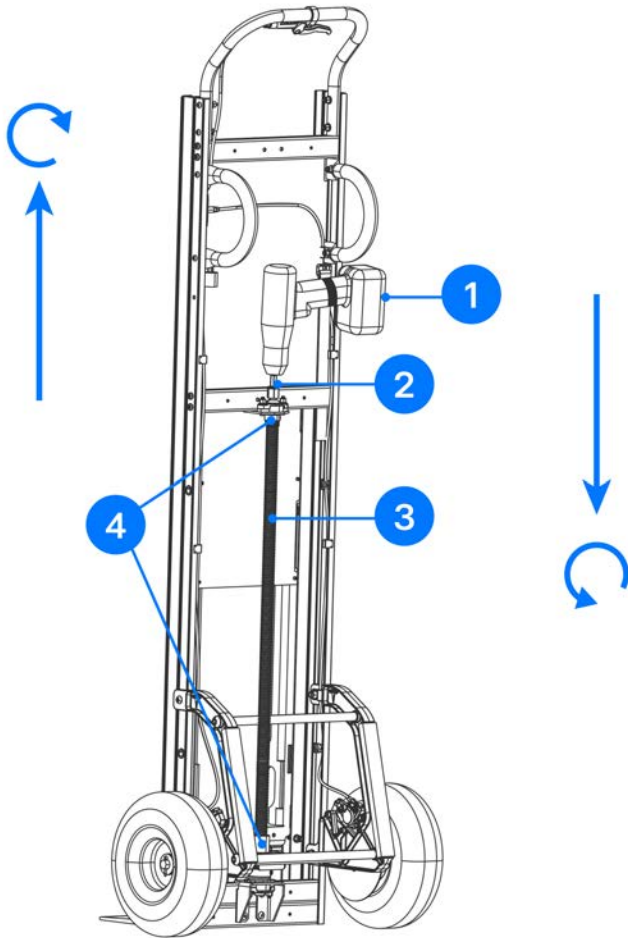


CAUTION: Do not use an impact drill.



STEP 2: REMOVE POWERWALL 3 FROM PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT USING THE POWERWALL DOLLY

- d. Ensure the drill is on the high torque setting (or the slowest setting), then run the drill until Powerwall has been lifted to the desired height. Run the drill in reverse to lower.



1	Drill
2	Drill socket
3	Lifting screw
4	Limiters

CAUTION: Be aware of the limiters on the lifting screw, and do not attempt to drive the screw beyond those limiters.

CAUTION: Only lift Powerwall 3 using the Powerwall dolly or a platform lifting tool.

10. To disengage the dolly from Powerwall 3:
- a. Raise the lifting attachment to disengage the dolly from the handles.
 - b. Move the dolly away from Powerwall 3.
 - c. Using the drill, lower the lifting platform to its lowest position.
 - d. Remove the two lifting handles and reattach them to the dolly.



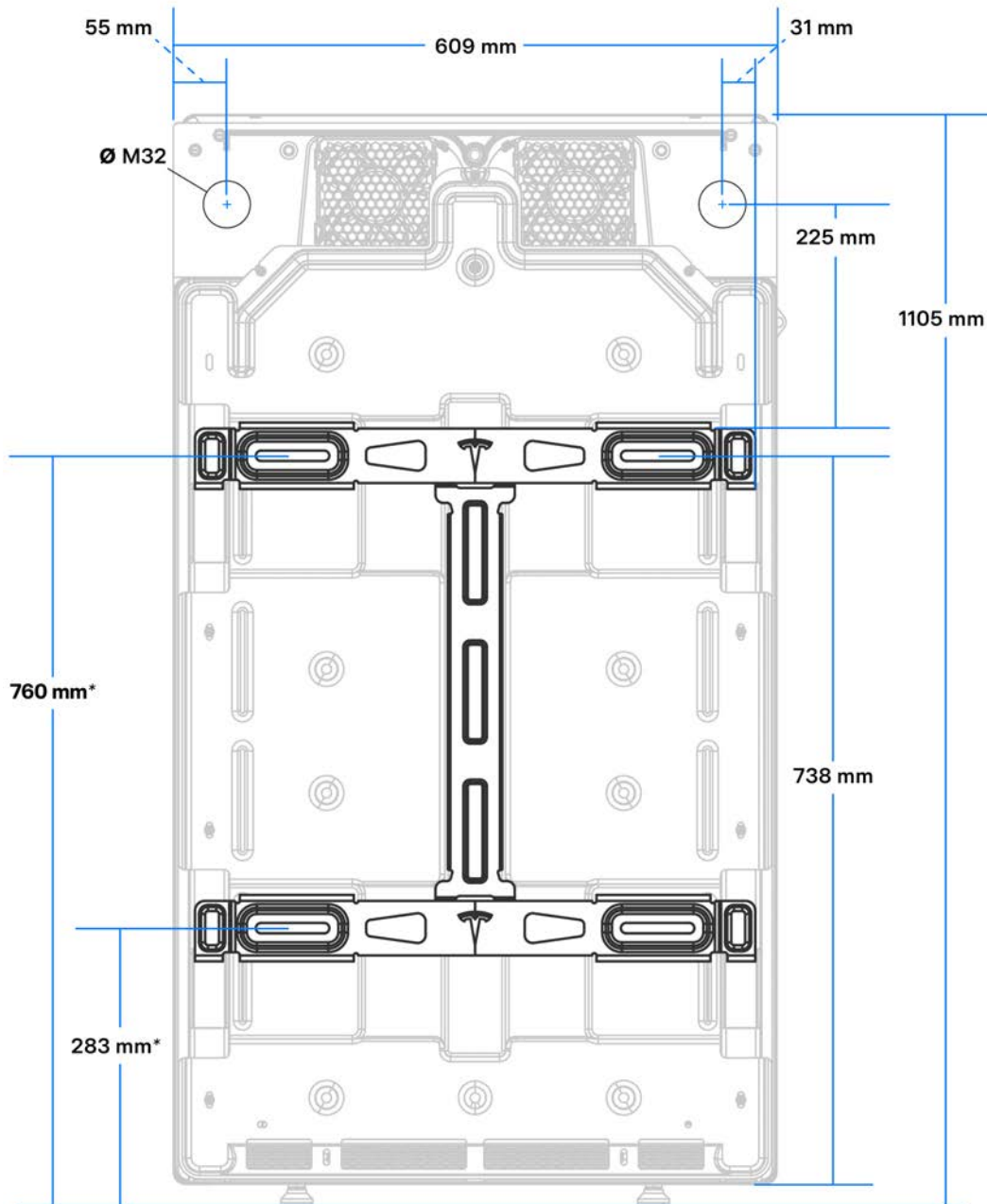
STEP 3: WALL-MOUNT POWERWALL 3 USING WALL BRACKET



WARNING: Powerwall 3 must be mounted using the wall bracket at all times to secure the unit to the supporting structure.

1. Using a drill and level, mount the Powerwall bracket to a wall capable of supporting the full weight of Powerwall 3. See [Anchoring Details for Ground- or Wall-mounting Powerwall 3 with Wall Bracket on Existing Approved Foundation on page 114](#) for additional details on the type and number of fasteners to use.

Figure 20. Bracket Measurements Relative to Powerwall and Floor



*Measurement is to floor. If the Powerwall 3 On/Off switch must be less than 2 m from the floor, mount the bracket such that:

- The distance from the center of the lower bracket segment to the floor is less than 1429 mm

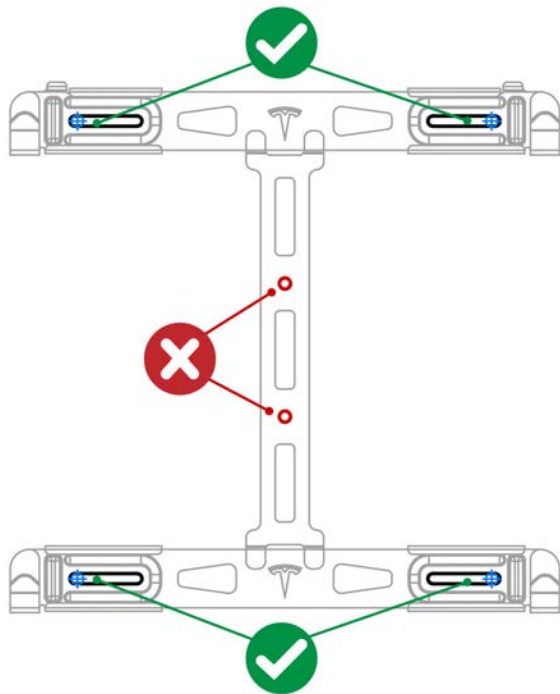


STEP 3: WALL-MOUNT POWERWALL 3 USING WALL BRACKET

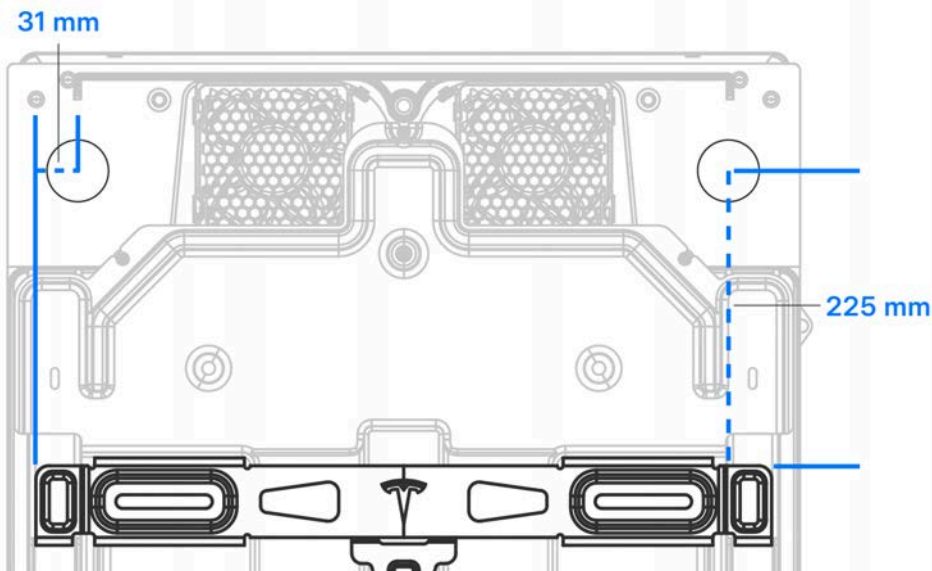
- The distance from the center of the upper bracket segment to the floor is less than 1905 mm



WARNING: Only install fasteners in the (4) slots on the horizontal bracket segments. Do not install fasteners on the vertical (center) segment, as these are not structural mounting holes.



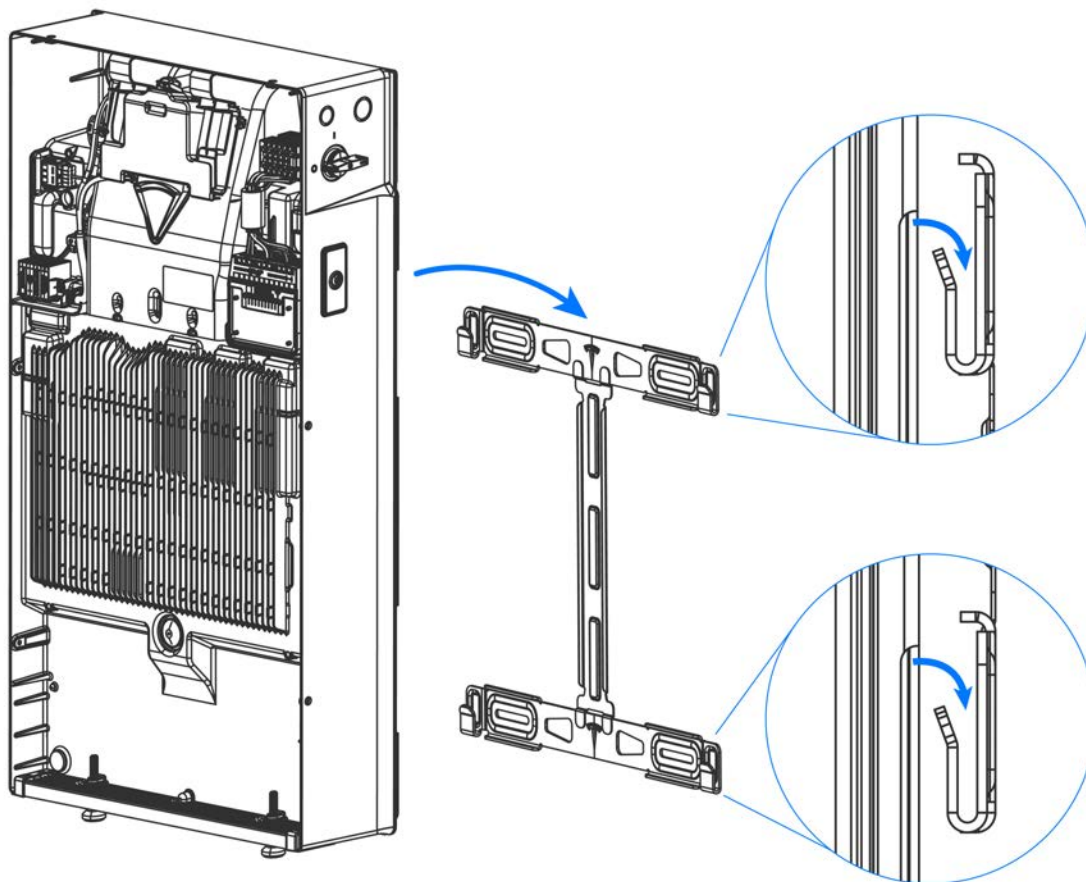
NOTE: The following diagram provides measurements for positioning rear conduit entry holes relative to the Powerwall 3 bracket (the measurements are the same for both knockouts).





STEP 3: WALL-MOUNT POWERWALL 3 USING WALL BRACKET

2. Move the dolly toward the wall, positioning Powerwall so that the mounting cleats are just above the flanges on the bracket.



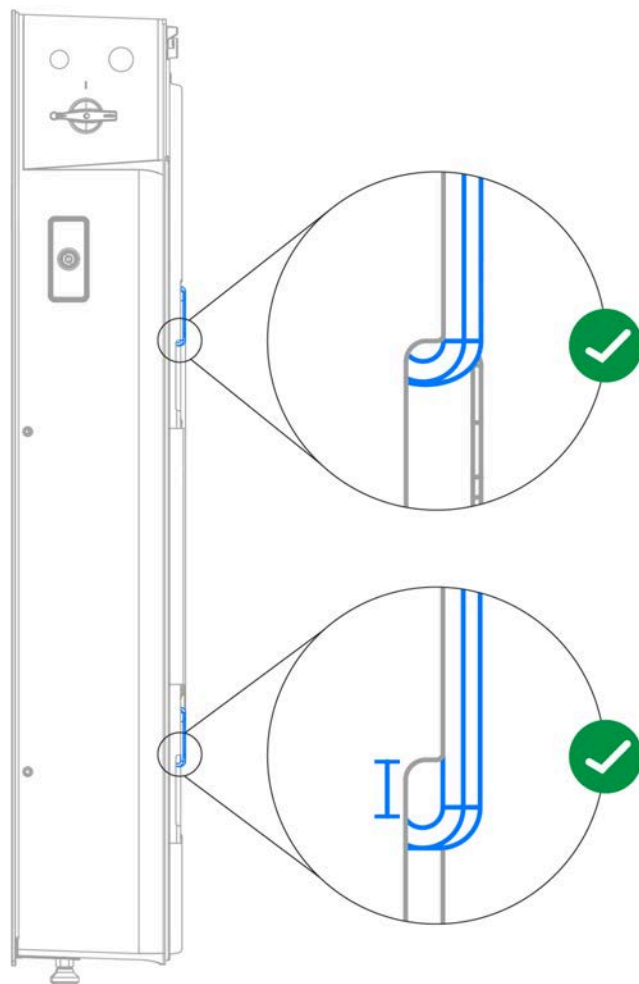
3. Lower Powerwall until:
 - The upper set of cleats is fully seated on the bracket flanges
 - The lower set of cleats is engaging the bracket flanges



STEP 3: WALL-MOUNT POWERWALL 3 USING WALL BRACKET



NOTE: Only the upper set of cleats will be fully seated; the lower cleats will still engage the bracket, but there will be a small gap between the lower cleats and the bottom edge of the bracket.



4. If ground-mounting Powerwall, use a 17 mm wrench to adjust the leveling feet until Powerwall is level. The unit should be level within ± 2 degrees side-to-side and within ± 5 degrees front-to-back.



NOTE: The top of each foot must be visible above the threaded boss; do not unscrew the foot so far that the top is no longer visible.

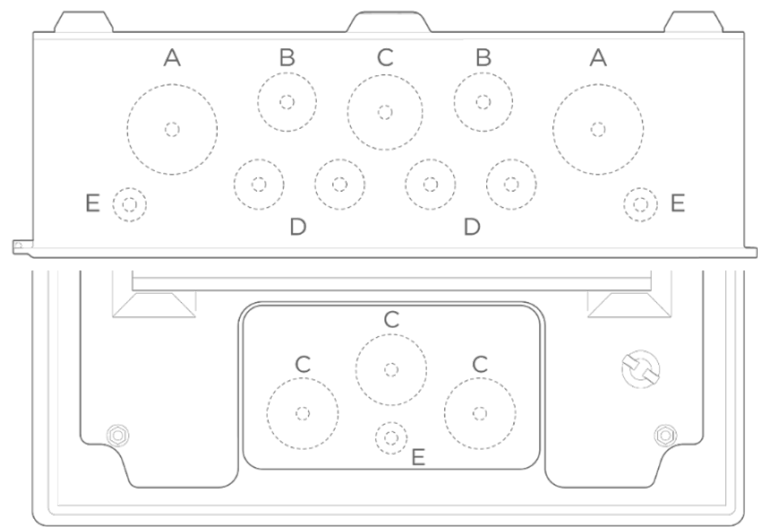


STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

Mount the Backup Gateway

1. Using a hole saw, drill out the necessary cable access holes from the Backup Gateway.

Figure 21. Top / Bottom (above) and Back (below) Cable Access Drill Guides



Drill Guide Diameters	
A	M40, expandable to M50
B	M25
C	M32
D	M20
E	M12



CAUTION: When Backup Gateway is installed outdoors, top cable entry is prohibited as it may result in water ingress.

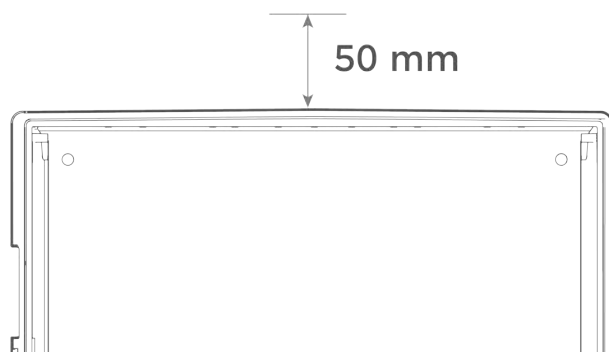


STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

2. Using a drill and level, mount the Backup Gateway enclosure.



NOTE: Leave a minimum clearance of 50 mm above the Backup Gateway.

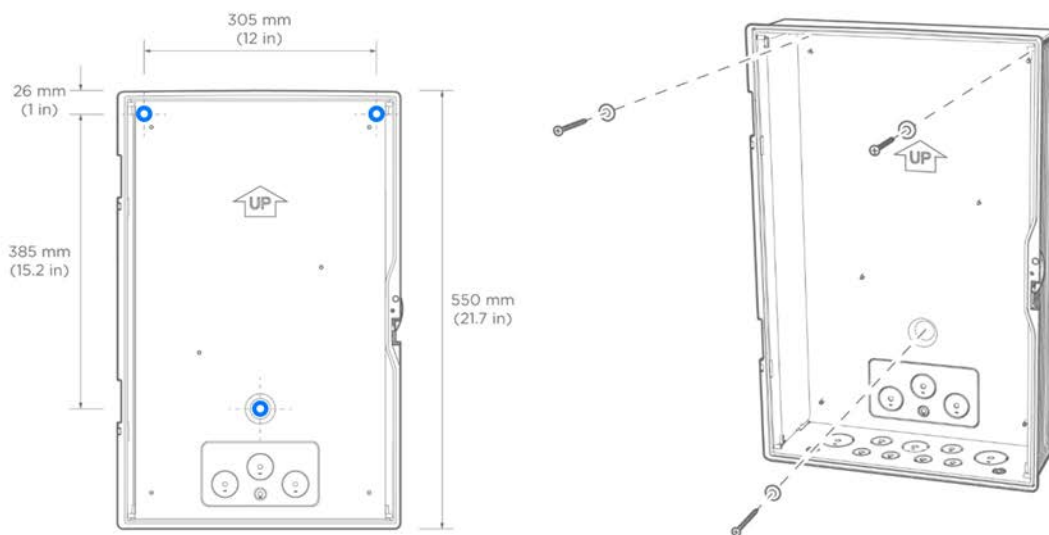


NOTE: The enclosure must be installed in the orientation shown below. Do not mount the Backup Gateway enclosure horizontally or upside down.



CAUTION: To ensure IP55 ingress rating is maintained, the enclosure must only be mounted at these three points.

Figure 22. Backup Gateway Enclosure Mounting Holes



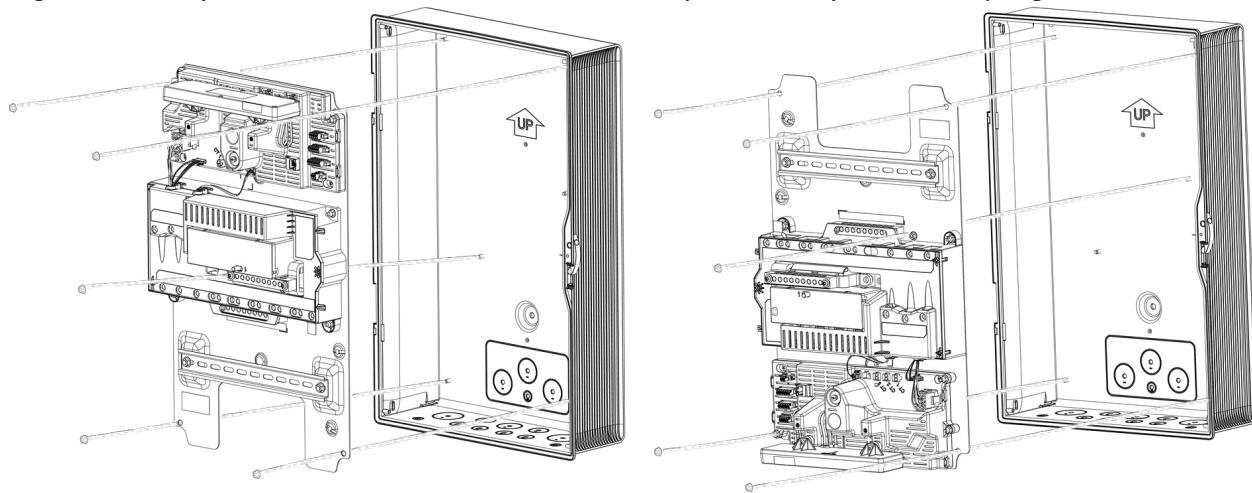
CAUTION: The sealing washers must be installed to guarantee IP55 ingress rating.



STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

3. Install the Backplate Assembly in the enclosure, orienting it for bottom or top cable entry. Attach it to the five (5) studs using the five (5) supplied 8 mm nuts. Use a torque wrench with 8 mm socket to tighten the nuts to 6 Nm.

Figure 23. Backplate Orientation for Bottom Cable Entry (left) or Top Cable Entry (right)



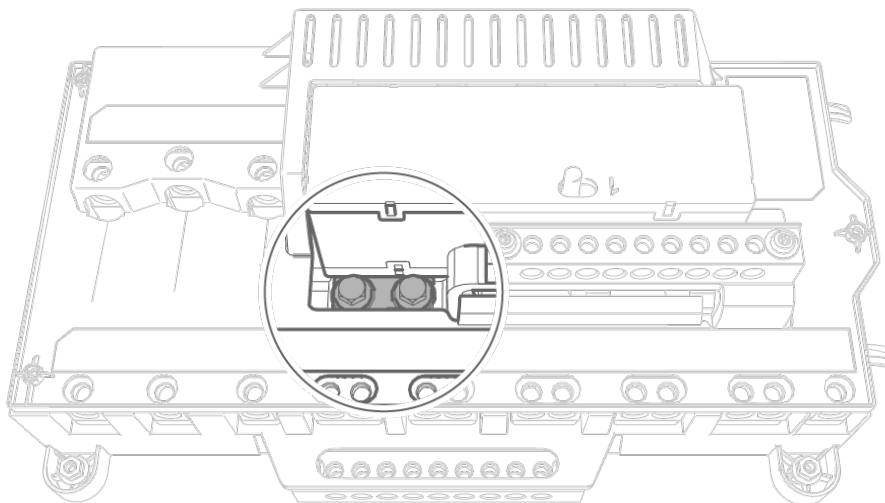
4. Locate the Backup Gateway serial number on the label on the dead front cover. Record the serial number for reference.

Verify Neutral-Earth Bonding Scheme

Proper earth connection and Neutral-to-Physical Earth (N-PE) bonding is required for safe operation of the Powerwall system and for compliance with local code requirements. The correct Neutral-to-Earth bonding scheme must be maintained even when the system is disconnected from the grid.

The neutral conductors must not be broken in Australia and New Zealand on **TN-C-S** networks in off-grid operation. Neutral and Protective Earth (PE) conductors are separated at the main switchboard, and the MEN (Multiple Earthed Neutral) link is maintained at a single point of connection between neutral and protective earth. With the **N-N Jumper Bar** installed, neutral will not be broken during off-grid operation.

Figure 24. Neutral Conductors are not disconnected in Off-Grid Operation with Factory Installed N-N Jumper Bar





STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

 **WARNING:** Incorrect earthing or Neutral-to-Protective Earth (N-PE) bonding presents a risk of electrical shock or damage to equipment. Verify that the system is properly earthed and that the correct Neutral-to-Earth bonding scheme meets regional and local requirements.

Make AC Power Connections to Supply and Load Panels

In each of the following steps:

- Strip the ends of the wires, install wire ferrules, and insert into the corresponding Backup Gateway terminal lugs.
 - Using an M3 Allen bit, tighten the lugs to 4 Nm.
1. Connect the main service conductors to the Backup Gateway Supply terminals according to [Conductor Connections for Single Phase \(left\) and Three-Phase \(right\) on page 60](#).
 2. Connect the home load panel conductors to the Backup Gateway terminals according to the table on the following page.
 3. Depending on the quantity of Non-Backup circuits, a Non-Backup panel will be required. Connect the conductors (Line(s), Neutral, and Protective Earth) from the Non-Backup panel to the Backup Gateway's Non-Backup terminals.

Non-Backup circuits include: 3-phase PV inverters, 3-phase loads, large single-phase loads.
 4. Connect the non-backup panel conductors to the Backup Gateway Non-Backup terminals according to the table on the following page. Any circuits connected here will not be powered when disconnected from the grid. During on-grid operation, these circuits are still metered by the internal site metering with no additional metering hardware required.

 **WARNING:** Installing 3-phase equipment on the backup circuit may result in equipment damage.

 **WARNING:** Always ensure all equipment is safely de-energized and locked out prior to working, to prevent risk of electric shock. To avoid shock hazard, never power on the system without a connection to Earth at the Gateway. The Earth bar and backplate voltage may float when ungrounded. If conducting earth loop impedance testing, ensure the Gateway always has a suitable Earth connection.

 **WARNING:** Incorrect wiring of AC conductors presents a risk of electrical shock or damage to equipment. Before energizing the system, ensure all connections are made correctly according to the instructions in this document and in accordance with local wiring codes and regulations.

 **CAUTION:** To ensure IP55 ingress protection, appropriate fittings and/or cable glands must be used to secure all cables passing into the enclosure.

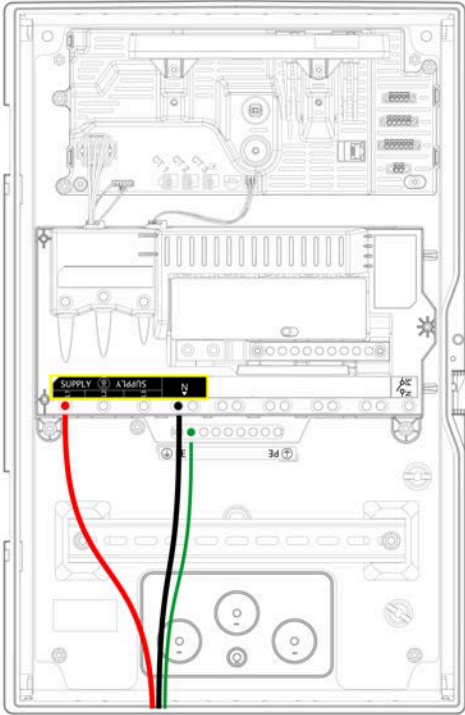
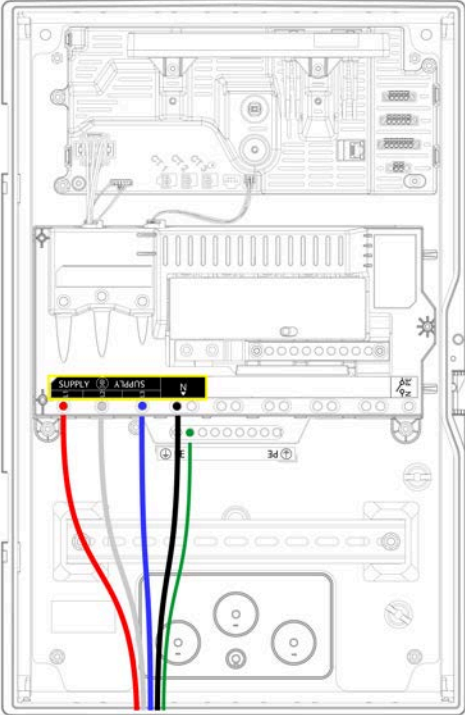
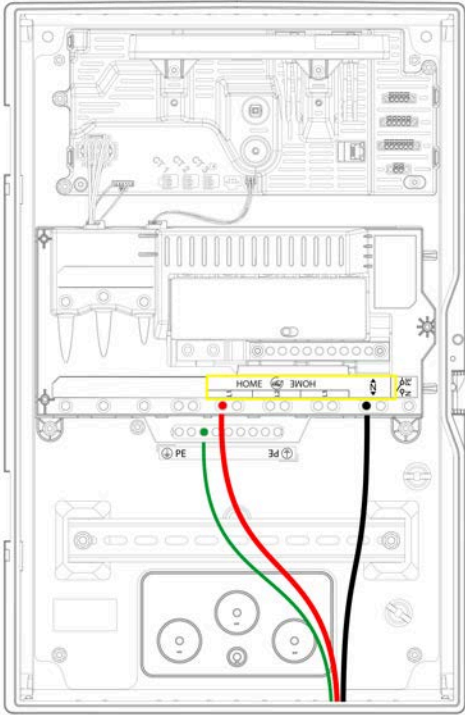
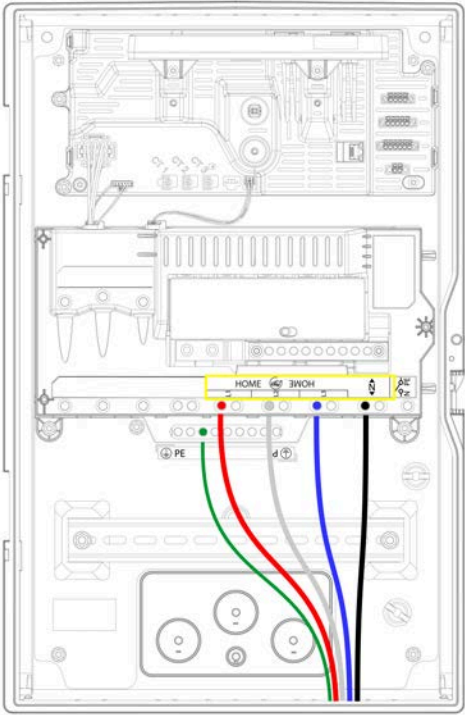
Refer to [Appendix B: Wiring Reference on page 119](#) for all wiring requirements and recommendations, including wire colors and gauges.

Refer to [Appendix C: System Wiring Diagrams on page 130](#) for example system wiring diagrams.



STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

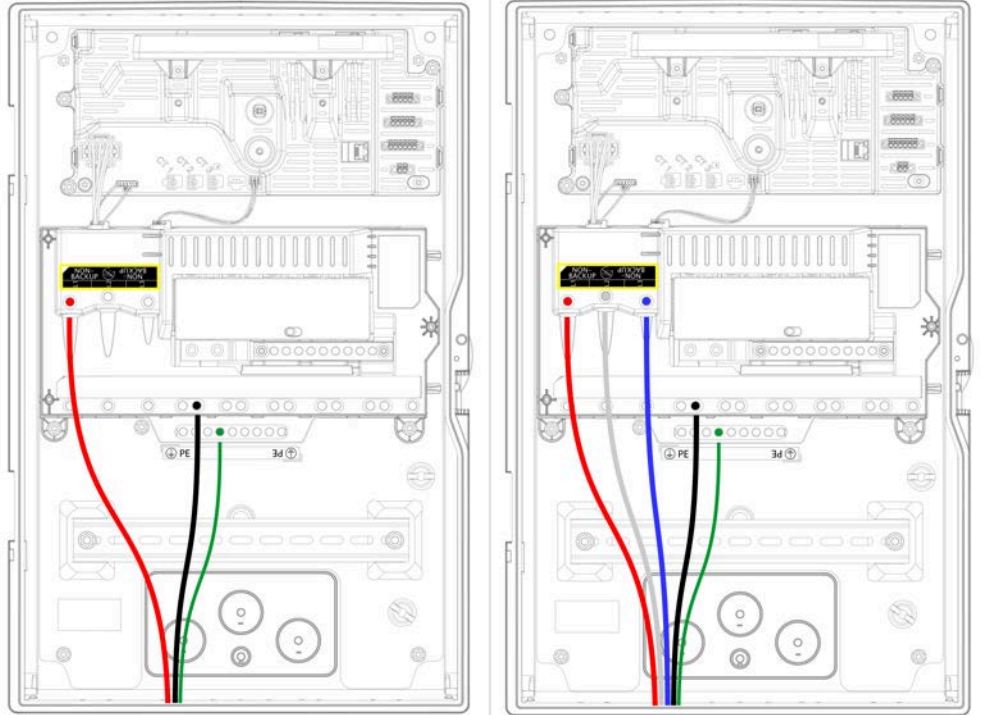
Table 2. Conductor Connections for Single Phase (left) and Three-Phase (right)

	Single Phase	Three-Phase
Supply Connections	 A technical diagram of a backup gateway unit's internal wiring for single-phase supply connections. It shows a terminal block with three terminals labeled 'SUPPLY', 'N', and 'PE'. A red wire is connected to the 'SUPPLY' terminal, a black wire to the 'N' terminal, and a green wire to the 'PE' terminal. The unit is shown with its front panel removed, revealing internal components like the inverter and battery bank.	 A technical diagram of a backup gateway unit's internal wiring for three-phase supply connections. It shows a terminal block with four terminals labeled 'SUPPLY', 'N', and 'PE'. A red wire is connected to the 'SUPPLY' terminal, a blue wire to the 'N' terminal, and a green wire to the 'PE' terminal. The unit is shown with its front panel removed, revealing internal components like the inverter and battery bank.
Home Load and Backup Connections	 A technical diagram of a backup gateway unit's internal wiring for single-phase home load and backup connections. It shows a terminal block with three terminals labeled 'HOME', 'N', and 'PE'. A red wire is connected to the 'HOME' terminal, a black wire to the 'N' terminal, and a green wire to the 'PE' terminal. The unit is shown with its front panel removed, revealing internal components like the inverter and battery bank.	 A technical diagram of a backup gateway unit's internal wiring for three-phase home load and backup connections. It shows a terminal block with four terminals labeled 'HOME', 'N', and 'PE'. A red wire is connected to the 'HOME' terminal, a blue wire to the 'N' terminal, and a green wire to the 'PE' terminal. The unit is shown with its front panel removed, revealing internal components like the inverter and battery bank.



STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

Non-Backup Connections



Terminal	Maximum Wire Gauge	Strip Length	Torque
Supply	35 mm ²	12.5 mm	4 Nm
Non-Backup	35 mm ²	12.5 mm	4 Nm
Home (Backup)	35 mm ²	12.5 mm	4 Nm
Neutral terminal bar	25 mm ²	12.5 mm	4 Nm
PE terminal bar	25 mm ²	12.5 mm	4 Nm

Install Powerwall and Generation Breakers in the Backup Gateway

1. Install the Powerwall and generation circuit breakers on the DIN rail, and connect using an appropriately rated DIN rail circuit breaker busbar.



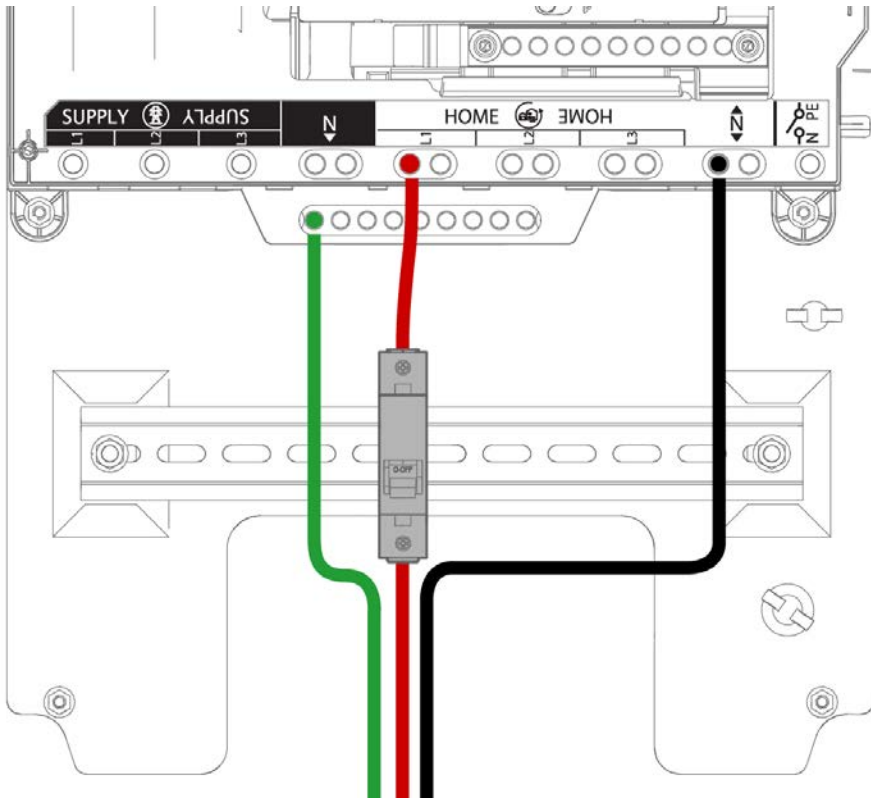
WARNING: All Powerwalls in the system must be installed on the 'Backup' ('Home') side of the Backup Gateway's relay.

2. Connect the line conductors from the bussed generation circuit breakers to the Backup Gateway's Backup terminals (see figure below). These conductors must be appropriately rated to carry the current of the main supply fuse.
3. Connect Neutral and PE conductors from Powerwall and generation circuits to the Neutral and PE wiring bars, respectively.



STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

Figure 25. Single Phase Wiring Example



Design Considerations



CAUTION: If installing greater than 100 A of generation, a separate overcurrent protection (such as a generation sub-board) is required to maintain maximum current rating of the Backup Gateway.

The Backup Gateway 2 can accommodate up to nine (9) 1-pole MCB slots on the DIN rail for generation circuits and fuse carrier(s).

The Powerwall connection to the Backup Gateway requires a 63 A circuit breaker. This breaker serves as circuit protection for the Powerwall, and must be wired in accordance with local wiring codes and regulations.



NOTE: Some regions may require use of an external Residual Current Device (RCD) / Residual Current Circuit Breaker with Overcurrent Protection (RCBO) on the solar PV inverter and/or Powerwall circuits. Refer to [Residual Current Devices \(RCDs\) / Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Overcurrent Protection \(RCBOs\)](#) on page 129 for additional guidance.

Configuring Powerwall(s) on Three-Phase Installations

- When installing multiple Powerwalls, they must be distributed evenly across the three phases. Installation must meet local generation imbalance rules.
- During the commissioning process, the **Backup Phase** will be selected (L1, L2, or L3). During an outage, the system will provide backup power only to loads on this phase, and Powerwalls on other phases will not operate. Ensure that all critical loads in the Home are connected on the desired Backup Phase.
- **To ensure Powerwall charges from solar production, the single-phase PV circuit(s) must be installed on the same phase as Powerwall(s).**



STEP 4: INSTALL BACKUP GATEWAY 2

 **WARNING:** Installing 3-phase PV inverters or 3-phase equipment on the Backup side may result in equipment damage during off-grid operation. 3-phase PV inverters and 3-phase equipment should always be installed on the Non-Backup side of the Backup Gateway. The only exceptions to this rule are the Tesla Wall Connector or sockets feeding Tesla Mobile Connectors (please see the [Vehicle Charging During Power Outage](#) page for more information). The Powerwall system's backup phase should be connected to L1 of the Wall Connector or Mobile Connector socket.

Inverter Configuration

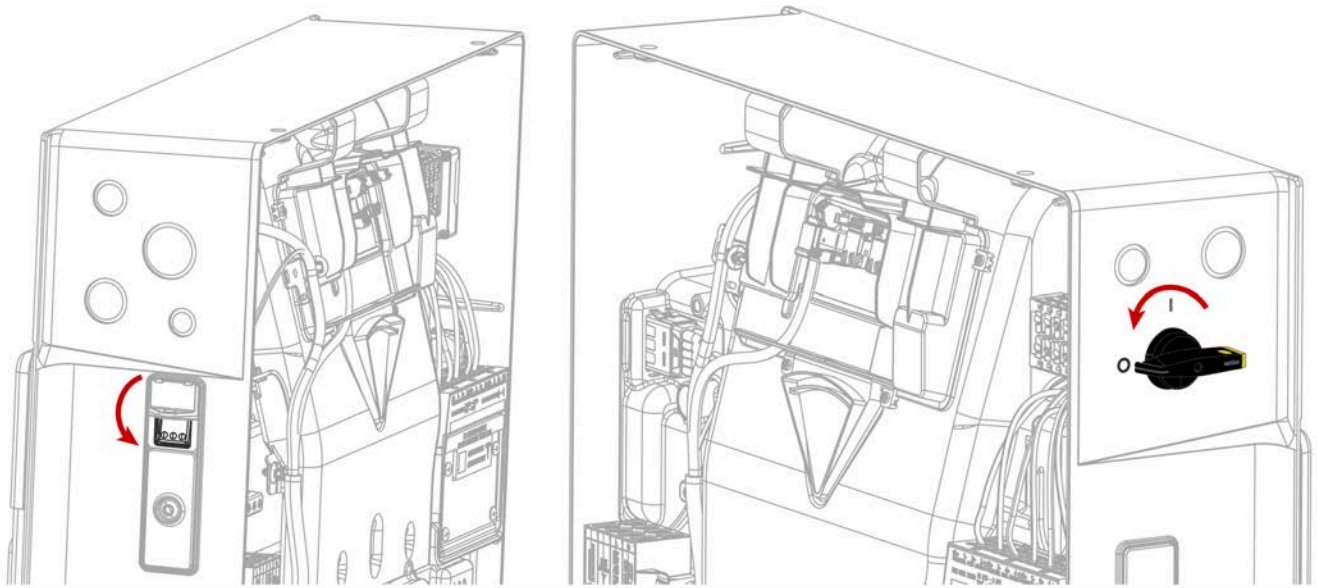
During backup operation, the Gateway will shift the system frequency to control the power output of solar inverters. Therefore, all solar inverters connected to the Backup terminals should be configured for the local grid code. This ensures that the inverter will respond correctly to frequency curtailment efforts. If the inverter is not compliant with the grid code requirements, it might not perform as expected during Backup operation. This could lead to hardware damage due to over-voltage. Please see more information regarding backup operation on our [website](#).



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY

For installations utilizing DRMO in Australia, instructions are provided to install a DRED controller and connect it to Backup Gateway 2 and Powerwall 3. All other installations will proceed with connecting Backup Gateway 2 directly to Powerwall 3.

WARNING: Before terminating any conductors inside Powerwall 3, turn the Powerwall 3 switch OFF to shut the system down, then turn the integrated DC isolator OFF. Before proceeding, confirm there is a lack of voltage at the AC and PV terminals.



Connect Communication Wiring to Backup Gateway 2

1. Run the 4-conductor communication cable from the Backup Gateway through the conduit or cable gland and pull it into the Powerwall 3 wiring compartment.



NOTE: See [Plan Cable Length Between Components on page 42](#) for the maximum distance between components.

2. At the Backup Gateway, strip the communication wire jacket about 76 mm and strip each conductor 8 mm.
3. Cut back the drain wire from the communication wiring. **The drain wire should be terminated at the Powerwall 3 ground terminal only.**
4. Insert a cabinet tip or electronics tip slotted screwdriver (up to 3 mm) to open each lever on the 4-pin **Powerwall 12V & CAN** connector.
5. Insert each conductor as far as possible into the terminal and then release the connector lever to close the connector.



CAUTION: Excessive force may damage the connector; do not apply more force than is necessary to open the terminal and insert the conductor (do not lean on connectors when prying them open).

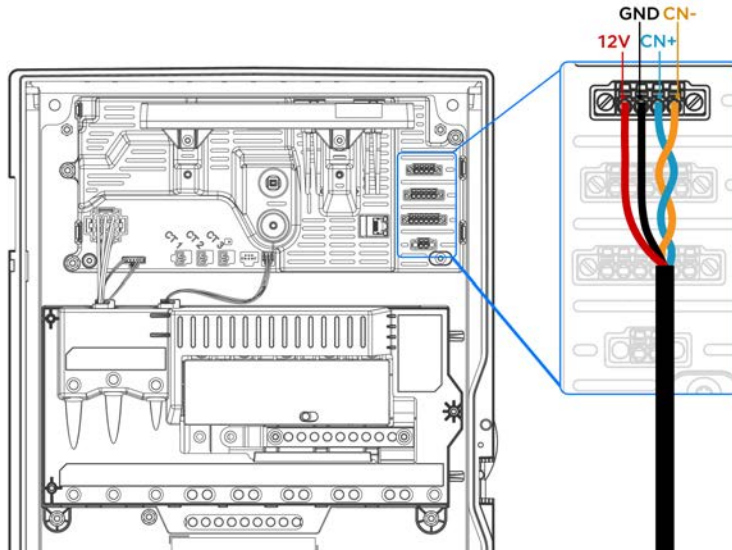


NOTE: Reference [Backup Gateway 2 Wiring on page 127](#) for additional information on wire requirements and wire order in the connector.



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY

6. Plug the 4-pin connector into the 4-pin socket labeled "Powerwall". Tighten the screws on the connector.



Option 1 (Non-DRM0 Installations): Connect Communication Wiring to Powerwall 3

CAUTION: At Powerwall 3, Tesla recommends routing the communication wiring into the left side of the enclosure; always use the wire management tabs to ensure wires do not block the Tesla Asset Controller. Do not route loose wires through the front of the enclosure.

1. At Powerwall 3, strip the communication wire jacket about 76 mm and strip each conductor 8 mm.
2. Insert a cabinet tip or electronics tip slotted screwdriver (up to 3 mm) to open each lever on the 4-pin **Backup Gateway 2 Communication** connector.
3. Insert each conductor as far as possible into the terminal and then release the connector lever to close the connector.

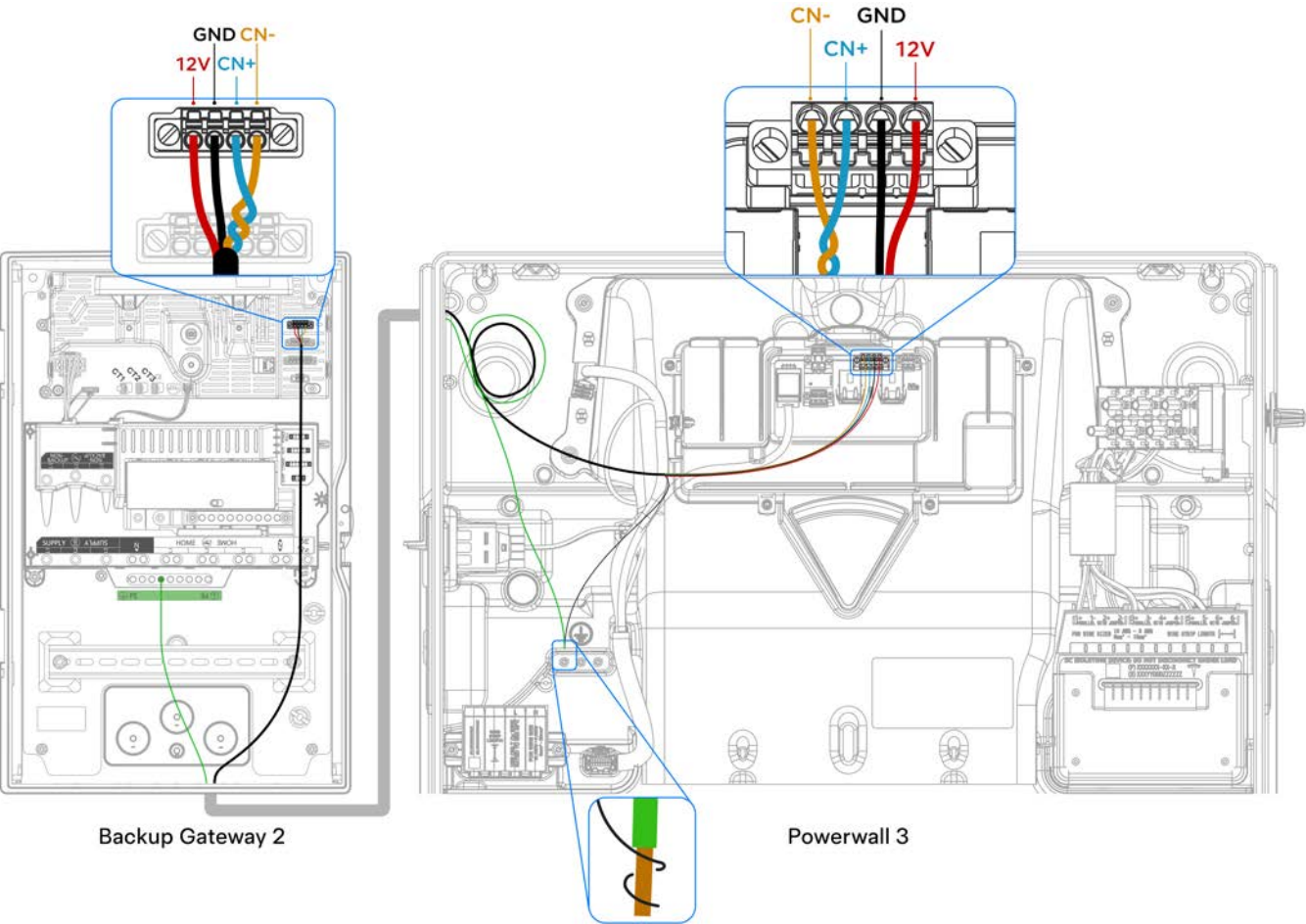
CAUTION: Excessive force may damage the connector; do not apply more force than is necessary to open the terminal and insert the conductor (do not lean on connectors when prying them open).

NOTE: Reference [Powerwall 3 AC and PV Wiring on page 119](#) for additional information on wire requirements and wire order in the connector.

4. Plug the 4-pin connector into the 4-pin **Backup Gateway 2 Communication** socket. Tighten the screws on the connector.
5. Wrap the communication cable drain wire around the Protective Earth lead and insert the wires in the equipment grounding terminal. Tighten the screw to 4.5 Nm.



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY





STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY 2

Option 2 (DRM0 Installations): Connect GUAC Interface Device to Powerwall 3 and Backup Gateway 2

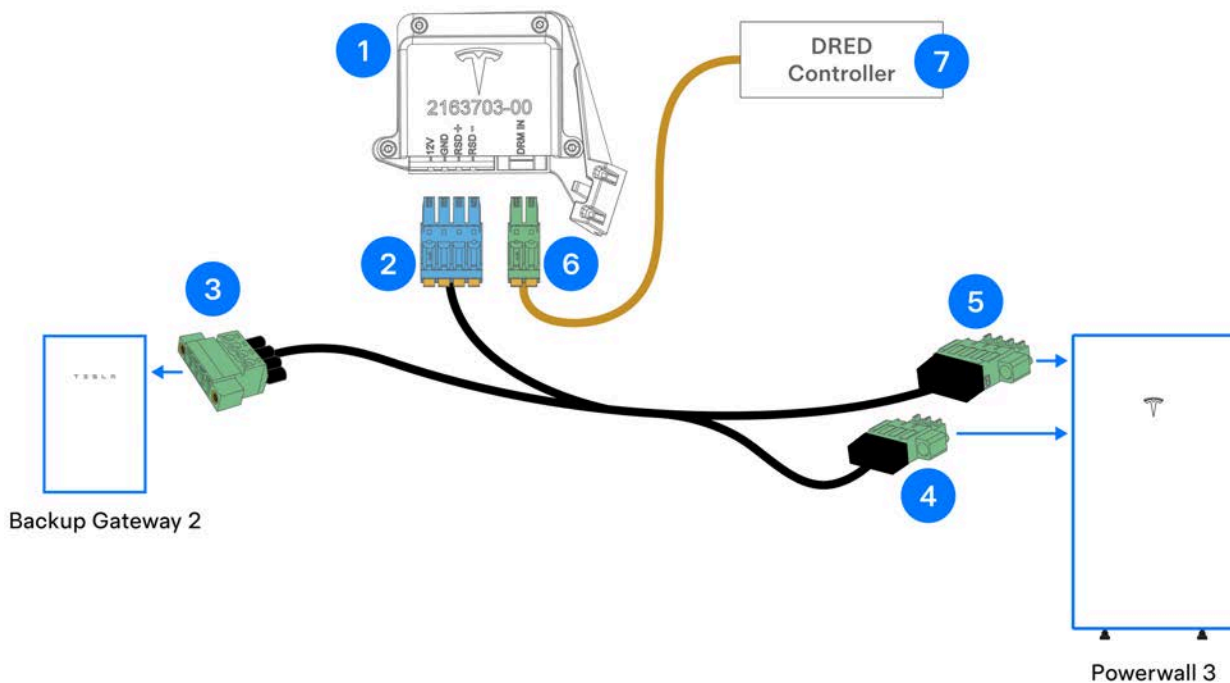
Some installations may require DRM0 functionality per AS/NZS 4777.2, which allows the DNSP to control the system when needed. The following are required components of the DRED:

- **DRED Controller:** This device (often provided by the DNSP or a similar entity) receives DRM commands from the utility to the home installation.
- **Tesla Grid Utility Ancillary Controller (GUAC) DRED Interface Device (Tesla P/N 2163703-xx-y):** Converts signal from DRM to shut down / reduce PV production to a System Shutdown signal for the Powerwall 3 Tesla Asset Controller (TACO).



NOTE: The switch state is normally closed.

- **2-Wire Communication Cable:** Used to connect the DRED controller to the GUAC interface device.



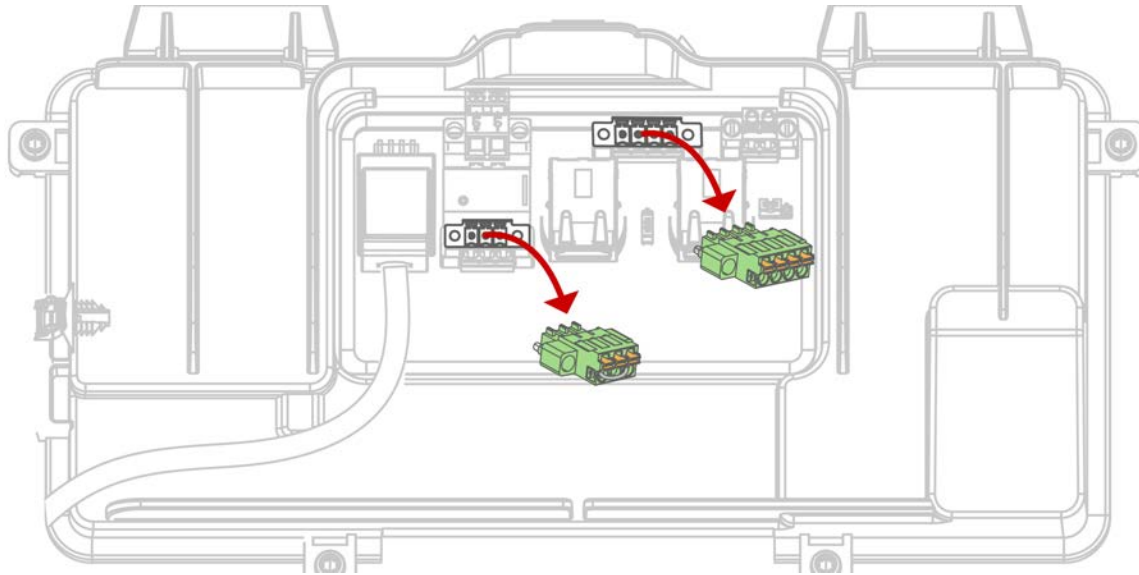
1	Tesla GUAC Interface Device
2	Blue 4-pin connector, plugs into GUAC
3	Green female 4-pin connector, wiring is connected from Backup Gateway 2 CAN & 12V connector
4	Green 3-pin connector, plugs into Powerwall 3 RSD socket
5	Green 4-pin connector, plugs into Powerwall 3 CAN & 12V socket
6	Green 2-pin connector, connects DRED controller to GUAC (not part of GUAC wiring harness)
7	DRED controller



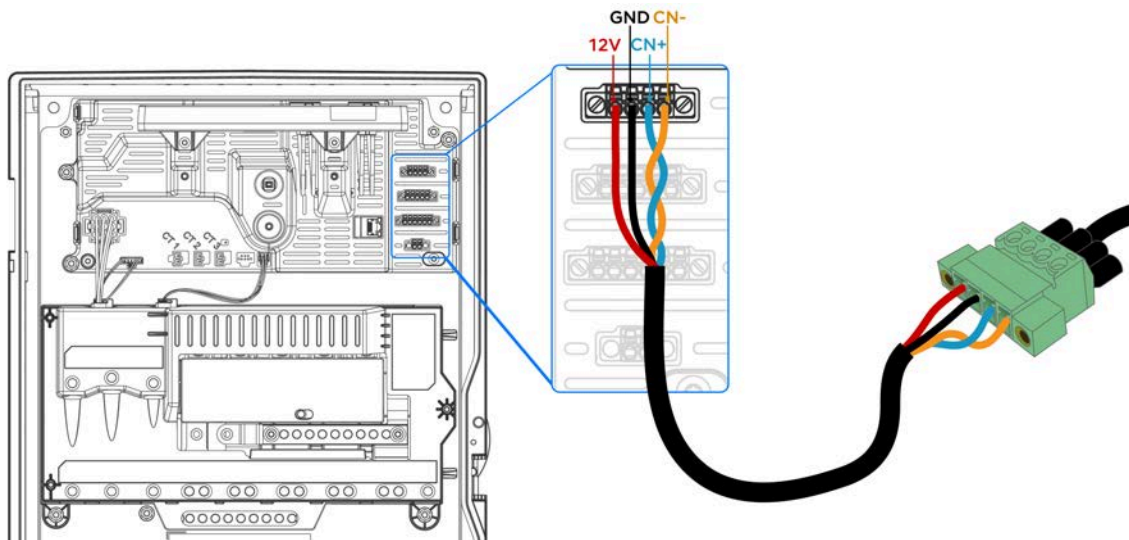
STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY

Connect Backup Gateway 2 and Powerwall 3 to the GUAC interface device:

1. At Powerwall 3, remove the 4-pin **Powerwall 3 CAN & 12V** connector and the 3-pin **System Shutdown** connector.
 - a. Save the 4-pin **Powerwall 3 CAN & 12V** connector for a future step.
 - b. Recycle the 3-pin **Powerwall 3 RSD** connector, as it will not be used in this installation.



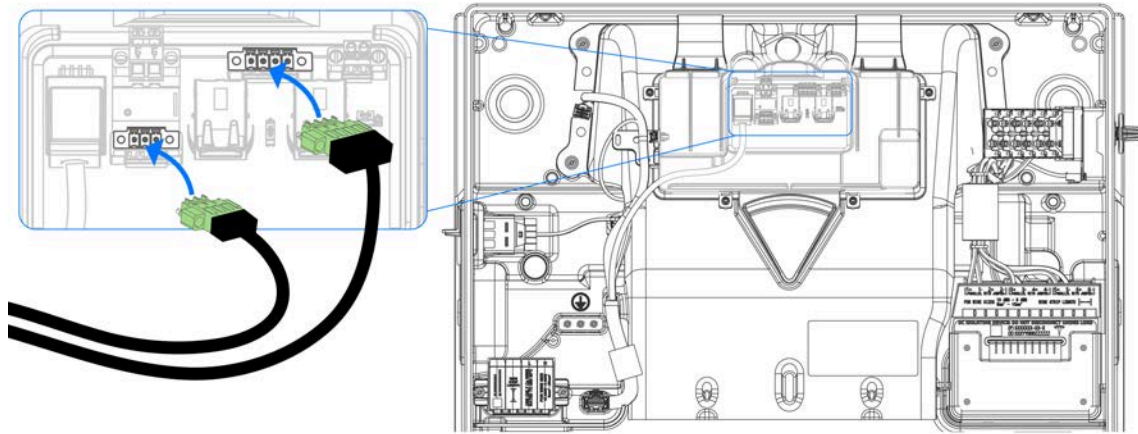
2. Take the communication wiring previously routed from Backup Gateway 2 and strip the wire jacket about 76 mm, then strip each conductor 8 mm.
3. Connect the communication wiring to the 4-pin connector from Step 1 above, then plug that connector into the female 4-pin connector on the GUAC interface device wiring harness.



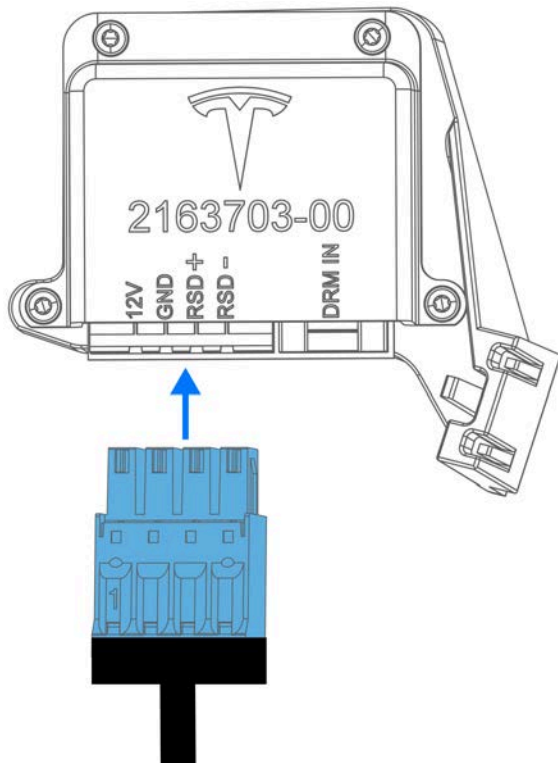
4. Plug the green 4-pin male connector on the GUAC interface device wiring harness into the open **Powerwall 3 CAN & 12V** socket. Tighten the screws on the connector.
5. Plug the 3-pin connector on the wiring harness into the open **Powerwall 3 RSD** socket. Tighten the screws on the connector.



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY



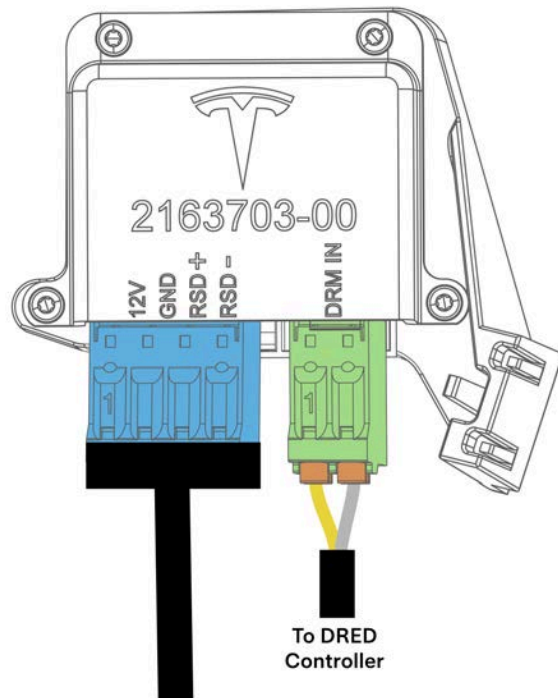
6. Plug the remaining blue 4-pin connector into the GUAC interface device.



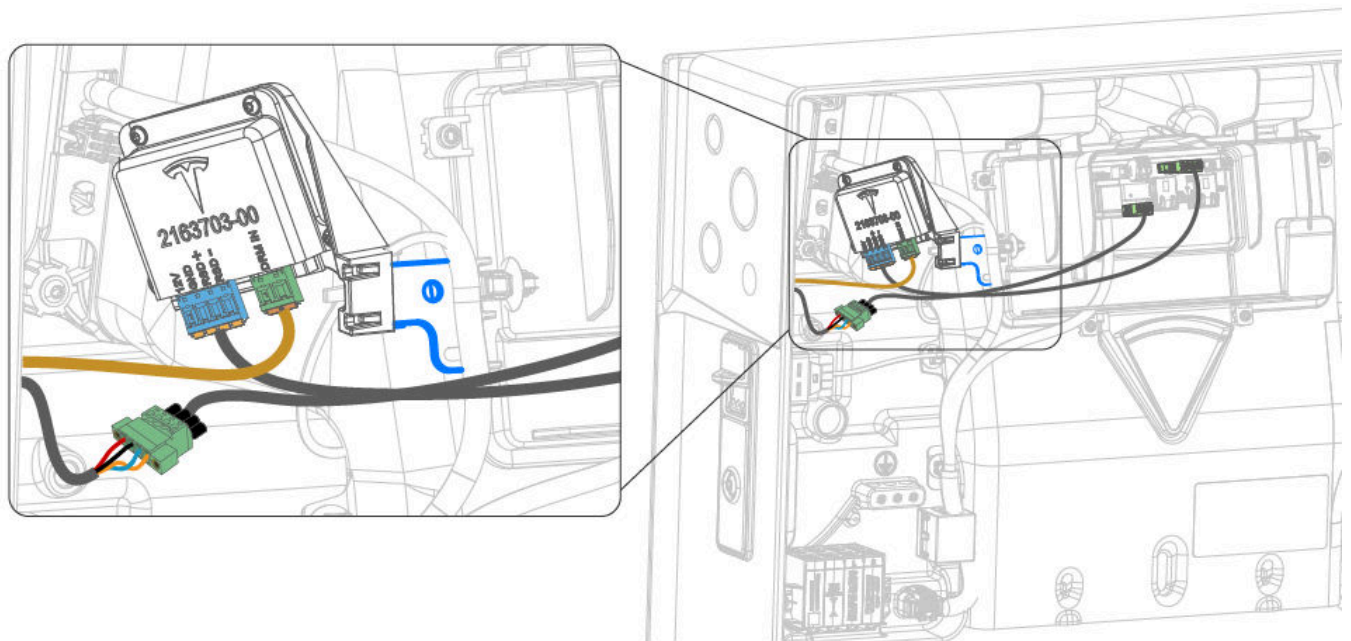
7. Install the utility-side DRED controller in the appropriate location per local requirements.
8. Using the 2-wire communication cable, connect the DRED controller to the 2-pin **DRM IN** connector on the GUAC interface device, following the manufacturer's instructions and wiring diagram.



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY



9. Arrange the GUAC interface device and all wiring on the left side of the Tesla Asset Controller (TACO), then clip the interface device to the plastic connector on the side of the TACO.



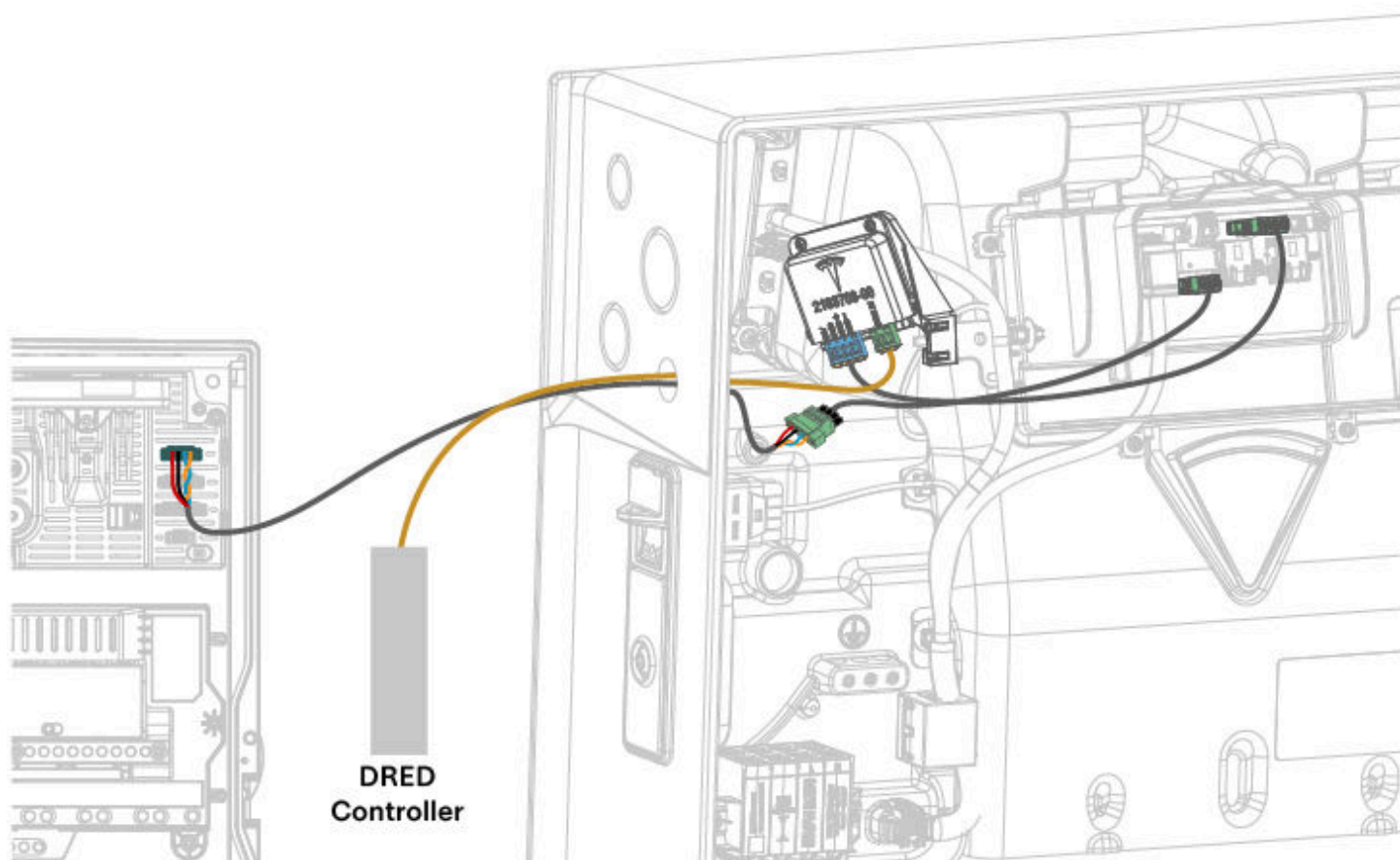
10. During [device setup in Tesla One](#), configure the switch for DRMO functionality:
- From *Advanced Settings*, select **External Switch**.
 - Toggle *Configure External Switch* **ON**.
 - From the *Control Behavior* menu, select **DRMO**.
11. Verify that the system functions normally by unplugging the DRED controller wiring connector from the GUAC. Confirm the inverter shuts down as expected.



STEP 5: CONNECT POWERWALL 3 TO BACKUP GATEWAY

 **NOTE:** The inverter will not shut down if the switch has not been configured as described in Step 10.

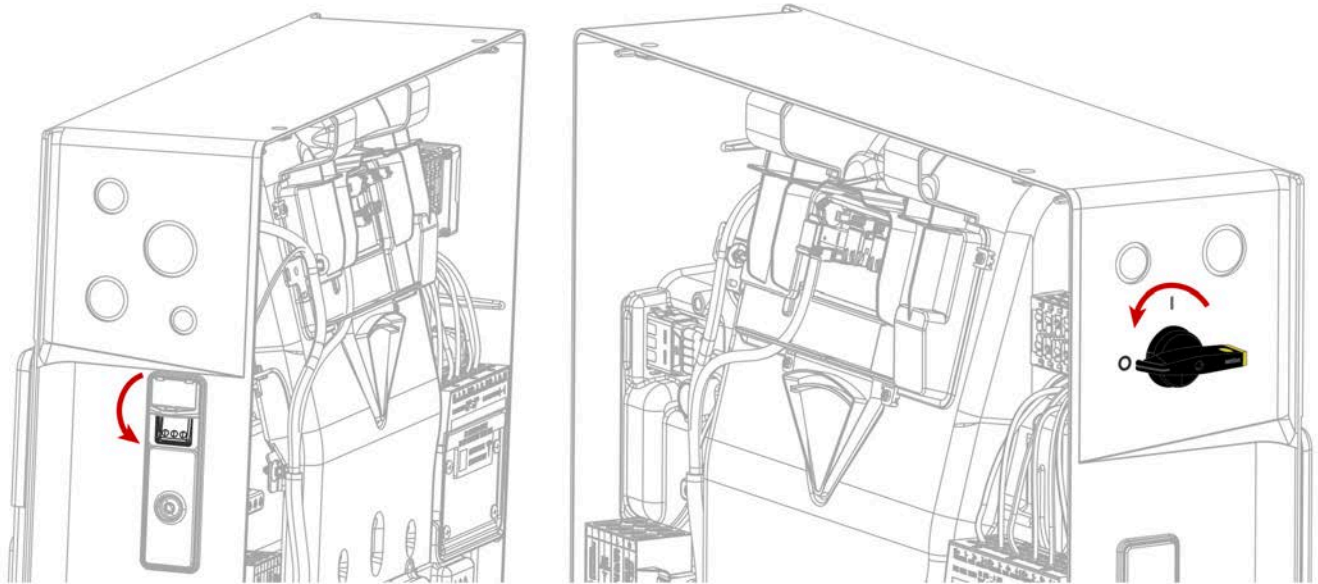
Figure 26. Completed GUAC Interface Device Installation





STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS

1. Before terminating any conductors inside Powerwall 3, turn the Powerwall 3 switch OFF to shut the system down, then turn the integrated DC isolator OFF.



WARNING: Before proceeding, confirm both switches are OFF and there is a lack of voltage at the AC and PV terminals.

2. Run the AC conductors (Line, Neutral, and the Protective Earth) through the conduit or cable gland. Route the conductors to the appropriate terminals, creating a service loop with the extra wiring.
3. Clear out any debris that may be present in the AC wiring terminals.

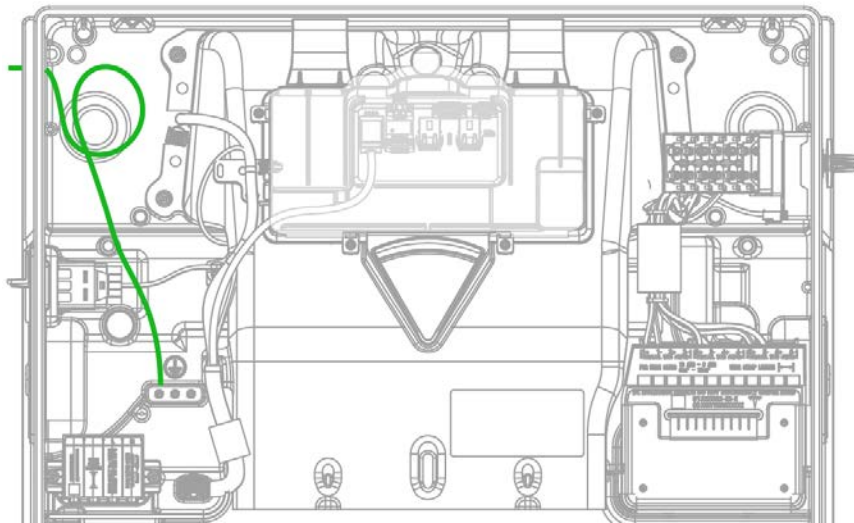


WARNING: Metal debris like loose wires or metal shavings could create a high voltage risk when Powerwall is turned on.

4. Connect the Protective Earth:
 - a. Strip the conductor insulation up to 19 mm.
 - b. Insert the Protective Earth conductor in an equipment grounding terminal and tighten the screw in the Earth terminal to 4 Nm.



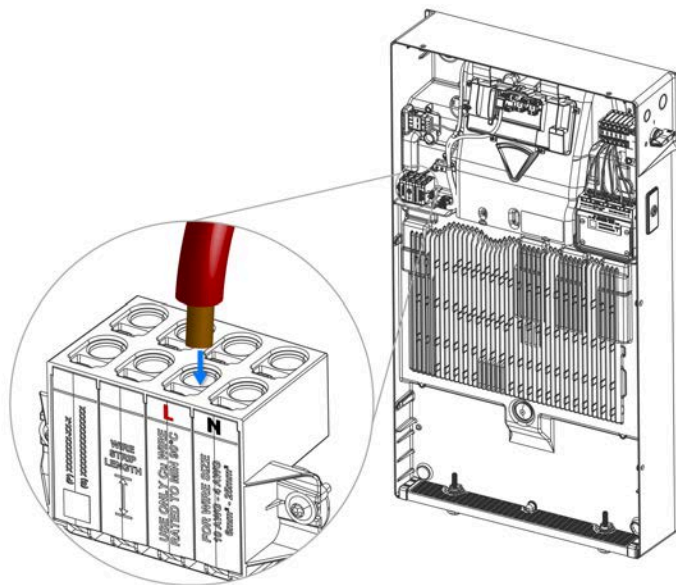
STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS



NOTE: It is best practice to connect the Protective Earth circuit before making any AC circuit connections.

5. For each AC conductor:
 - a. Strip the conductor insulation up to 11 mm. Add a wire ferrule if the conductor is finely stranded.
 - b. Insert the conductor as far as possible into the terminal.

Figure 27. Insert Conductor in Terminal

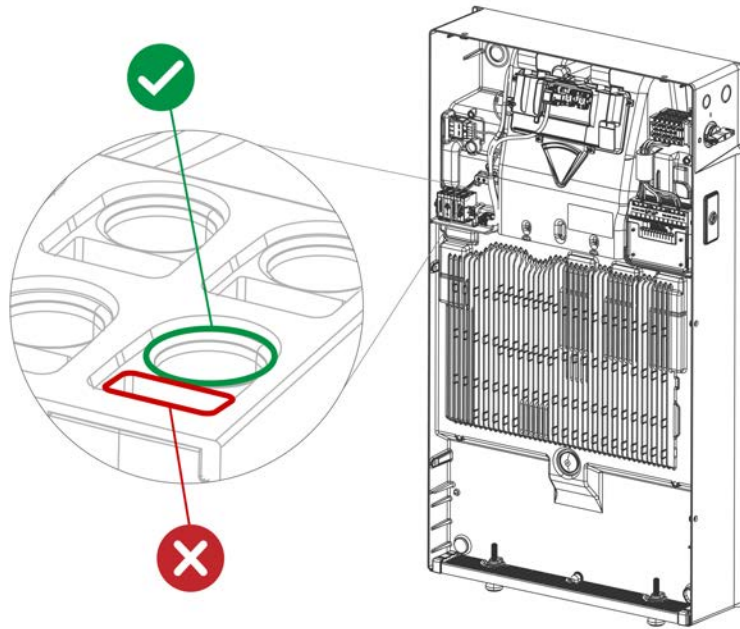




STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS

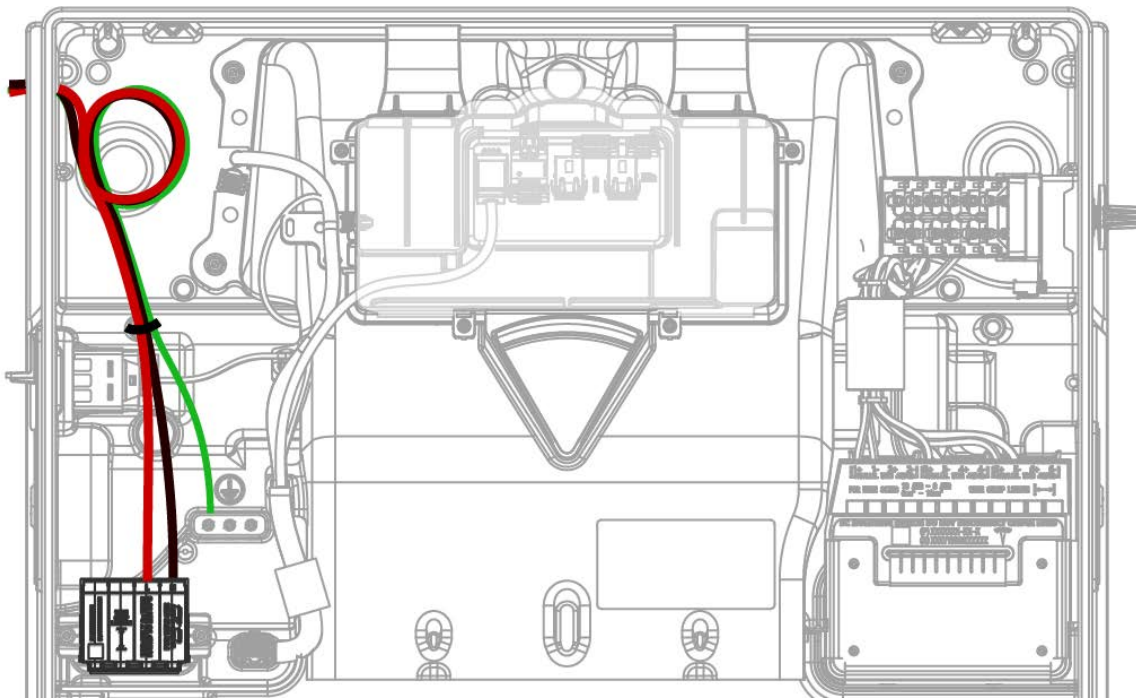


WARNING: Ensure the conductors are inserted into the round terminals and not the rectangular slots. Inserting the conductors anywhere other than the round terminals will result in poor wire termination.



- c. Perform a pull test to ensure the conductor is fully seated in the terminal. Push the conductor back in after the pull test.

Figure 28. Powerwall 3 AC Wiring



CAUTION: Any wire routing must be done through the wire management tabs at the top of the enclosure. Do not route loose wires through the front of the enclosure or over the Tesla Asset Controller.



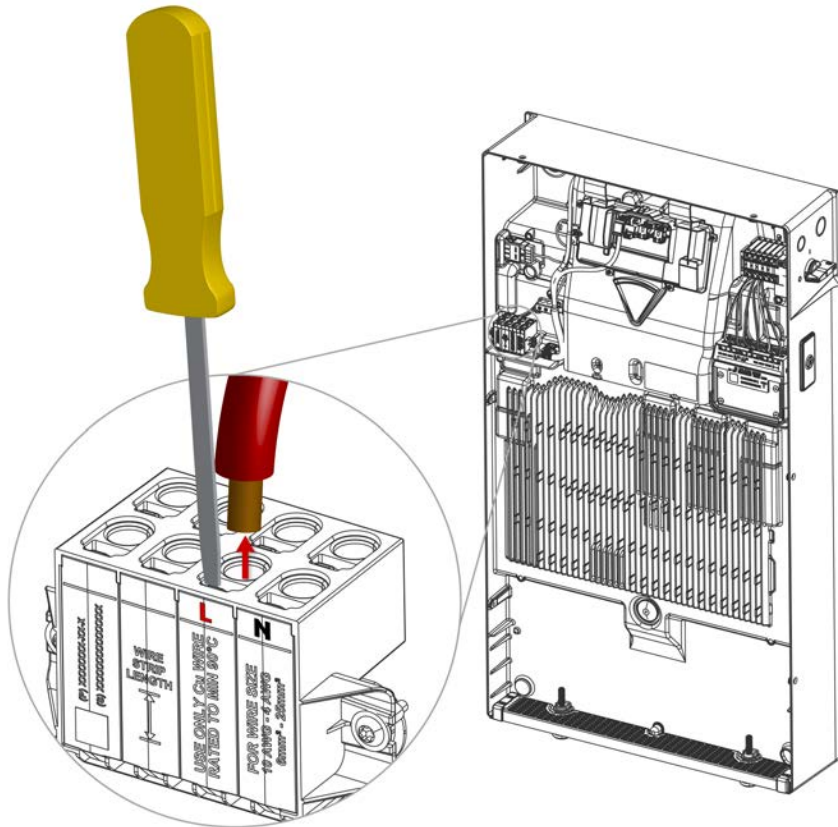
STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS

- d. After installing the conductors, gather them and secure them with the provided cable tie as shown above.



NOTE: If a conductor must be removed from the connector, insert a cabinet or electronics tip slotted screwdriver (up to 4.5 mm) into the actuation shaft to open the terminal. Pull the conductor free, then remove the screwdriver.

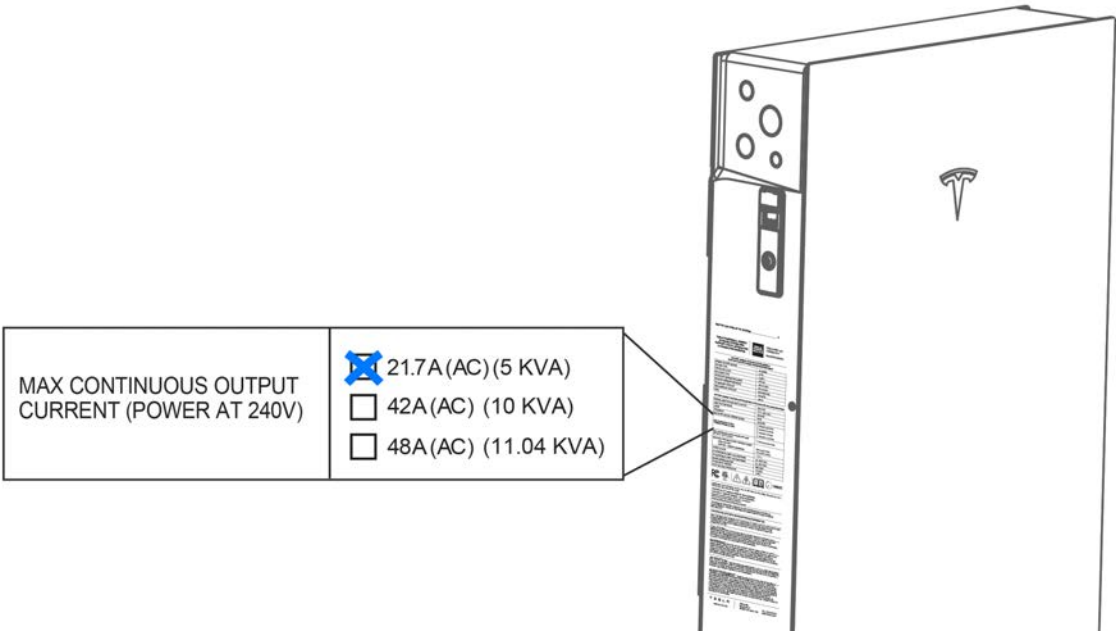
Figure 29. Spring Terminal with Screwdriver and Insert Conductor in Terminal



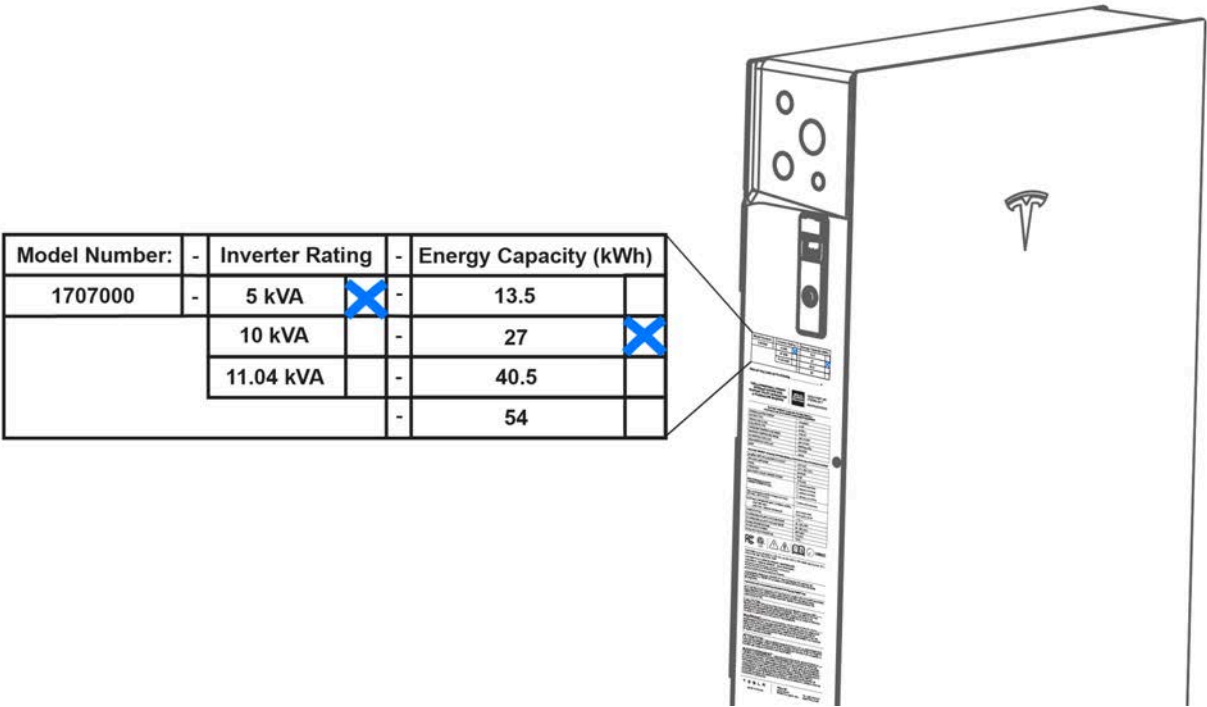
6. On the Powerwall 3 product label on the left side of the unit, use a paint pen, permanent marker, or similar to mark the configured power / current output.



STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS



7. On the left side of Powerwall 3, apply the model number label above the product label, then mark the appropriate **Inverter Rating** and **Energy Capacity** boxes on the label depending on the configured power / current output and number of Expansion units installed. In the following example, the Powerwall 3 has been configured with a power output of 5 kVA and has been installed with one Expansion unit.

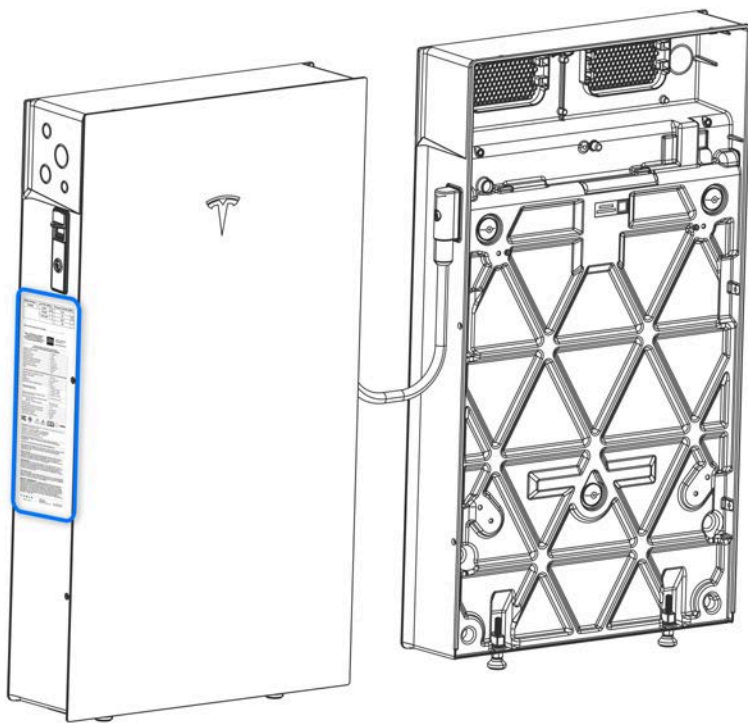




STEP 6: MAKE POWERWALL 3 AC CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS



NOTE: For Powerwall 3 systems installed with Expansion unit(s), Tesla recommends connecting the Expansion Harness to the port on the right side of the leader Powerwall 3 so that the model number label on the left side of the unit is not obscured.





STEP 7: MAKE SOLAR PV CONNECTIONS



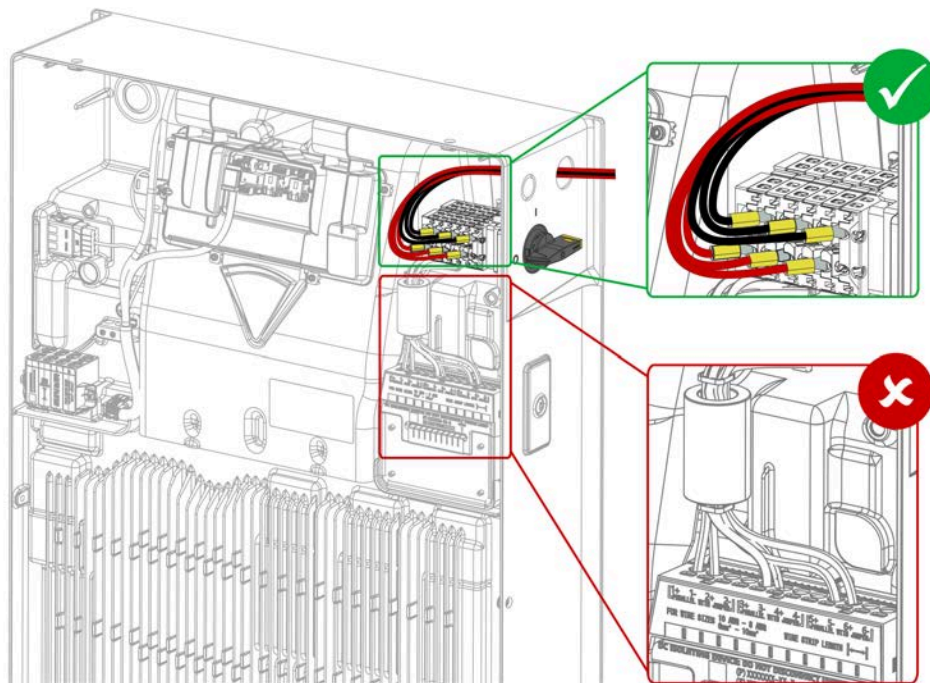
NOTE: See [Powerwall 3 AC and PV Wiring on page 119](#) for wiring specifications.



NOTE: As noted in [Design Considerations on page 22](#), third party MLPE solutions, such as optimizers, are not compatible with Powerwall 3.



CAUTION: Only connect PV wires to the integrated DC isolator as described in this step. Do not attempt to modify factory-installed wiring or connect PV wires to any other terminals.

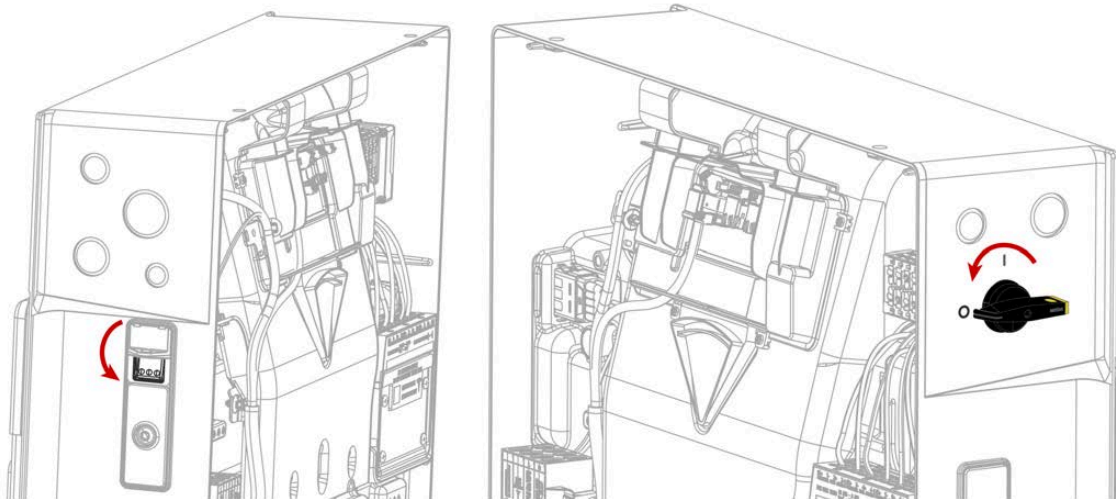


NOTE: If there are more than three PV strings, strings can be combined upstream of Powerwall 3 so long as the voltage and current ratings of the system do not exceed the capabilities of Powerwall 3.

1. Before connecting the PV strings to Powerwall 3, use a PV string tester to test each string, confirming it is performing as expected. Refer to the testing requirements of AS/NZS5033:2021 cl 6.3.2.
2. Before terminating any conductors inside Powerwall 3, turn the Powerwall 3 switch OFF to shut the system down, then turn the integrated DC isolator OFF. See [Powerwall 3 Switch Locking Mechanisms on page 133](#) for instructions to lock the integrated DC isolator in the OFF position.



STEP 7: MAKE SOLAR PV CONNECTIONS



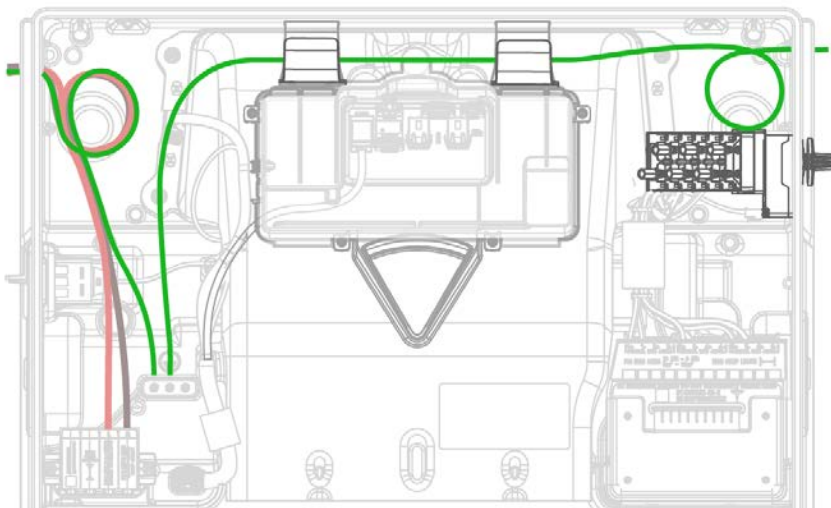
WARNING: Before proceeding, confirm both switches are OFF and there is a lack of voltage at the PV terminals.

3. Clear out any debris that may be present in the PV wiring terminals.



WARNING: Metal debris like loose wires or metal shavings could create a high voltage risk when Powerwall is turned on.

4. Route the PV conductors and PV array Protective Earth into the enclosure, through the conduit or cable gland. Create a service loop with extra wiring.
5. Connect the PV array Protective Earth to an equipment grounding terminal in Powerwall:
 - a. Strip the conductor insulation up to 19 mm.
 - b. Insert the grounding conductor in an equipment grounding terminal and tighten the screw in the Earth terminal to 4 Nm.



NOTE: It is best practice to connect the ground circuit before making any PV circuit connections.

6. Starting with MPPT 1:



NOTE: If MPPT 1 is not wired first, it will not be possible to access that wiring terminal once conductors are connected to MPPT 2 or MPPT 3.



STEP 7: MAKE SOLAR PV CONNECTIONS



WARNING: Before proceeding, confirm there is a lack of voltage on the PV wires.

- Strip the conductor insulation so that the ends of the copper strands are visible.
- Crimp the following insulated forked terminal onto the end of the conductor; a ratcheting die crimping tool is strongly recommended.
 - TE Connectivity P/N 165015 (4 - 6 mm² wire size)
 - Vogt P/N 3654c / 3655c (4 - 6 mm² wire size)



CAUTION: Forked terminals are required for PV wiring. Do not connect bare wires or any type of forked terminal other than those listed above due to increased risk of poor electrical connection.



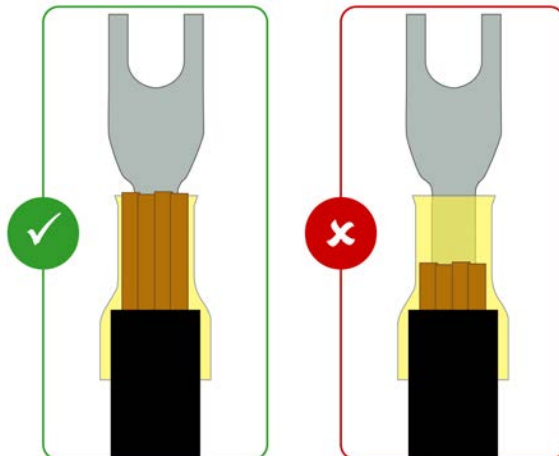
CAUTION: Do not attempt to insert multiple forked terminals in a single wiring terminal. Only connect **one** forked terminal to each wiring terminal.



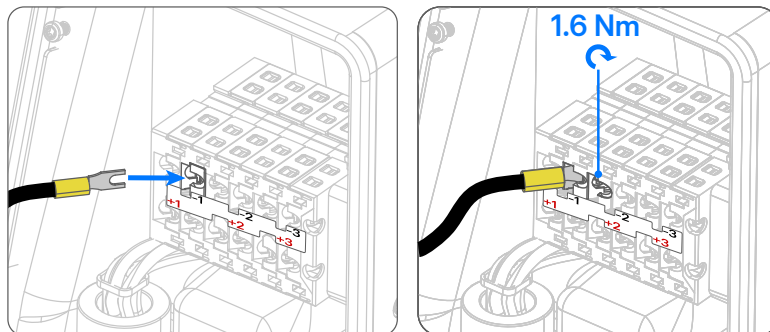
CAUTION: Do not attempt to connect multiple wires to a single forked terminal. If the system has more than three PV strings, combine strings upstream of Powerwall 3 and connect no more than three strings to the integrated DC isolator.



NOTE: Ensure the ends of the copper strands are visible at the bottom of the fork, indicating the conductor is making strong contact with the forked terminal.



- Insert the forked terminal into the wiring terminal and, using a Philips PH2 torque screwdriver (see [Required Tools on page 37](#) for additional details), tighten the screw in the PV wiring terminal to 1.6 Nm.





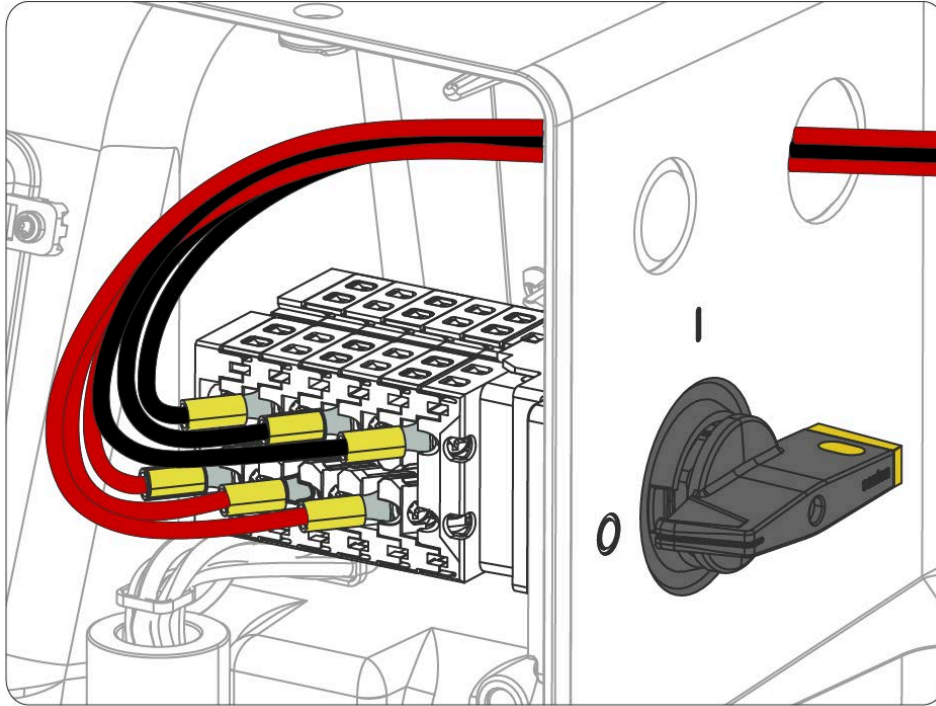
STEP 7: MAKE SOLAR PV CONNECTIONS



CAUTION: Confirm the forked terminal is fully inserted before tightening the screw to avoid damaging the connector.

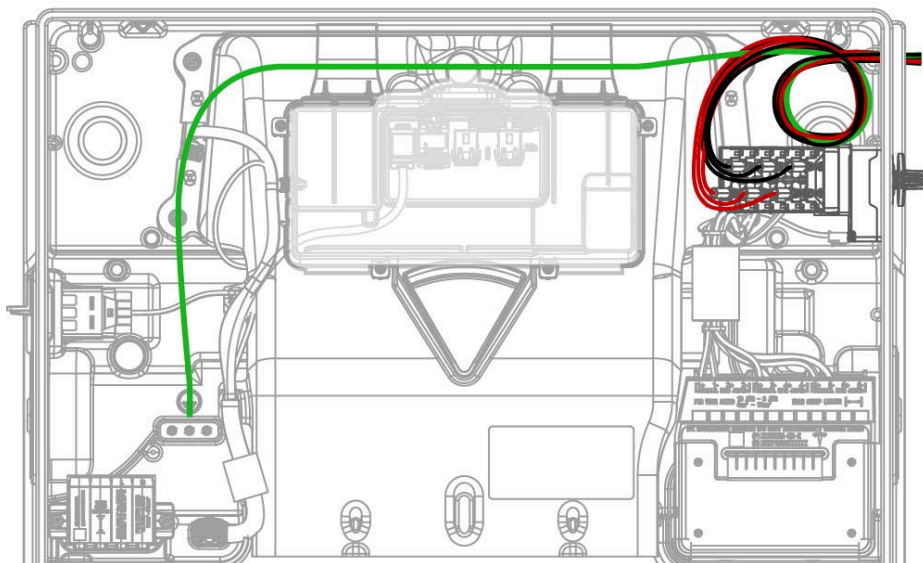
7. Repeat Step 5 for MPPT 2, then MPPT 3.

Figure 30. Powerwall 3 PV Wiring Connected to Integrated DC Isolator



CAUTION: Before energizing the system, use a multimeter to confirm the polarity of the PV strings is as pictured above (positive strings in bottom row of terminals, negative strings in top row of terminals). Reversed polarity of the PV strings may cause damage to the system.

Figure 31. Powerwall 3 PV Wiring and Protective Earth



CAUTION: All PV strings must pass through the integrated DC isolator. Do not attempt to connect PV strings via any other terminals. For more information on the integrated DC isolator, see [Appendix F: Shutting Down Powerwall 3 on page 190](#).



STEP 7: MAKE SOLAR PV CONNECTIONS



CAUTION: Any wire routing must be done through the wire management tabs at the top of the enclosure. Do not route loose wires through the front of the enclosure or over the Tesla Asset Controller.



STEP 8: INSTALL CLAMP-ON FERRITE CORES

Powerwall 3 ships with (6) clamp-on ferrite cores for AC wiring and the Powerwall Protective Earth. Additional ferrite cores are factory-installed for the PV wiring and the Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) low voltage harness.

CAUTION: Ferrite cores are fragile; handle with caution.

CAUTION: Ensure all conductors have been stripped properly so that no live conductors come in contact with the ferrite cores.

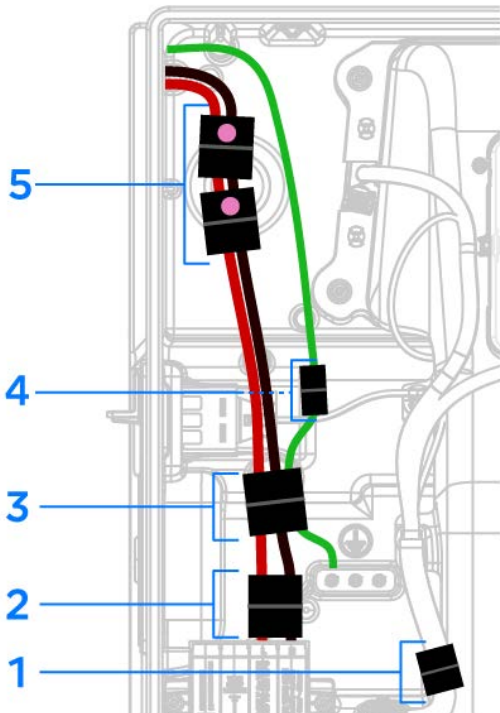
NOTE: All ferrite cores provided with Powerwall 3 are split core; they can be opened to be placed around the conductor(s) rather than threading them over the conductor(s).

1. Install the **small square** clamp-on ferrite core around the TACO factory-installed harness.

NOTE: If the ferrite core has already been installed by the factory, skip this step. If the accessory bag contains an additional small square ferrite core when there is already one installed on the harness, the extra ferrite core can be recycled or saved as a spare.

2. Install (1) of the **medium** clamp-on ferrite cores around L1 and N. Ensure the ferrite core is as close to the AC connector as possible without bending or deforming the wires.
3. Install (1) of the **medium** clamp-on ferrite cores around L1, N, and the Protective Earth.
4. Install the (1) **small** clamp-on ferrite core around the Protective Earth.
5. Install the (2) **marked (with pink sticker)** **medium** clamp-on ferrite cores around L1 and N in the top of the wiring compartment.
6. Secure all ferrite cores closed with the provided cable ties.

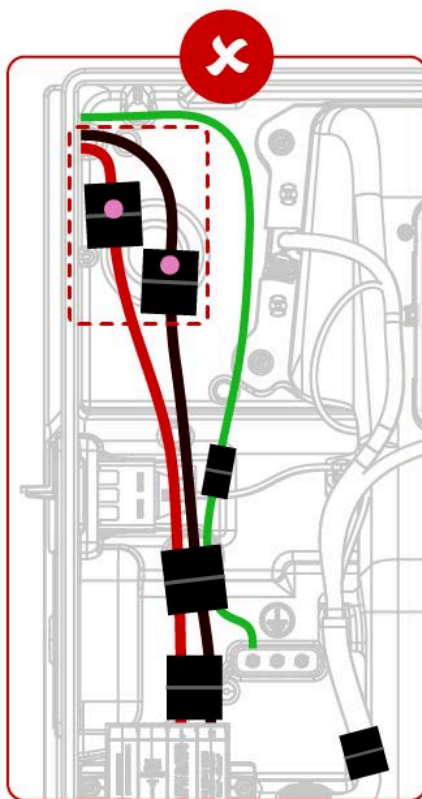
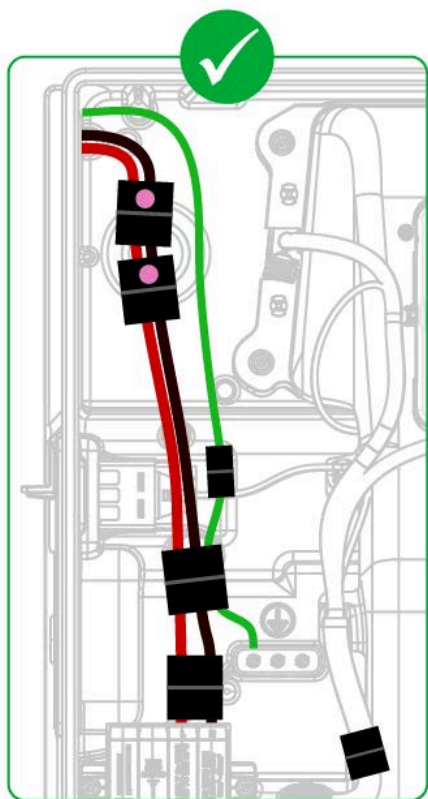
Figure 32. Ferrite Core Around AC Conductors and Protective Earth





STEP 8: INSTALL CLAMP-ON FERRITE CORES

 **NOTE:** Ensure the ferrite cores are installed as described here; for instance, do not clamp a ferrite core around only L1 or N when it is required to be clamped around both L1 and N:





STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Before you start, see [Energy Metering on page 27](#) to find the available metering options and the example metering diagrams.

For Backup Gateway 2 Primary Meter X, there is no additional step required to install the meter or CTs as they are integrated in Backup Gateway 2. For Backup Gateway 2 Secondary Meter Y, Tesla 100A CTs must be installed and connected to the Meter Y CT terminals (see [Install Tesla 100 A CTs on page 86](#) for the installation instructions).

Depending on the site layout, it may not be possible to use the Backup Gateway 2 internal meters. Tesla Remote Energy Meter and Tesla 200A CTs can be installed when needed (see [In the Tesla Remote Energy Meter Box on page 87](#) for the installation instructions).



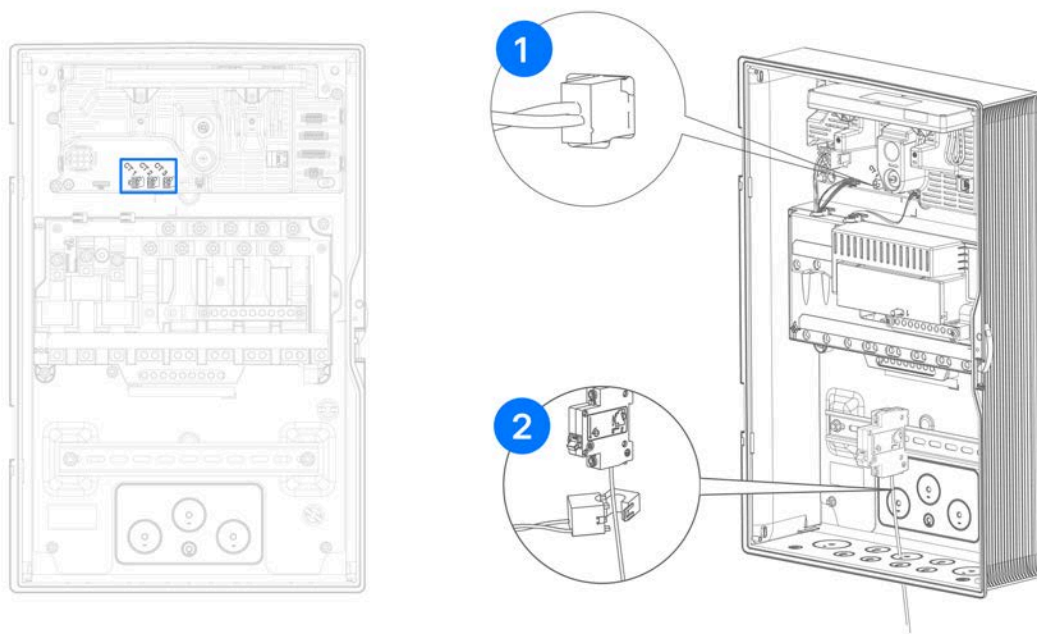
STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Install Tesla 100 A CTs

WARNING: Before installing, disconnecting, and/or adjusting CTs, ensure the circuits being measured are not energized and the system is completely powered down. Failure to de-energize the system may compromise operator and equipment safety.

1. Plug the Tesla 100 A CT into the terminal in the Backup Gateway. Ensure the connector is fully seated in the terminal.
2. Clamp the CT around the conductor to be measured.

Figure 33. Embedded Site CTs and Solar CT Connectors



Tips

- When metering 3-phase solar inverters, install CTs on L1, L2, and L3 output of the solar inverter AC circuit.



NOTE: A single CT can be installed on L1 and connected to CT1 port to measure the solar power from a 3-phase solar inverter. Make sure to toggle **1CTx3** button to the ON position when configuring the CT during commissioning; the software triples the power measured by the CT. To ensure that the total power output calculated by software is correct, the solar power must be converted by a balanced 3-phase solar inverter, which distributes power evenly between the three phases.

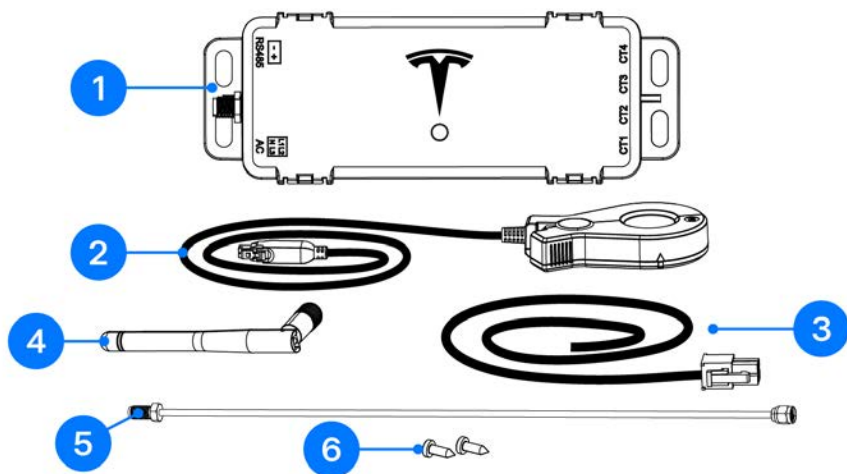
- Ensure CTs are facing the proper direction as indicated on the label. A CT will show negative current if installed backwards.



STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

In the Tesla Remote Energy Meter Box

Figure 34. Tesla Remote Energy Meter Kit Contents (Tesla P/N 2083765-xx-y)



	Part Description	Quantity
1	Tesla Remote Energy Meter	1
2	Tesla 200 A CT (1.5 m)	1
3	Voltage harness (600 mm)	1
4	External antenna	1
5	Antenna extension	1
6	Fasteners	2

Tesla Remote Energy Meter Accessories

**NOTE:** These accessories are not included in the Tesla Remote Energy Meter kit. They must be ordered individually wherever required.

Part Description	Tesla P/N	Quantity
Tesla 200 A CT (1.5 m)	2033376-xx-y	1
RS-485 harness (1.2 m)	2045794-xx-y	1
CT extension (3.5 m)	2060713-xx-y	1



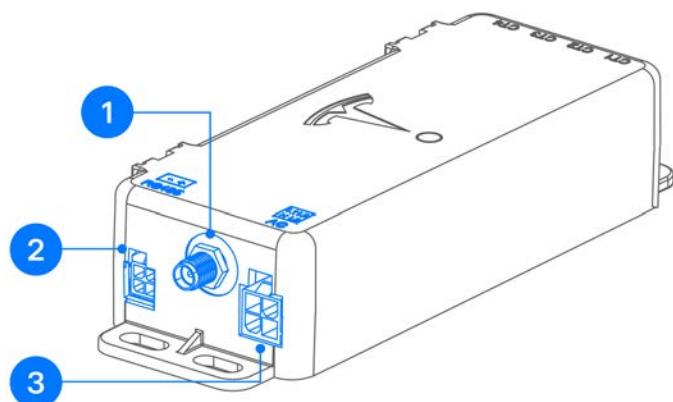
STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

About Tesla Remote Energy Meter

Tesla Remote Energy Meter Overview

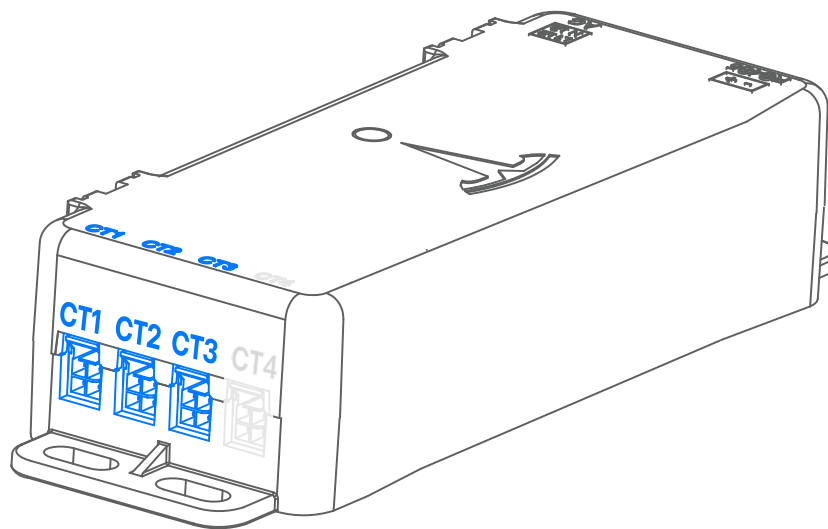
Tesla Remote Energy Meter can be connected to Powerwall 3 via Wi-Fi or an RS-485 (RS485) wiring harness.

Figure 35. Location of RS-485, AC, and External Antenna Terminals



1	External antenna input
2	RS-485
3	AC power

Figure 36. Location of CT Terminals



 **NOTE:** At the time of publication, Tesla Remote Energy Meter has (3) CT terminals. CT4 functionality will be available at a later date.



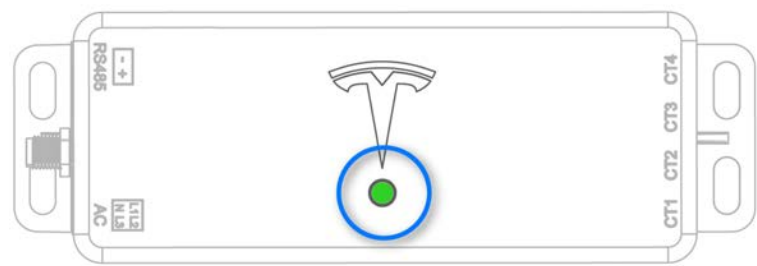
STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Tesla Remote Energy Meter LED

Tesla Remote Energy Meter has an LED which indicates the following status:

Solid green ON	Powered and operational
----------------	-------------------------

Figure 37. Tesla Remote Energy Meter LED Location





STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

About Voltage Taps and Current Transformer Connections

The Tesla Remote Energy Meter functions by measuring voltage (by voltage tap) and current (by Current Transformer, or CT) at key locations in the system. For the meter to function correctly, the following are critical:

1. The Tesla Remote Energy Meter voltage line harness leads must be connected to the correct phases.



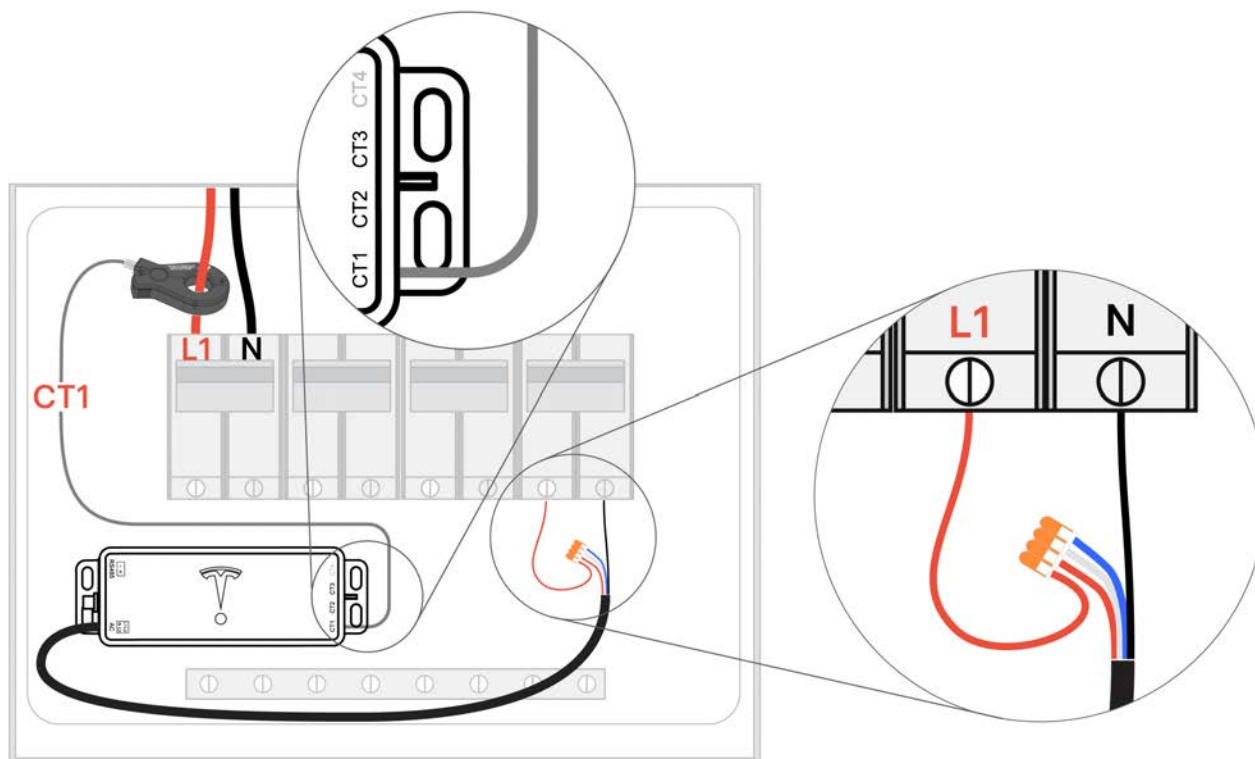
NOTE: Regardless of the grid type the system is connected to, Tesla Remote Energy Meter must always be connected to L1 and N. If the meter is connected to L2 and/or L3, but not L1, it will not be powered.

2. The CTs must be placed around conductors of the correct phase:

- CT1 = L1
- CT2 = L2
- CT3 = L3

The following illustrations provide some high level correct voltage harness wiring / CT installations:

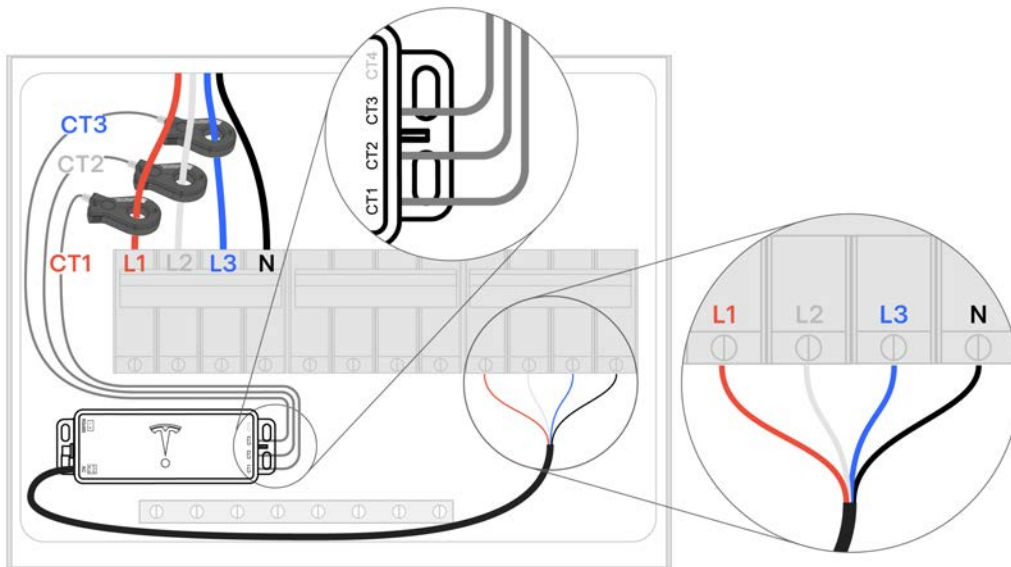
Figure 38. Voltage Harness Wiring and CT Placement (1-Phase Service)





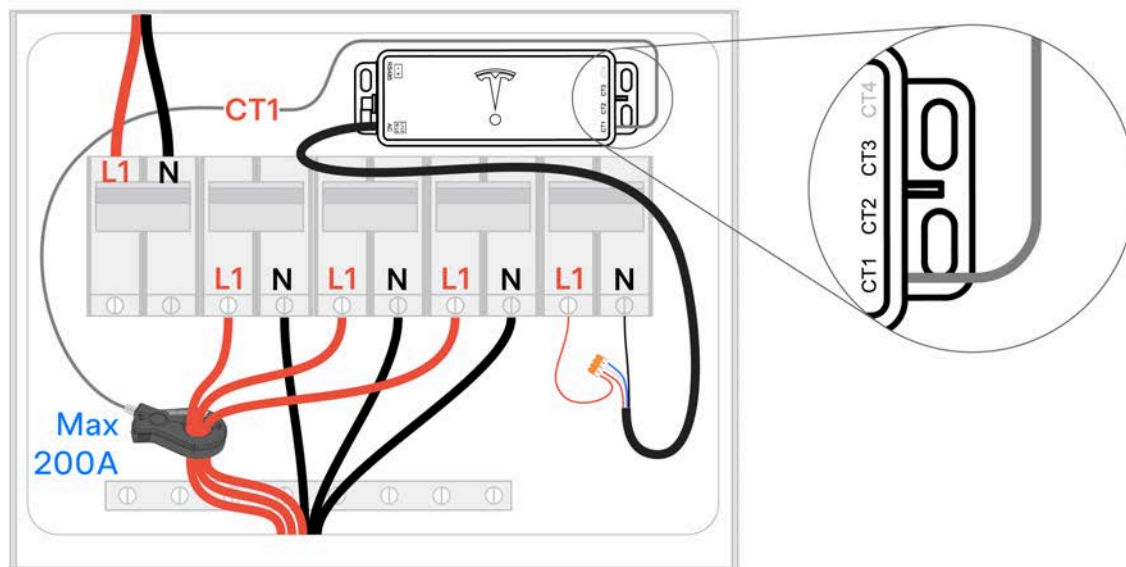
STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Figure 39. Voltage Harness Wiring and CT Placement (3-Phase Service)



NOTE: A single Tesla 200A CT can be placed around multiple conductors which are on the same phase, provided the sum of the conductor's current ratings does not exceed the CT's maximum current capacity. This is especially useful for systems with multiple solar inverters.

Figure 40. CT Placement Around Multiple Conductors of Same Phase



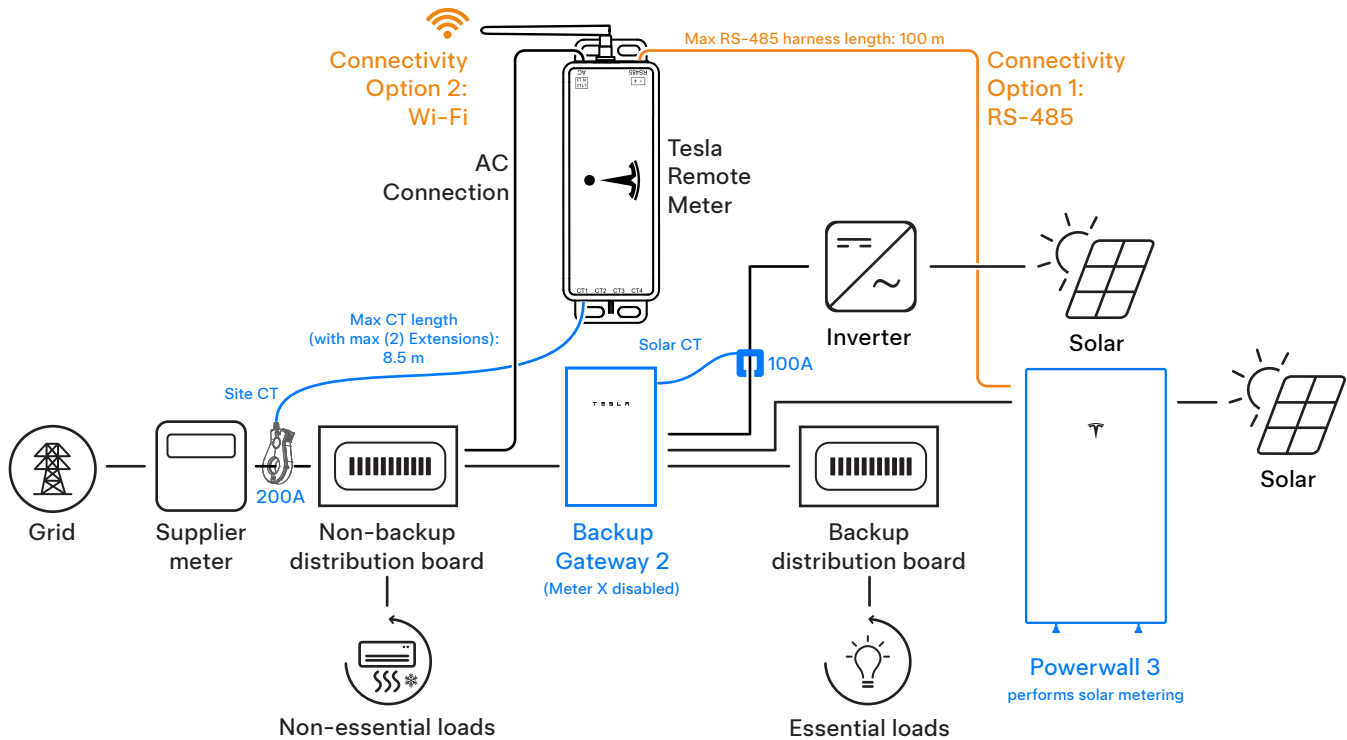


STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Install the Tesla Remote Energy Meter and CTs

Plan Meter and CT Locations

Before installing the meter and/or CTs, ensure none of the following maximum distances are exceeded:



Distance to Measure	Wiring Option	Tesla P/N (if applicable)	Maximum Distance
Meter to Point of Measurement	CT lead only	2033376-xx-y	1.5 m
	If additional length is required: CT extension (3.5 m long)	2060713-xx-y	8.5 m (CT extension (3.5 m) + CT extension (3.5 m) + CT lead (1.5 m) = max 8.5 m)
Meter to Powerwall 3 TACO (RS-485 wired connection)	RS-485 (RS485) harness	2045794-xx-y	1.2 m
	If additional length is required: 0.2 - 1.5 mm ² communication wiring	Not applicable (wiring supplied by installer)	100 m
Meter to Breaker	Voltage Harness	Not applicable (included in the kit)	600 mm
	If additional length is required: 1.5 - 6 mm ² AC wiring	Not applicable (wiring supplied by installer)	To maintain accuracy, keep the meter within 61 m of its breaker when using 2.5 mm ² wire



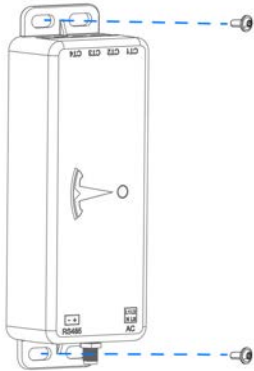
NOTE: A Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.



STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Install the Meter

1. Using the screws provided in the meter kit, attach the meter to the inside of the main distribution board or to another surface.



2. Connect the voltage line harness leads to a dedicated circuit breaker up to 16 A, of corresponding phase inside the distribution board.



WARNING: Before making the AC power connections, turn the AC circuit breaker of the main service disconnect OFF and secure it against reconnection.



NOTE: If a dedicated circuit breaker is not available, the voltage line harness can be spliced to existing breakers (see [Voltage Harness Wiring and CT Placement \(1-Phase Service\) on page 90](#)).

- a. **Red Wire:** Connect to L1 pole
 - b. **White Wire:** Connect to L2 pole
 - c. **Blue Wire:** Connect to L3 pole
 - d. **Black Wire:** Connect to the circuit breaker's Neutral pole or Neutral busbar in the distribution board
3. Plug the voltage line harness into the meter (see [Location of RS-485, AC, and External Antenna Terminals on page 88](#)).



STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

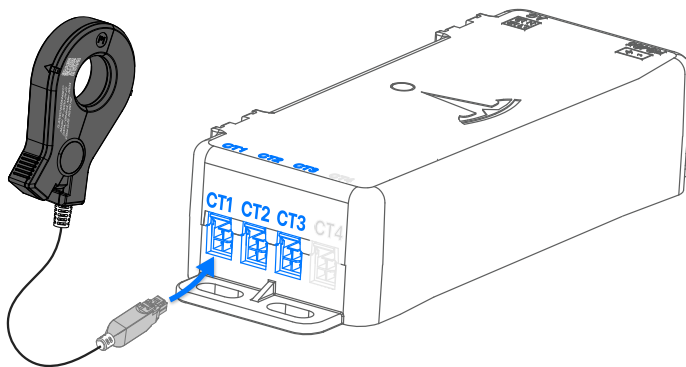
Install the CTs

For measuring the site, the CT must be placed around the corresponding conductor wire in the main distribution board, after the supplier meter and ahead of any loads. If the site includes solar equipment, place an additional CT on the solar conductor wire in the distribution board.

WARNING: Before installing, disconnecting, and/or adjusting CTs, ensure the circuits being measured are not energized and the system is completely powered down. Failure to de-energize the system may compromise operator and equipment safety.

To install a CT:

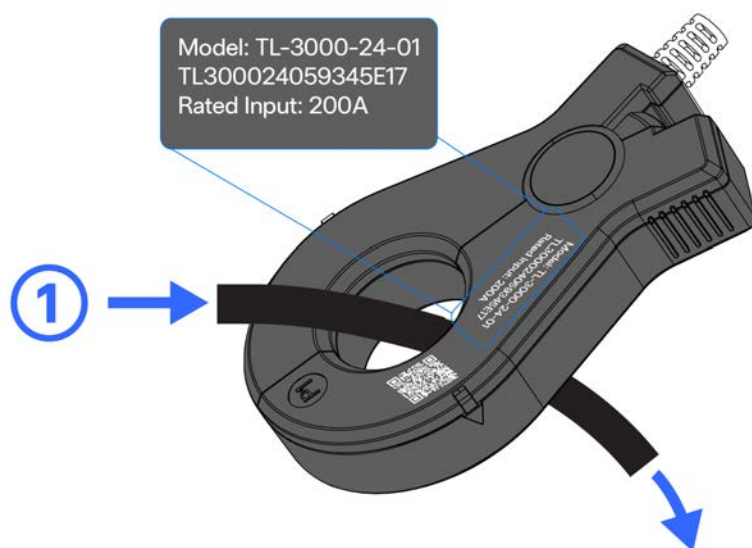
1. Plug the CT into the corresponding CT terminal on the meter.



2. Pinch the CT to open it, then close the CT around the conductor(s) being measured.

NOTE: Ensure the CT is installed so that the side with white text on the CT housing pointing toward the power source ① (service entrance / grid for Site CTs, solar inverter for Solar CTs). Always verify CTs are in the correct orientation by observing power flow in the Tesla One app.

Figure 41. CT Orientation in Relation to Power Flow

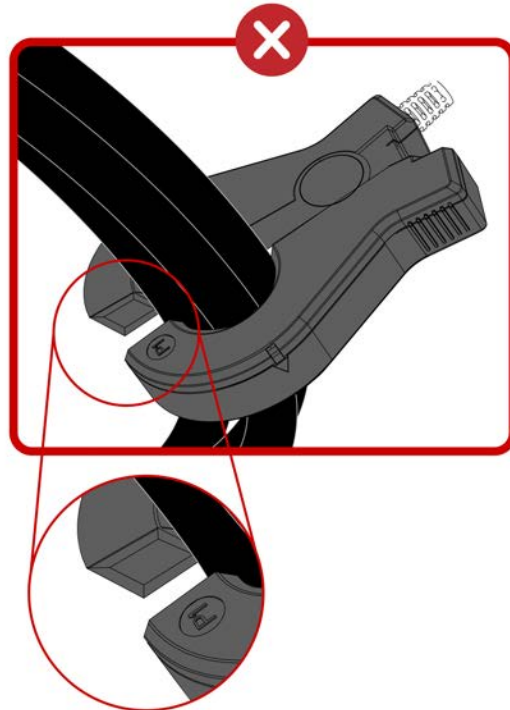
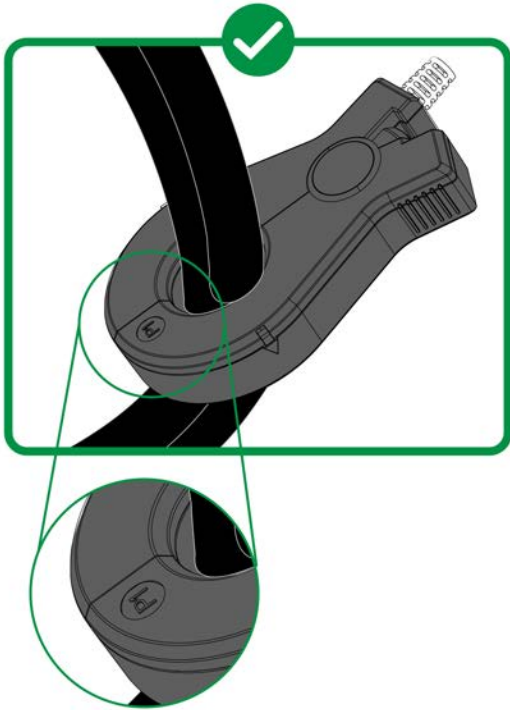




STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING



NOTE: Ensure the CT closes completely. If the CT is not closed, it will not measure properly. This is especially relevant if installing a CT around multiple conductors, or around large gauge wire.





STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Connect Tesla Remote Energy Meter to Powerwall 3

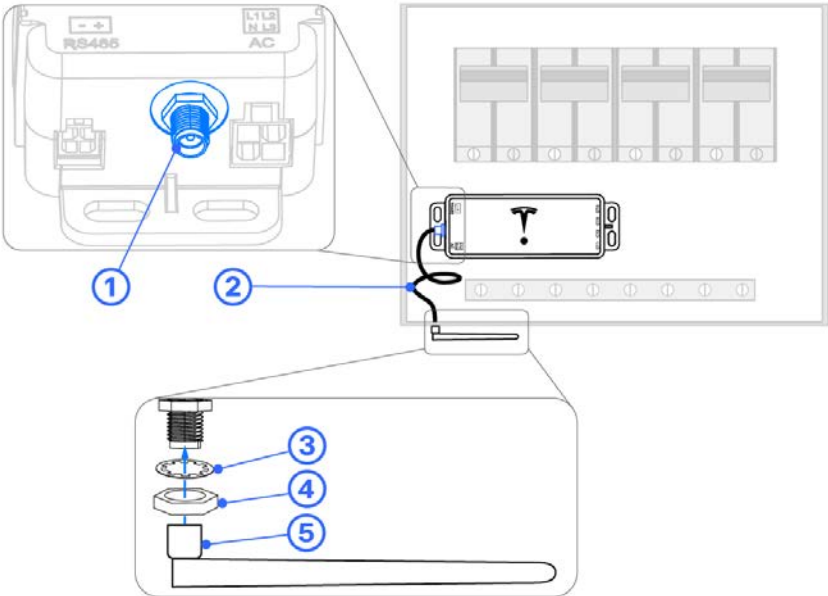
Connecting Tesla Remote Energy Meter via Wi-Fi:

When using Wi-Fi as the connection method, remote meters placed inside of load centers can be subject to signal interference, especially when a panel cover is installed. For best performance, where possible, use the included external antenna and the antenna extension cable to extend the external antenna.

- 1. Drill a 6 mm hole in the bottom of the enclosure to prevent water intrusion.
- 2. Route the provided antenna extender through the enclosure hole as shown below.

**CAUTION:** Ensure that the antenna extension cable is routed such that it is not touching any high voltage (HV) components.

- 3. Thread the provided lock washer and nut onto the extender, then thread the antenna onto the end of the extender.
- 4. Secure the antenna against the bottom of the enclosure.



1	External antenna input
2	External antenna extender
3	Lock washer
4	Nut
5	External antenna

Meter configuration, including pairing the meter via Wi-Fi must be performed during commissioning in the Tesla One app. See commissioning instructions in the Powerwall 3 Commissioning Guide.



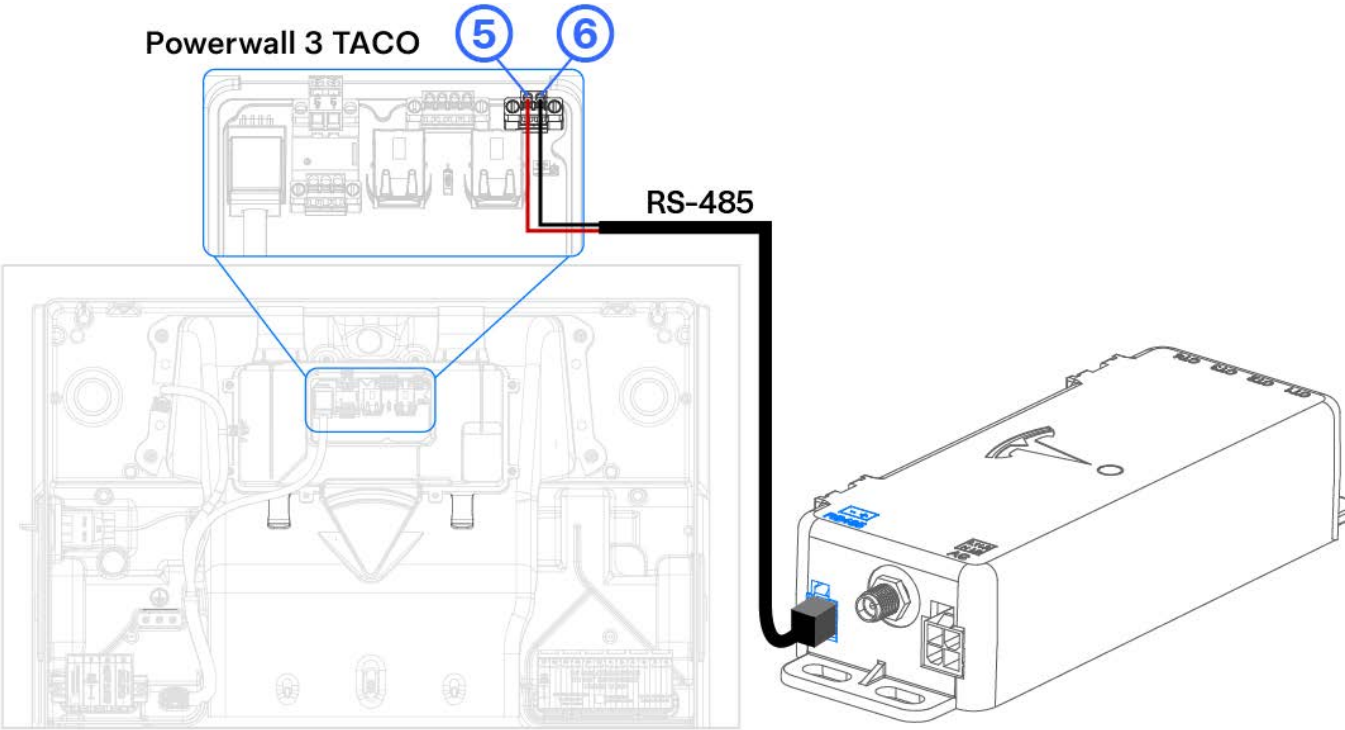
STEP 9: INSTALL ENERGY METERING

Connecting Tesla Remote Energy Meter via RS-485:

Wire the Tesla Remote Energy Meter to the Powerwall 3 Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) via RS-485 (RS485).

 **NOTE:** If required, extend the RS-485 harness up to 100 m using 0.2 - 1.5 mm² shielded twisted pair with drain wire.

- 1. Plug the 2-conductor RS-485 harness into the RS-485 terminal on the meter.
- 2. Connect the harness leads to the TACO by inserting them in the corresponding **Remote Energy Meter** connector.



TACO Remote Energy Metering Port Pin	Terminal Name	Wire Gauge
5	RS-485 +	0.2-1.5 mm ² or CAT5
6	RS-485 -	

Meter and CT(s) configuration must be performed during commissioning in the Tesla One app. See commissioning instructions in the Powerwall 3 Commissioning Guide.

 **NOTE:** If extending the RS-485 harness with wiring that includes a metal shield or drain wire, cut the excess shield and/or drain and insulate it with electrical tape.

Power On the Meter

Once the meter and CT(s) have been installed, the meter breaker can be closed to power on the meter for commissioning.

 **CAUTION:** For any changes to meter wiring and/or CT placement, always **Open** the meter breaker to power the meter off before performing any work.



STEP 10: COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION

Plan Internet Connection for Powerwall

Internet connectivity is required to receive the full 10-year Powerwall warranty, and for the customer to see their system in the Tesla App.

Cellular is available for commissioning and as a backup connection when Wi-Fi or Ethernet connections are lost. Once Powerwall has been registered to the customer, they can configure a Wi-Fi connection using the Tesla app. For customers without a strong Wi-Fi connection, install an Ethernet connection as follows.



NOTE: If the customer Wi-Fi network is available during the installation, the Wi-Fi connection can be configured during Device Setup.

Install Ethernet Connection

- Ethernet cable must be CAT5 cable at minimum.
- If not possible to run an Ethernet cable directly to the customer's network router, Powerline Ethernet socket adapters may be used.

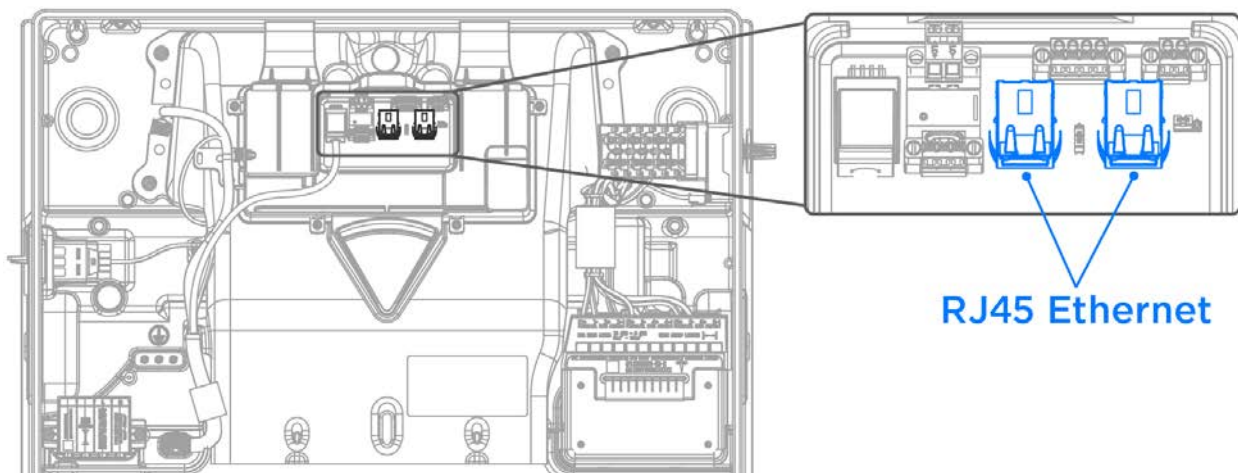


NOTE: If installing Powerline Ethernet socket adapters, ensure they are installed in the backup circuit.

- Connect the Ethernet cable to one of the RJ45 Ethernet terminals in the Powerwall 3. The LED on the Ethernet terminal will illuminate green to indicate Ethernet is connected.



NOTE: The amber LED on the Ethernet terminal will not illuminate. This is expected behavior.



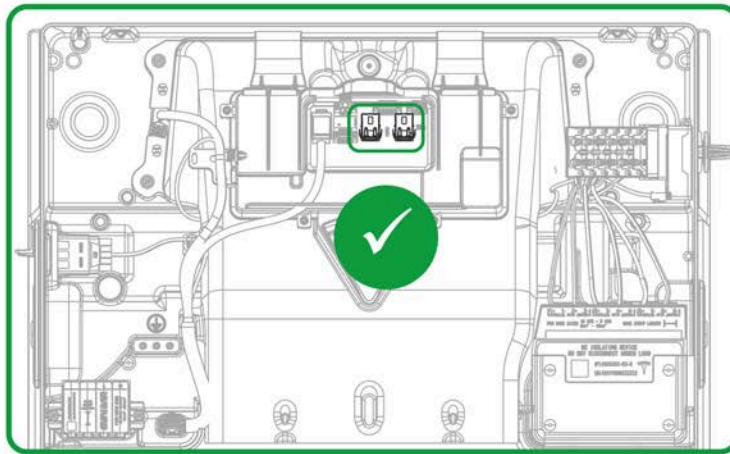
NOTE: See [Prepare Ethernet Wiring with RJ45 Connectors on page 122](#) for instructions to crimp RJ45 connectors on CAT5 or CAT6 cable.



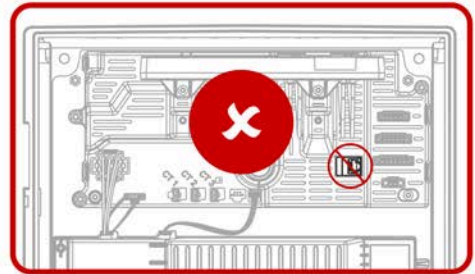
STEP 10: COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION



NOTE: Only connect Ethernet wiring to the Powerwall 3 Ethernet ports. The Tesla Asset Controller in Powerwall 3 controls system operation, so these Ethernet ports are the only functional ports in the system. **Do not** connect Ethernet to the Backup Gateway Ethernet port.



Powerwall 3

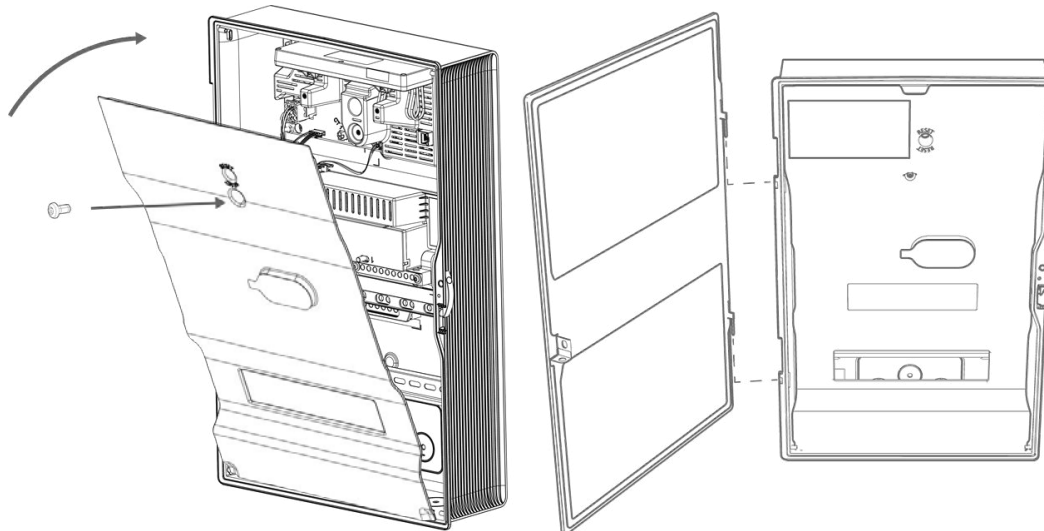


Backup Gateway

Close Backup Gateway 2 Wiring Compartment

1. **Before closing any installed hardware**, take photos of the completed wiring in the Powerwall, Backup Gateway 2, and main distribution board.
2. Inspect the AC and PV wiring terminals to ensure all wire strands are properly inserted.
3. Ensure that all conduit junctions and cable entry points are secure and properly sealed.
4. Install the Backup Gateway deadfront panel and secure it firmly with the original screw. Mount the Backup Gateway door, and latch it shut.

Figure 42. Install the Backup Gateway Deadfront Cover and Glass Door



NOTE: If the Backup Gateway is installed outdoors or in a high-traffic area, the latch can be locked shut.

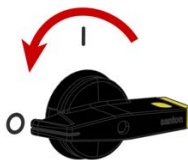
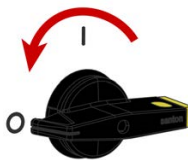
5. Clearly label all circuit breakers.



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM

WARNING: Before terminating any conductors inside Powerwall 3, ensure that the integrated DC isolator and Powerwall 3 On/Off switch are both turned OFF to de-energize the system. Confirm lack of voltage at the AC and PV terminals before proceeding.

Prepare the System for Commissioning

Powerwall Installation Complete?	Solar Installed?	Powerwall 3 On / Off Switch	Integrated DC Isolator	Powerwall 3 Breaker	Commissioning
No (no AC service, install crew unable to complete, etc.)	No	Leave the Powerwall 3 switch OFF 	Leave the integrated DC isolator OFF 	Leave the Powerwall 3 breaker OPEN (OFF)	Commissioning cannot be completed at this time
Yes	No	Leave the Powerwall 3 switch ON 	Leave the integrated DC isolator OFF 	Leave the Powerwall 3 breaker CLOSED (ON)	See Commission the System Ahead of Solar Installation on page 101 WARNING: Turn the Powerwall 3 switch OFF to de-energize the system terminating any conductors inside Powerwall 3. Confirm lack of voltage at the AC and PV terminals before proceeding.
Yes	Yes	Leave the Powerwall 3 switch ON 	Leave the integrated DC isolator ON 	Leave the Powerwall 3 breaker CLOSED (ON)	See Commission the System After Powerwall and Solar Installation on page 106



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM

Commission the System Ahead of Solar Installation

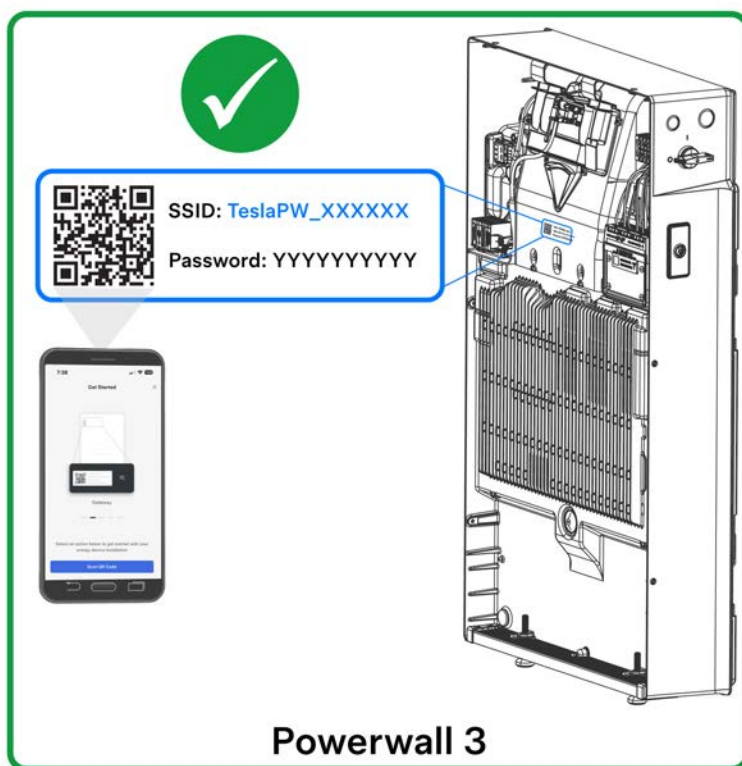
Powerwall Installation Crew Instructions

1. Close the AC circuit breaker for Powerwall 3 and the Backup Gateway.
2. Turn the Powerwall 3 switch **ON**.
3. Launch the **Tesla One** app.



NOTE: Ensure Tesla One is updated to version 7.9.1 or greater, or [install Tesla One](#) if using for the first time.

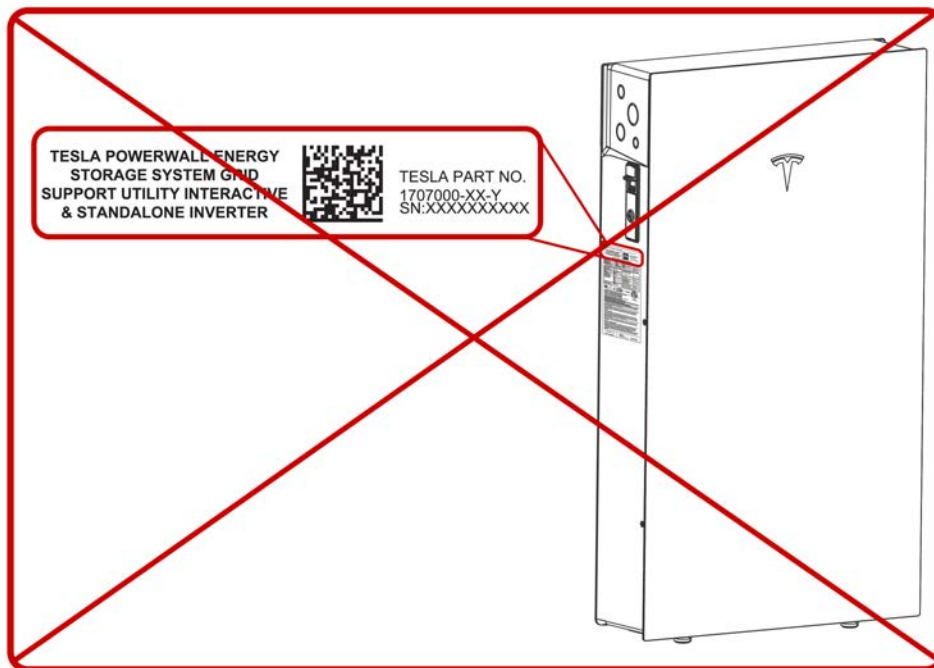
4. Navigate to **Device Setup** to begin commissioning.
5. Select **Scan** and scan the Powerwall 3 QR label to connect to the TeslaPW Wi-Fi network.
 - Scan the QR label on the Powerwall 3 Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) to commission the system.



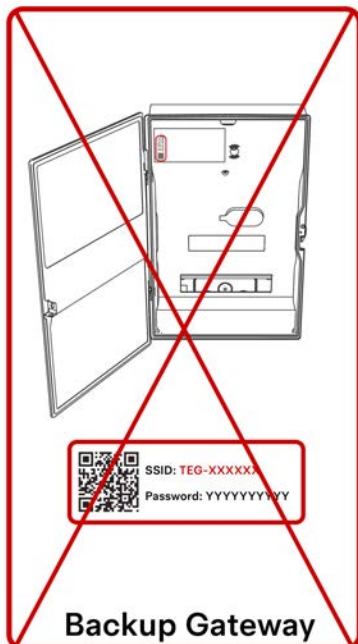
- Do not scan the datamatrix on the side of Powerwall 3



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM



- Do not scan the QR code on the Backup Gateway 2 deadfront



- Address any alerts to complete commissioning, skipping PV commissioning steps.

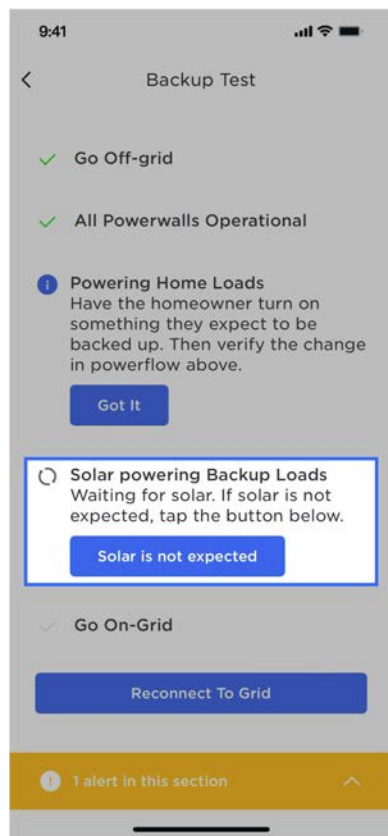


NOTE: When commissioning a system with no solar, Powerwall will charge from grid until State of Energy (SOE) is 20%. This is expected behavior.

- Perform the Backup Test, selecting **Solar is not expected**.



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM



NOTE: The Backup Test can be performed during the Backup Gateway 2 device update. There is no need to wait for the update to complete before performing the Backup Test.

8. Leave the system running in Tesla One.
9. Leave the Powerwall 3 switch **ON** and the breaker **CLOSED** to enable charging.
10. Leave the Powerwall 3 integrated DC isolator **OFF**.
11. Leave the following accessories with the customer, for use by the Solar installation crew:
 - Extra T20 fasteners for front cover
 - Installation quick guide (for guidance on correctly installing PV wiring)



NOTE: See the [Powerwall 3 Device Setup Guide](#) for instructions.

Solar Installation Crew Instructions

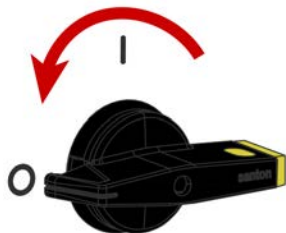
1. Retrieve the Powerwall 3 accessories from the customer. These should have been left by the Powerwall crew.
2. Turn the Powerwall 3 switch OFF to de-energize the system; see [Appendix F: Shutting Down Powerwall 3 on page 190](#) for complete de-energization instructions.



3. Confirm the Powerwall 3 integrated DC isolator is OFF.



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM

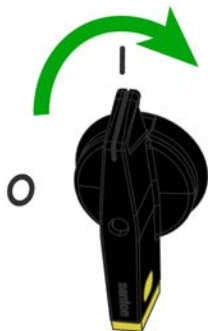


WARNING: Confirm lack of voltage at the AC and PV terminals before proceeding.

4. See [STEP 7: Make Solar PV Connections on page 78](#) for instructions to complete the solar installation.
5. Re-energize Powerwall 3:
 - a. Remove the lock / tag and breaker hasp from the Powerwall 3 breaker, then turn the breaker ON.
 - b. Turn the Powerwall 3 switch ON.



6. Turn the Powerwall 3 integrated DC isolator **ON**.



7. Launch the **Tesla One** app.



NOTE: Ensure Tesla One is updated to version 7.9.1 or greater, or [install Tesla One](#) if using for the first time.

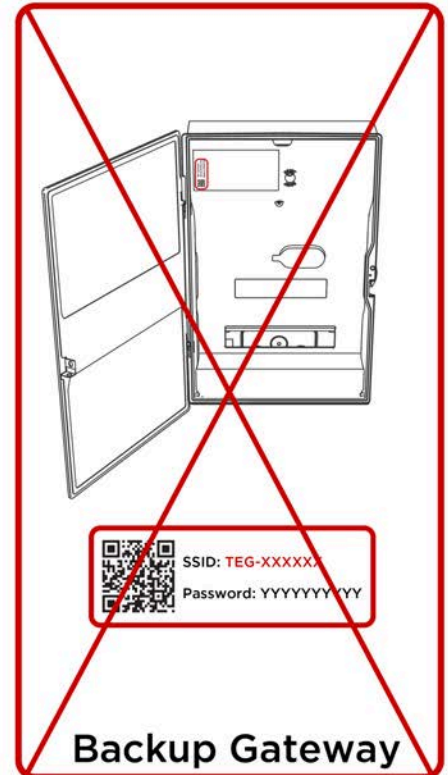
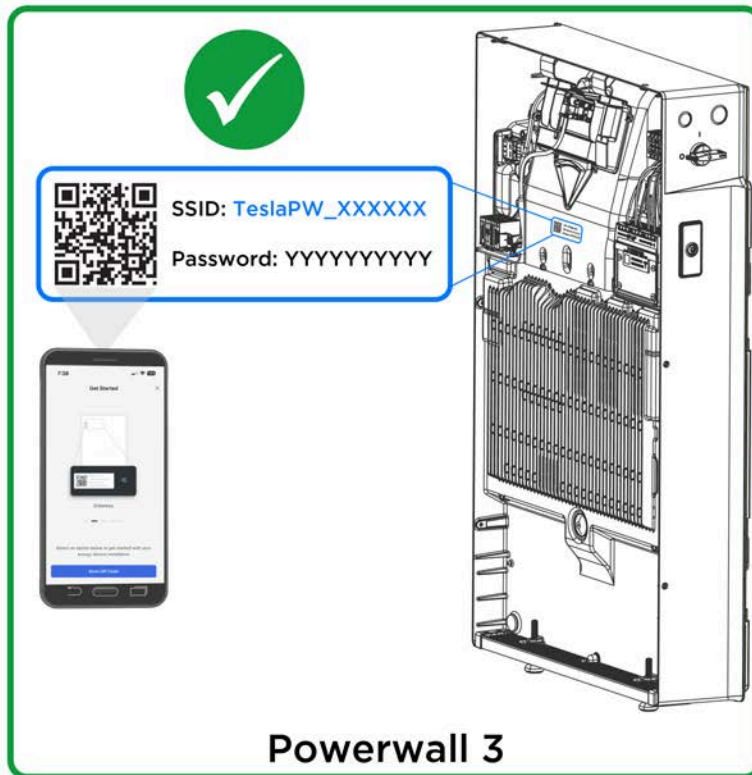
8. Navigate to **Device Setup** to begin commissioning.
9. Select **Scan** and scan the Powerwall 3 QR label to connect to the TeslaPW Wi-Fi network.



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM



NOTE: Connect to Powerwall 3 to commission the system. **Do not attempt to connect to Backup Gateway to commission.**



10. Address any alerts to complete commissioning.
11. On the Powerwall 3 *Device* page, compare the MPPT voltages with those listed on the planset to confirm the installation matches what is expected for the strings.
12. Perform the Backup Test with solar.
13. Install the Powerwall 3 front cover, fastening with the new T20 fasteners that were left with the customer.
14. Leave the system running in Tesla One.
15. Leave the Powerwall switch **ON** and the breaker **CLOSED** to enable charging.



NOTE: See the [Powerwall 3 Device Setup Guide](#) for instructions.



NOTE: The Powerwall 3 On / Off switch has a locking mechanism. When the switch is locked it cannot be turned on. See [Powerwall 3 Switch Locking Mechanisms on page 133](#) for more information.



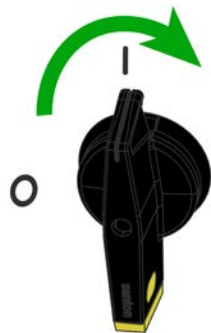
STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM

Commission the System After Powerwall 3 and Solar Installation

1. Close the AC circuit breaker for Powerwall 3 and the Backup Gateway.
2. Turn the Powerwall 3 switch **ON**.



3. Turn the Powerwall 3 Integrated DC Isolator **ON**.



4. Launch the **Tesla One** app.

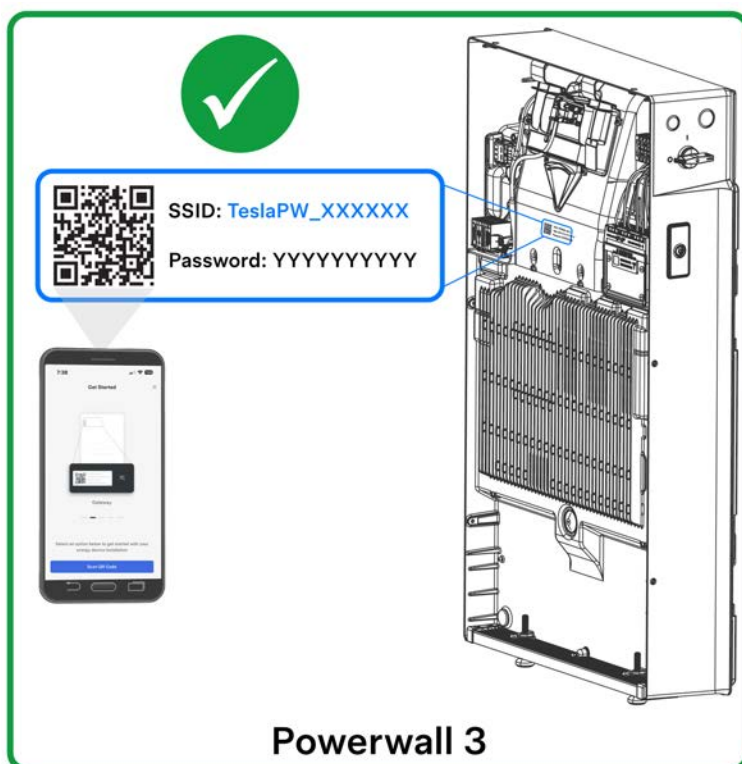


NOTE: Ensure Tesla One is updated to version 7.9.1 or greater, or [install Tesla One](#) if using for the first time.

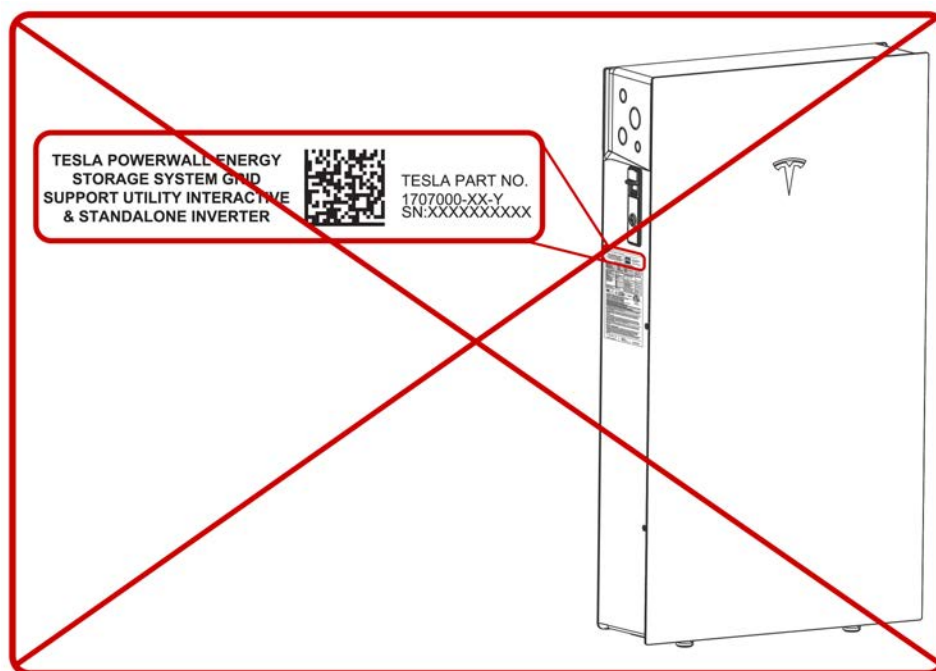
5. Navigate to **Device Setup** to begin commissioning.
6. Select **Scan** and scan the Powerwall 3 QR label to connect to the TeslaPW Wi-Fi network.
 - Scan the QR label on the Powerwall 3 Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) to commission the system.



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM



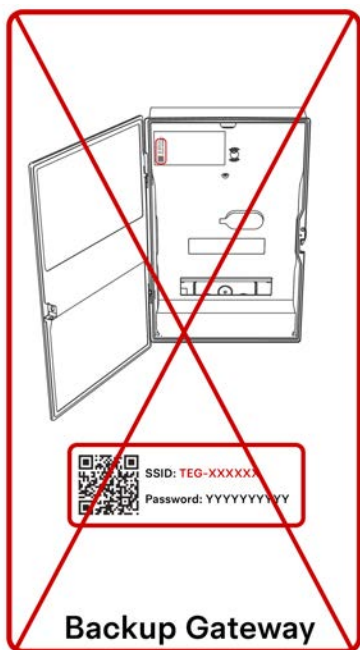
- Do not scan the datamatrix on the side of Powerwall 3



- Do not scan the QR code on the Backup Gateway 2 deadfront



STEP 11: TURN ON AND COMMISSION THE SYSTEM



7. Address any alerts to complete commissioning.



NOTE:

- See the [Powerwall 3 Device Setup Guide](#) for instructions.
- The Backup Test can be performed during the Backup Gateway 2 device update. There is no need to wait for the update to complete before performing the Backup Test.

8. Leave the system running in Tesla One.
9. Leave the Powerwall switch **ON** and the breaker **CLOSED** to enable charging.

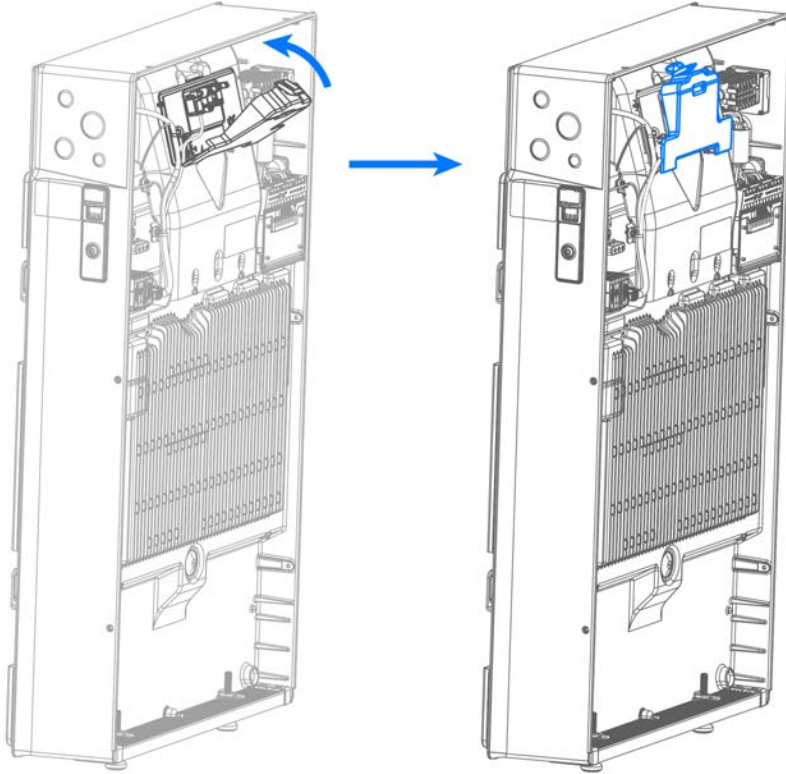


NOTE: The Powerwall 3 On / Off switch has a locking mechanism. When the switch is locked it cannot be turned on. See [Powerwall 3 Switch Locking Mechanisms on page 133](#) for more information.



STEP 12: INSTALL POWERWALL 3 FRONT COVER

1. Inspect the AC and PV wiring terminals to ensure all wire strands are properly inserted.
2. Ensure that all conduit junctions and cable entry points are secure and properly sealed.
3. Arrange all communication wires inside the Tesla Asset Controller cover, then close the cover.

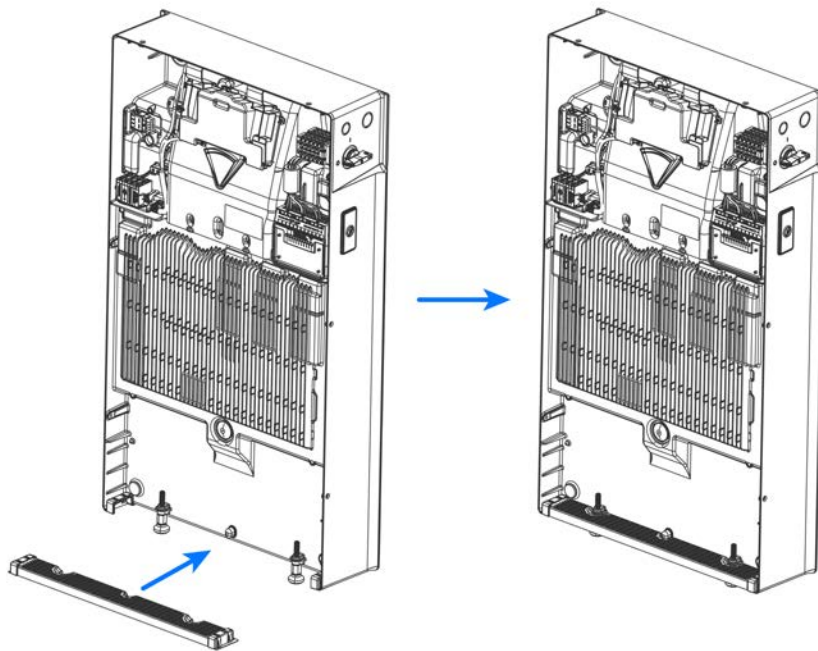


4. Arrange all wires neatly inside the Powerwall wiring compartment.



STEP 12: INSTALL POWERWALL 3 FRONT COVER

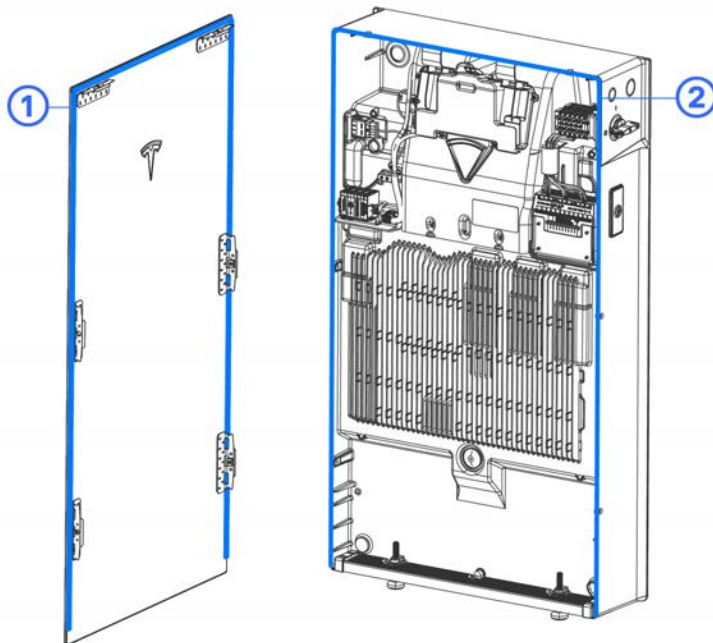
5. Install the air intake screen over the opening at the bottom of Powerwall, ensuring it snaps into place.



6. Clean the front edge of the Powerwall enclosure with a microfiber cloth to remove any debris that might interfere with the seal.
7. Carefully remove the glass front cover from its packaging and, using a microfiber cloth, clean the sealing gasket ① around the edge of the front cover and the front edge of the enclosure ② to remove any debris that might interfere with the seal.



CAUTION: Take extreme care when handling the sealing gasket. Damage to or contamination of the gasket or its mating surface could compromise Powerwall's ingress protection, resulting in product damage.



8. Carefully install the glass front cover:
 - a. Align the lower mounting tabs with the two alignment shelves in the enclosure (A).

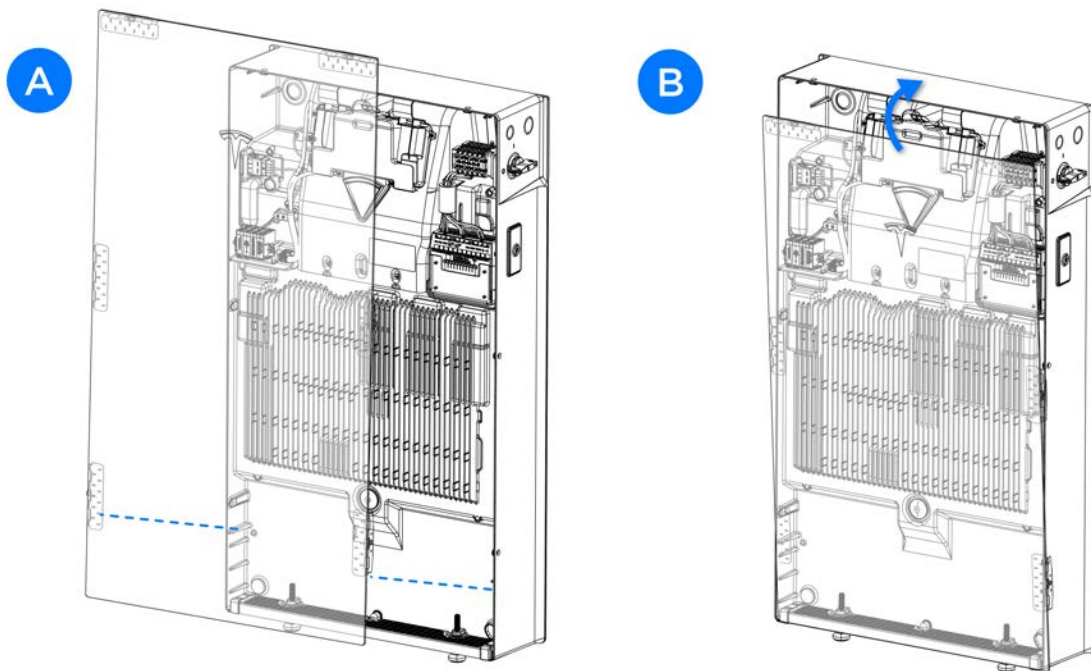


STEP 12: INSTALL POWERWALL 3 FRONT COVER

- b. Rotate the front cover toward the enclosure to engage the top mounting tabs with the enclosure (B). Maintain pressure (approximately 2 Nm) on the front of the cover to compress the sealing gasket.



CAUTION: Maintain pressure to keep the sealing gasket compressed until all fasteners are installed and tightened. If the sealing gasket is not compressed, the fasteners may thread form in the enclosure, breaking the front cover mounting tabs.



- c. Install and tighten the top (2X) T20 fasteners in the fastener slots (C).



NOTE: T20 fasteners (Tesla P/N 1847553-00-A) are included in the accessory bag:

- Early revisions of the fasteners (left, below) include a black gasket ① and are single use; remove the gasket to reuse these fasteners to reinstall the glass front cover
- Later revisions of the fasteners (right, below) do not include a gasket and can be reused to reinstall the glass front cover



The gasket is not required and does not impact the enclosure rating of Powerwall 3.

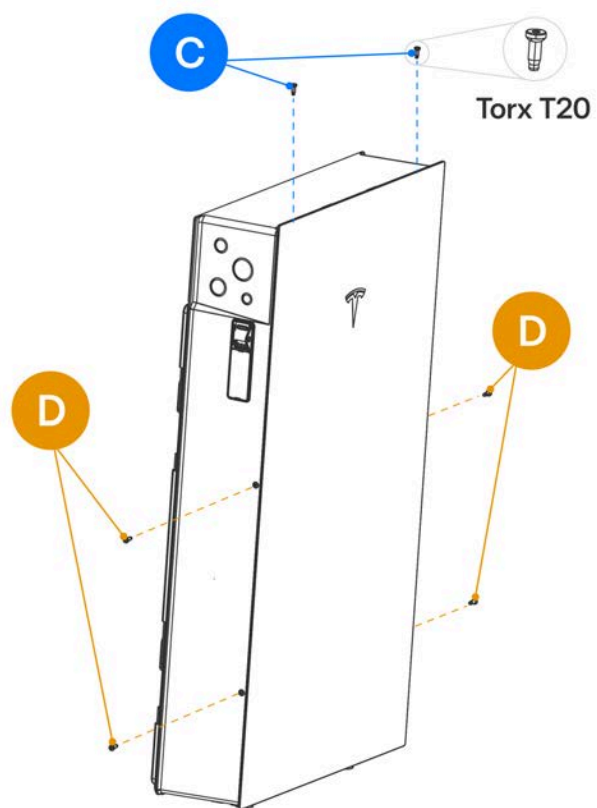
- d. Install and tighten the remaining (4X) T20 fasteners in the fastener slots on the sides of the unit (D).
e. Tighten each fastener to approximately (2.8 Nm) or hand-tight.



CAUTION: Do not use an impact driver to torque the fasteners.



STEP 12: INSTALL POWERWALL 3 FRONT COVER





STEP 13: DEMONSTRATE THE INSTALLATION

1. Ask the homeowner to download and install the Tesla mobile app, log in or create a new Tesla account, and assist them with registering their product.
2. Show the homeowner the location of the serial number sticker on the left side of Powerwall, below the On/Off switch.
3. Demonstrate the capabilities of the Tesla mobile app, such as how to change the operation mode.
4. Simulate an outage by opening the main breaker and show that Powerwall is powering backup loads.
5. Archive the photos from the installation.

Technical Support

Resources for Certified Installers, including the latest versions of installation manuals, are available within the Tesla Partner Portal:

<https://partners.tesla.com>

Maintenance

Powerwall 3 does not require pre-scheduled preventative maintenance. The only maintenance required by an owner is to keep the unit connected to the internet and free and clear of debris, especially around the air intake and exhaust. When needed, the air intake vent can be removed and hosed off.

To clean Powerwall 3, use a soft, lint-free cloth. If needed, the cloth can be dampened with mild soap and water only. Do not use cleaning solvents to clean Powerwall 3, or expose Powerwall 3 to flammable or harsh chemicals or vapors.



APPENDIX A: POWERWALL 3 ANCHORING DETAILS

General Anchoring Notes

-  **NOTE:** The details below are minimum guidelines and are not guaranteed to be applicable.
-  **NOTE:** All fasteners shall be galvanized or stainless steel for exterior applications.
-  **NOTE:** All wall framing referenced in the details must be part of the home's main permitted bearing wall and/or lateral force resisting system. The contractor and their licensed design professional are responsible for ensuring the walls, and their load transfer connections, are structurally sound to support all code-specified vertical and lateral loading imposed by the equipment. Improper mounting or the use of a wall that is not structurally sound could result in serious injury and/or product damage.
-  **NOTE:** At the contractor's expense and with no liability to Tesla, the homeowner and contractor can work with a third party licensed engineer and building department to develop alternative supports.
-  **NOTE:** Do not mount below or above windows of the same story wall. Mounting equipment on fences, half walls, retaining walls, or other non-structural construction is not allowed. Supporting framing must be part of a permitted structure and any unusual framing near the mounting area that may compromise the wall's integrity shall be evaluated by the contractor and their licensed design professional.

Anchoring Details for Ground- or Wall-mounting Powerwall 3 with Wall Bracket on Existing Approved Foundation

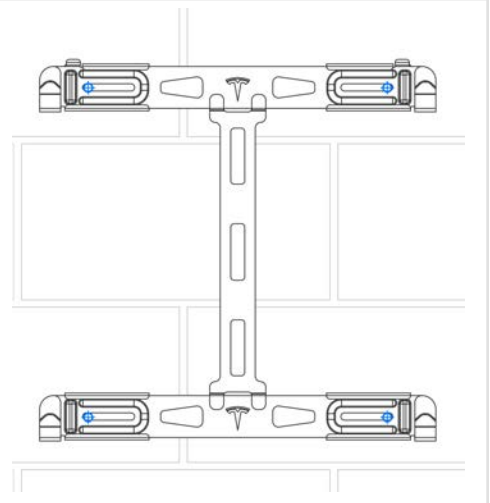
Reference these anchoring details when mounting Powerwall 3 to the provided mounting bracket.

Concrete Masonry Unit Wall

Minimum strength must be 11 MPa.

Use at least four (one in each corner, in any available anchor slot) 10 mm concrete anchors of sufficient length for 50 mm embedment into the material.

Anchors shall not be installed within 305 mm of wall edges or 38 mm of masonry block edges.



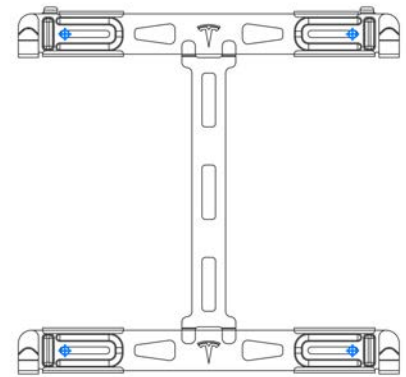


APPENDIX A: POWERWALL 3 ANCHORING DETAILS

Solid Concrete Wall

Minimum strength must be 18 MPa.

Use at least four (one in each corner, in any available anchor slot) 10 mm concrete anchors of sufficient length for at least 64 mm embedment into the wall.



Brick Wall

(Double and Single Layer of Brick Masonry)

Minimum strength must be 12 MPa.

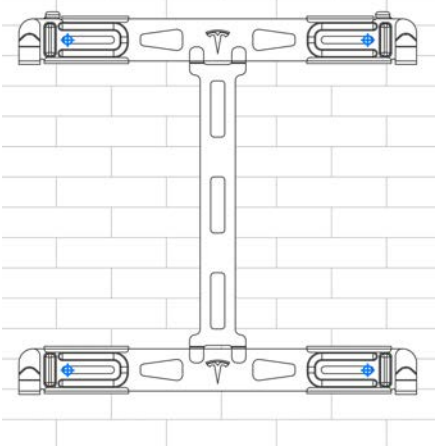
Use at least four (one in each corner, in any available anchor slot) 6 mm masonry anchors of sufficient length for 79 mm embedment.



NOTE: Faux brick veneer is not a supported wall type for Powerwall installations.



NOTE: Fasteners shall not be installed in mortar joints.



Channel Strut (Unistrut)

Struts must be minimum 12 gauge, and either 22 mm or 41 mm.

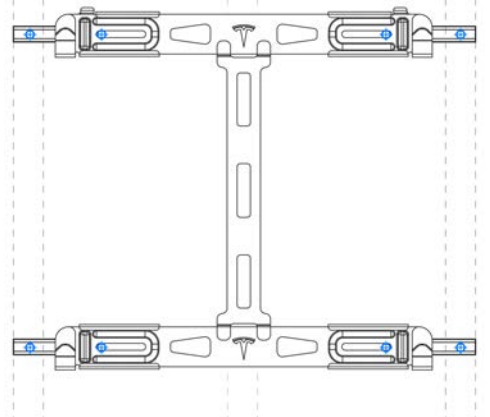
If mounting on wood structural members, attach each strut to at least two structural members, using at least one 6 mm wood screw with washer per structural member, of sufficient length for at least 64 mm embedment into the structural members.

If mounting on metal structural members, attach each strut to at least three structural members, using at least one #14 (6 mm) sheet metal screw with washer per structural member, of sufficient length to penetrate at least 3 threads beyond the structural members.



NOTE: For either wood or metal structural members, these requirements are per Powerwall (e.g. two structural members per Powerwall on wood structural members, or three structural members per Powerwall on metal structural members).

To attach the bracket to the struts, use at least four (one in each corner) 10 mm hex head screws with washers and strut nuts.





APPENDIX A: POWERWALL 3 ANCHORING DETAILS

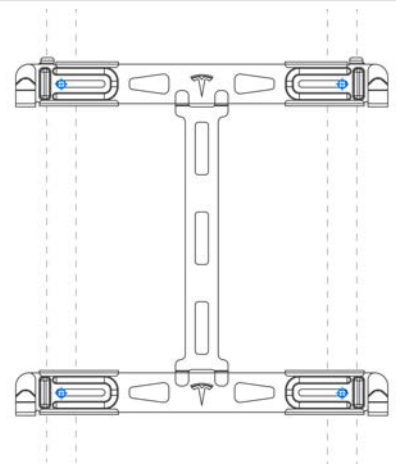
Channel strut shall have a maximum unsupported span of 610 mm and shall not be cantilevered.

Wood Structural Members 305 mm to 432 mm

If anchoring directly into wood structural members, use at least four (one in each corner) 6 mm wood screws with washers, of sufficient length for at least 64 mm embedment into the structural members.



NOTE: See [Channel Strut \(Unistrut\) on page 115](#) for structural member spacing greater than 432 mm, up to 610 mm.

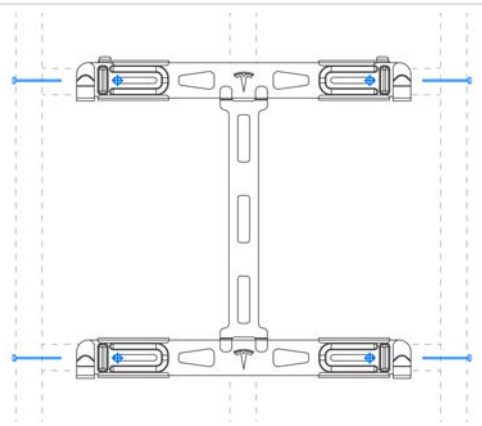


Wood Structural Members 305 mm to 432 mm

If anchoring to blocking between wood structural members, use minimum 38 x 89 mm blocks, end-nailed into structural members with two 16d (89 x 4 mm) nails or toe-nailed into structural members with four 8d (64 x 3 mm) nails. Use at least four (one in each corner) 6 mm wood screws with washers, of sufficient length for at least 64 mm embedment into the blocking.



NOTE: See [Channel Strut \(Unistrut\) on page 115](#) for structural member spacing greater than 432 mm, up to 610 mm.



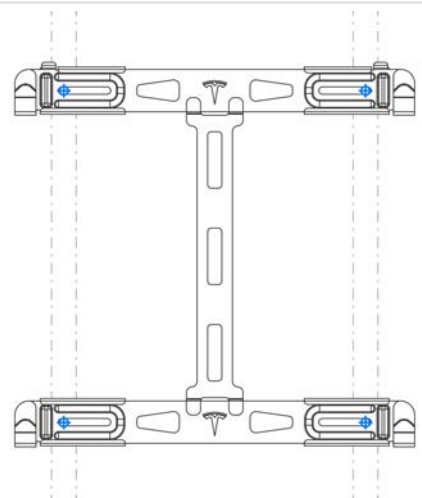
Metal Structural Members 305 mm to 432 mm

If anchoring directly to metal structural members, structural members must be minimum 18 gauge. Use at least four (one in each corner) #14 (6 mm) sheet metal screws with washers, of sufficient length to penetrate at least 3 threads beyond the structural member.

If backing is needed between the structural members, the backing must be minimum 18 gauge. Attach backing to metal structural members with 12 gauge 76 x 76 mm angle clip or Simpson SFC2.25 clips with two #10 sheet metal screws in each leg.



NOTE: See [Channel Strut \(Unistrut\) on page 115](#) for structural member spacing greater than 432 mm, up to 610 mm.





APPENDIX A: POWERWALL 3 ANCHORING DETAILS

Powerwall 3 Center of Mass

Table 3. Center of Mass for Powerwall 3 and/or Expansion Unit(s)

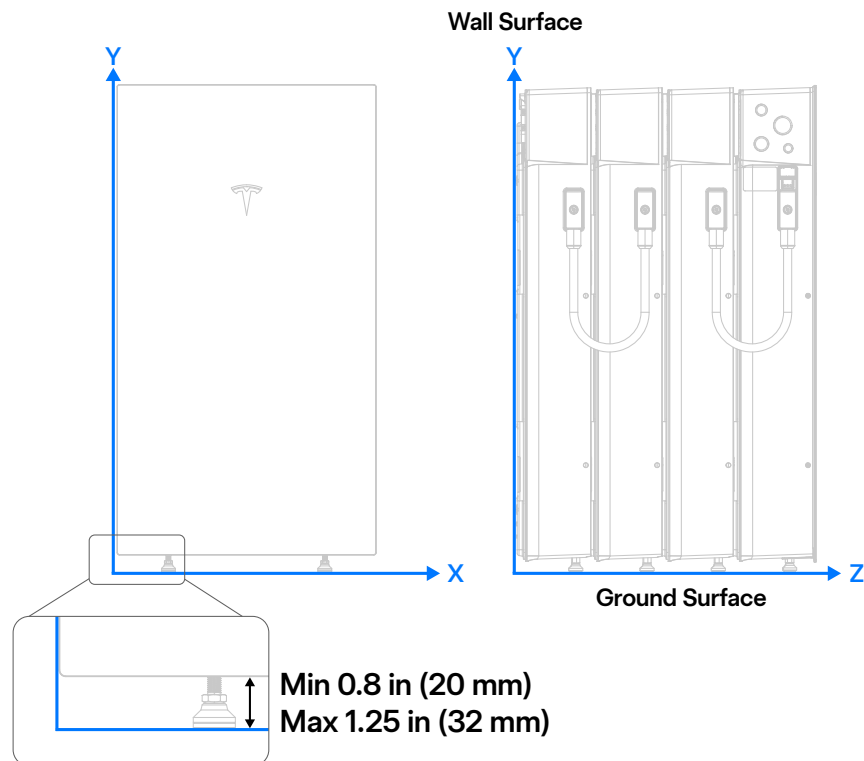
Configuration	Includes	Total Weight	Center of Mass (mm) (+/- 4 mm)		
			X	Y*	Z
(1) Powerwall 3	(1) front cover, (1) wall bracket	291.2 lb (132 kg)	304	506	84
(1) Powerwall 3 and (1) Expansion (stacked)	(1) front cover, (2) wall brackets, (1) set of Expansion stacking accessories, (1) Expansion harness	541.4 lb (245.6 kg)	304	487	168
(1) Powerwall 3 and (2) Expansions (stacked)	(1) front cover, (3) wall brackets, (2) set of Expansion stacking accessories, (2) Expansion harnesses	791.6 lb (359.1 kg)	304	479	251
(1) Powerwall 3 and (3) Expansions (stacked)	(1) front cover, (4) wall brackets, (3) set of Expansion stacking accessories, (3) Expansion harnesses	1041.8 lb (472.6 kg)	304	476	333
(1) Expansion unit	(1) front cover, (1) wall bracket	261.2 lb (118.5 kg)	304	464	75
(2) Expansions (stacked)	(1) front cover, (2) wall brackets, (1) set of Expansion stacking accessories, (1) Expansion harness	511.4 lb (232 kg)	304	464	159
(3) Expansions (stacked)	(1) front cover, (3) wall brackets, (2) set of Expansion stacking accessories, (2) Expansion harnesses	761.6 lb (345.5 kg)	304	464	241

*In these measurements, the Powerwall 3 / Expansion feet are at the lowest height setting. The feet can be adjusted up to 12 mm in height.



APPENDIX A: POWERWALL 3 ANCHORING DETAILS

Figure 43. Measuring Center of Mass from Bottom Left Corner of Front Cover and Surface of Supporting Structure

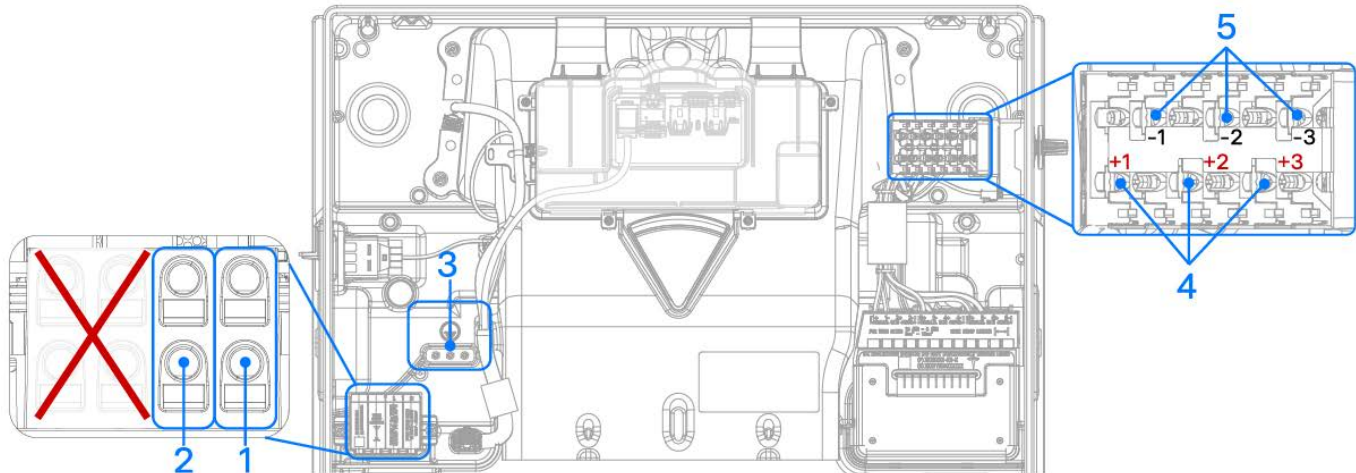


NOTE: A structural designer or other qualified person acceptable to the local authority may use the total weight and center of mass information for the individual or stacked assembly to calculate the applicable building code design forces acting on the supporting structure.



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

Powerwall 3 AC and PV Wiring



	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Size
1	N (Neutral)	Black	6 - 25 mm ²
2	L1 (Line 1)	Red	
 NOTE: The two terminals to the left of L1 are not used.			
3	Protective Earth terminals	Green	2.5 - 25 mm ²
4	Integrated DC Isolator Positive inputs (PV 1+, 2+, 3+)	Red	Use forked terminals; Tesla recommends the following or equivalent: • TE Connectivity P/N 165015 (4 - 6 mm² wire size) • Vogt P/N 3654c / 3655c (4 - 6 mm² wire size)
5	Integrated DC Isolator Negative inputs (PV 1-, 2-, 3-)	Black	



NOTE: The two leftmost terminals in the AC connector are not used.



NOTE: AC power output terminals are rated to a minimum of 90°C.



NOTE: Use only copper conductors in the PV connector and GND terminals.

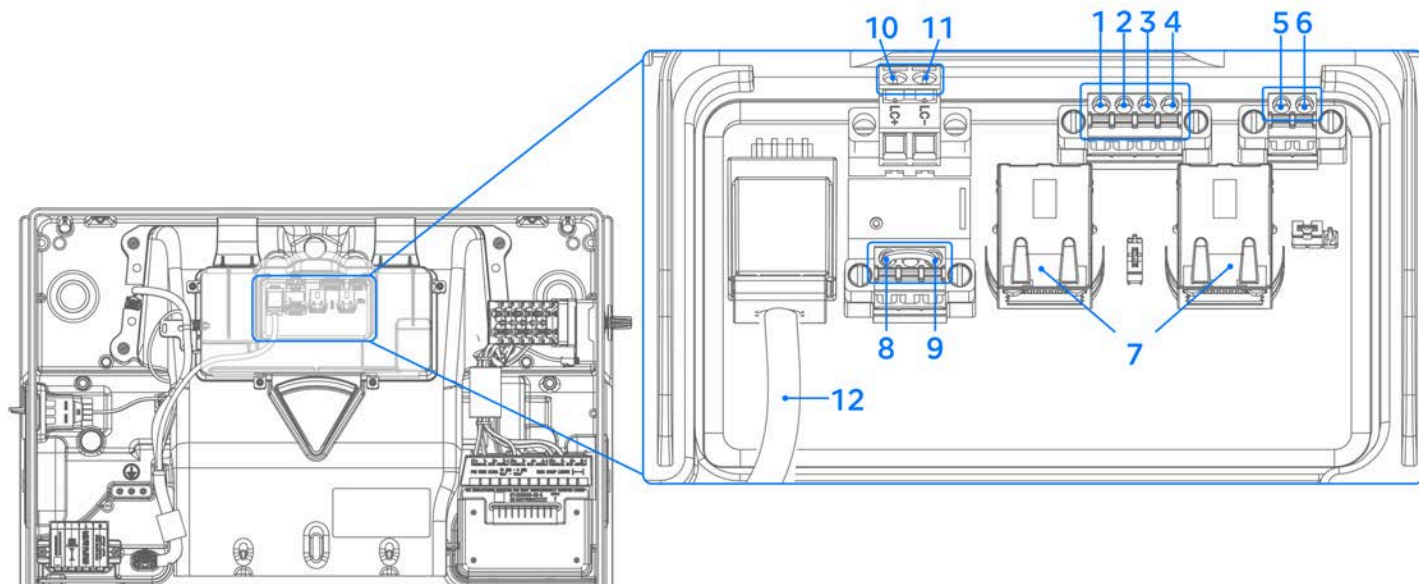


NOTE: PV input terminals (MPPT DC inputs) are rated to a minimum of 75°C.



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) Low Voltage and Communication Wiring



Communication Wiring to Backup Gateway 2



NOTE: Refer to local codes and standards for correct wiring practices and wire colors.

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Gauge
1	CN- (CAN LO)	Orange	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
2	CN+ (CAN HI)	Blue	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
3	GND (Earth)	Black	1 - 1.5 mm ²
4	12V+ (Logic+)	Red	1 - 1.5 mm ²

Tesla Remote Energy Meter RS-485 (RS485) Wiring

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Gauge
5	RS-485 +	Red	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
6	RS-485 -	Black	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²

Ethernet Jacks

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Requirements
7	RJ45 Ethernet jacks	-	CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet wiring (see Prepare Ethernet Wiring with RJ45 Connectors on page 122)

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Gauge
8	RSD +	Red	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
9	RSD -	Black	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE



NOTE: The terminal between the two RSD terminals is not used.

Aux Wiring

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Gauge
10	Load Control +	-	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
11	Load Control -	-	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²

TACO Low Voltage Harness

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Gauge
12	TACO low voltage harness (provides 12V power to TACO)	-	-



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

Prepare Ethernet Wiring with RJ45 Connectors

Recommended Tools

- RJ45 Ethernet crimping tool
- Ethernet tester

Prepare Ethernet Wiring

1. Cut the desired length of CAT5 wire.



NOTE: See [Plan Cable Length Between Components on page 42](#) for maximum wire length between components.

2. Using an RJ45 Ethernet crimping tool, crimp the RJ45 connectors to the T-568A wire color standard as shown below:

	Pin-out	Wire Color
	1	Green striped
	2	Green
	3	Orange striped
	4	Blue
	5	Blue striped
	6	Orange
	7	Brown striped
	8	Brown

3. Test the Ethernet cable using an Ethernet tester. Ensure the readings from either end of the cable match, 1-8 in ascending order.



Solar or Load Shedding Feature

Overview

Beginning with Powerwall software version 25.2 and Tesla One version 12.32, Powerwall 3 allows for solar or load shedding, meaning a low voltage, dry contact control circuit can be wired to control a specific load or a solar inverter that is too large to be included in the backup circuit. For instance, an air conditioning load controlled by a thermostat can be wired to the Powerwall 3 Aux wiring terminals so that the load can be shed when the Powerwall system is off-grid.

When solar or load shedding has been configured and the Powerwall system is on-grid, the low voltage control circuit is closed and the solar inverter / load is powered. When the system is operating off-grid, the low voltage control circuit is open and the solar inverter / load is OFF.

When the system is wired for solar or load shedding, the controlled solar / load breaker can remain in the backup panel.

Wiring the System for Solar or Load Shedding



NOTE: The load shed relay is rated up to 60 V (DC or AC) and 2 A.

1. Route the low voltage cable to the equipment that is being load shed (in the example below, the cable is routed to the condenser).
2. Identify the two existing low voltage control wires at the condenser (in the example below, these wires connect the thermostat to the condenser).
3. Remove only one of the low voltage control wires (either wire can be removed).
4. Splice the low voltage control wire to one wire from the low voltage cable that was routed to the condenser in Step 1.



NOTE: If installing an override switch, splice the low voltage control wire to the low voltage cable *and* to the switch (switch requirements defined below). The second low voltage control wire will also need to be spliced to the switch before being connected to the condenser.

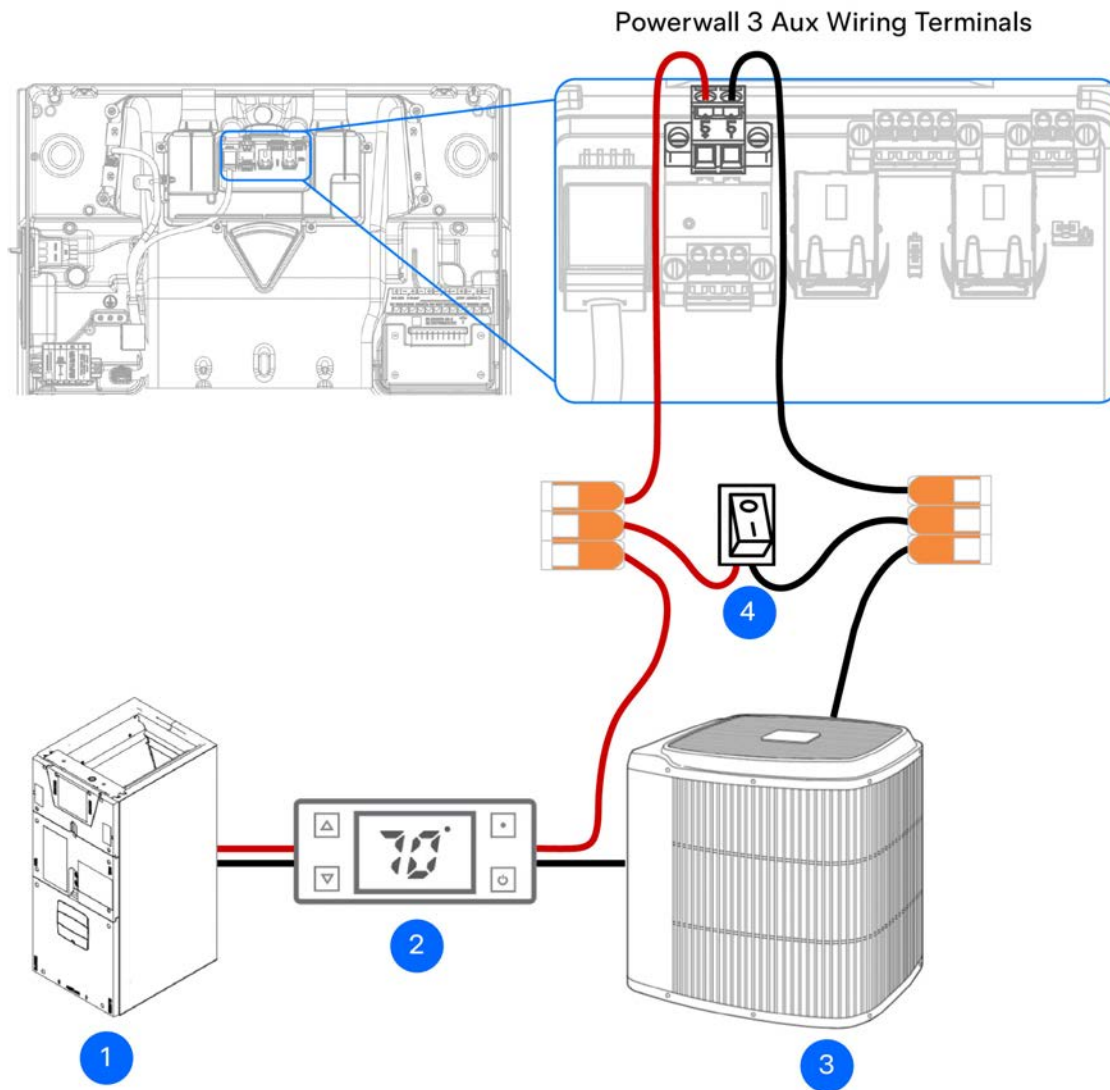
5. Terminate the second wire from the low voltage cable at the condenser (where the wire was removed in Step 3).
6. Route the opposite end of the low voltage cable to Powerwall 3 and connect the wires to the **Aux** connector.



NOTE: See [Aux Wiring on page 121](#) for wiring specifications.



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE



1	Air handler unit
2	Thermostat
3	Condenser
4	Optional override switch ¹

¹Because the Powerwall 3 load shedding relay is normally open, a connected load will turn off when the TACO is not powered. Although this is unlikely to occur during typical operation, an override switch can be installed as shown above, allowing the customer to turn the connected load back on in the event the TACO is not powered. If installing an override switch, ensure it meets the following requirements:

- Rated for at least 60V, 2A
- Outdoor rated (NEMA 3R or higher) if installed outdoors
- Terminals must accept 24 AWG wire or larger

Configure Load Shedding in Device Setup

The load shedding feature must be configured during device setup; see the [Powerwall 3 Device Setup Guide](#) for complete instructions to configure the system.



-  **NOTE:** The low voltage control circuit is by default open on loss of power to the TACO. If the TACO is not backed 12V from a Backup Gateway 2, it may open when the Powerwall 3 Enable switch is turned OFF, or if the system is "Stopped" in Tesla One. It may also open briefly during firmware updates and under abnormal fault conditions.

As another option, a low voltage, dry contact control circuit can also be connected to the Backup Gateway 2 Aux terminals (see [Aux Wiring on page 128](#) for wiring specifications). For these systems, up to two low voltage control circuits can be connected, with one connected to Powerwall 3 and the other connected to Backup Gateway 2. If connecting only one low voltage control circuit, the installer can choose either the Powerwall 3 or the Backup Gateway 2.

1	Air handler unit
2	Thermostat
3	Condenser



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

To configure the load shedding feature for Backup Gateway 2:

1. Select **Advanced Settings** from the *Settings* screen.
2. Select **Gateway Load Control Relay**.
3. Select **Off-grid Load Shedding** from the *Configuration Type* menu, then select **Done**.



Backup Gateway 2 Wiring

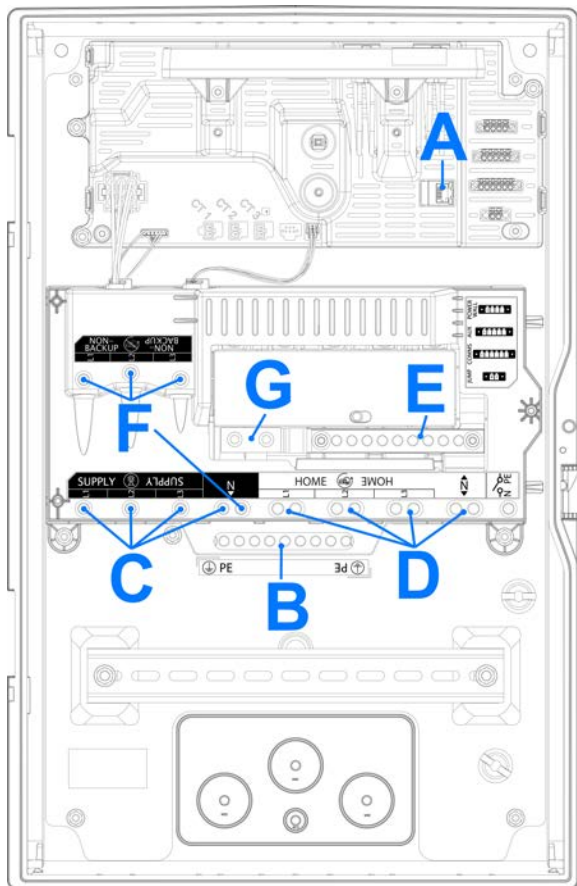


Table 4. Backup Gateway 2 Wiring: Power

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Size
A	Ethernet terminal - not used, see Ethernet Jacks on page 120		
B	Earth Bar	Green or Green/Yellow	2.5 – 25 mm ²
C	Grid Supply (L1, L2, L3, N)	Red, White, Blue, Black	2.5 – 35 mm ²
D	Backup Loads and Generation (L1, L2, L3, N)	Red, White, Blue, Black	2.5 – 35 mm ²
E	Generation Neutral Bar (N)	Black	2.5 – 25 mm ²
F	Non-Backup Loads and Generation Backup Loads and Generation (L1, L2, L3, N)	Red, White, Blue, Black	2.5 – 35 mm ²
G	Switched Neutral-Earth link	-	16 mm ²



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

Backup Gateway 2 Communication Wiring

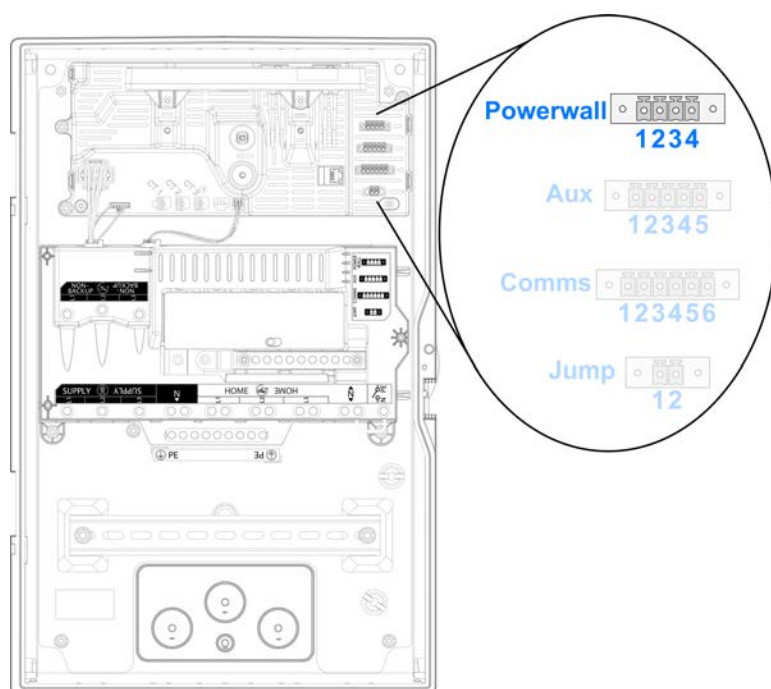


Table 5. Powerwall Communication Wiring

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Size
1	12V + (Logic +)	Red	1.5 mm ² (max 45 m) 1.0 mm ² (max 35 m)
2	GND (Earth)	Black	
3	CN + (CAN HI)	Blue	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
4	CN - (CAN LO)	Orange	



NOTE: 4-conductor communication cable must be 300 V rated or double insulated with one twisted pair shielded copper cable.

Table 6. Aux Wiring

	Terminal Name	Recommended Wire Color	Wire Size
1	Site Shutdown (OUT)	-	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
2	Site Shutdown (IN)	-	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
3	Generator / Load Control (+)	Red	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
4	Generator / Load Control (-)	Black	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²
5	Interlock pin	-	0.2 - 1.5 mm ²



APPENDIX B: WIRING REFERENCE

Residual Current Devices (RCDs) / Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Overcurrent Protection (RCBOs)

Residual Current Devices (RCDs) and Residual Current Circuit Breakers with Overcurrent Protection (RCBOs) are electrical devices for protection against electrocution or fire risk caused by an earth fault. This section provides basic guidance on selection and installation of RCDs / RCBOs with Powerwall systems when mandated by local code.

RCDs / RCBOs on Circuits Supplying Powerwall

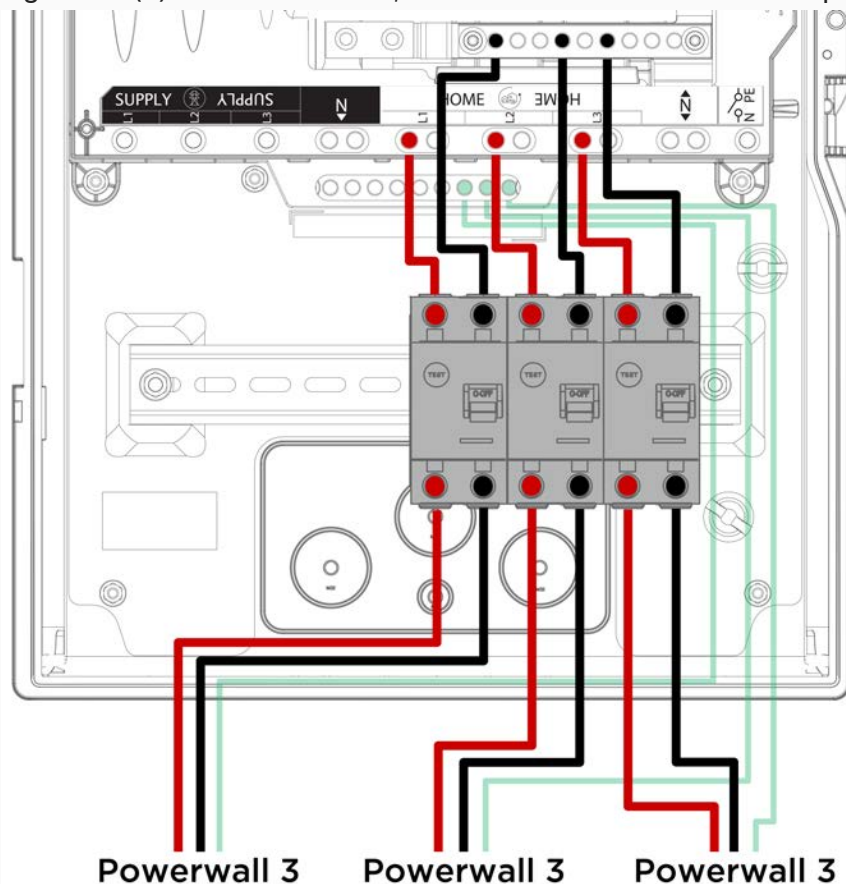
Where required by local regulations, the installer may select an RCD or RCBO with an appropriate residual current rating for the circuit supply of Powerwall 3. However, to minimize the risk of nuisance trips, a 300 mA Type AC or A RCD / RCBO is recommended.

Powerwall 3 does not require a Type B RCD / RCBO, as it is not capable of feeding DC fault current into the electrical installation as per IEC 60364-7-712:2002.



NOTE: For systems with multiple Powerwall 3 units and or Powerwall 3 with additional solar inverter(s) installed, each device must be installed with its own RCD / RCBO.

Figure 44. (3) Powerwall 3 Units, Each with Its Own RCBO in Backup Gateway 2





APPENDIX C: SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAMS

Overview

The following diagrams are intended for illustration purposes only. Drawings represent sample site layouts to show example system layout and metering. These diagrams should not be considered complete plan sets.

1. Single-phase supply, single-phase solar, partial backup
2. Three-phase supply, three-phase solar, single-phase partial backup



APPENDIX C: SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAMS

Single-Phase Service (TN Network)

Supplier meter

123456789

Backup Gateway 2

Non-Backup
Distribution Board

Non-Backup
Loads

Backup
Distribution Board

Backup Loads

Main Breaker

Powerwall Breaker

Powerwall 3



APPENDIX C: SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAMS

Three-Phase Service

Supplier meter

123456789

Backup Gateway 2

Non-Backup
Distribution Board

Non-Backup Loads

Main Breaker

Powerwall Breaker

Backup
Distribution Board

Backup Loads
(1 ϕ Only)

Powerwall 3

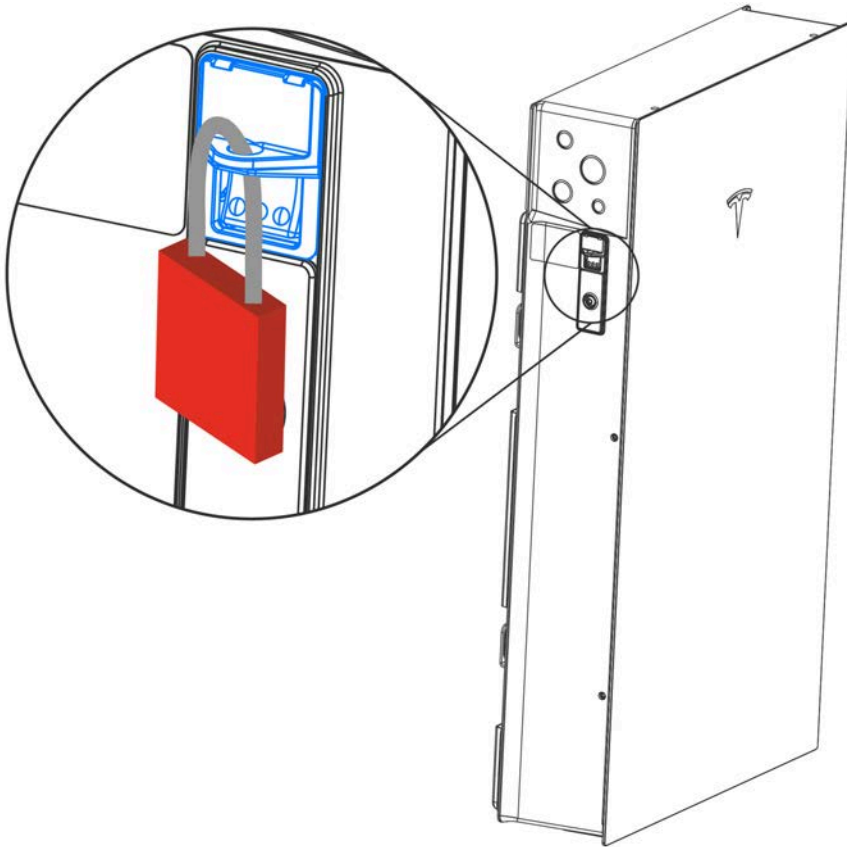


APPENDIX D: SAFETY FEATURES

Powerwall 3 Switch Locking Mechanisms

On / Off Switch Locking Mechanism

The Powerwall 3 On / Off switch has a locking mechanism. When the switch is locked it cannot be turned on.



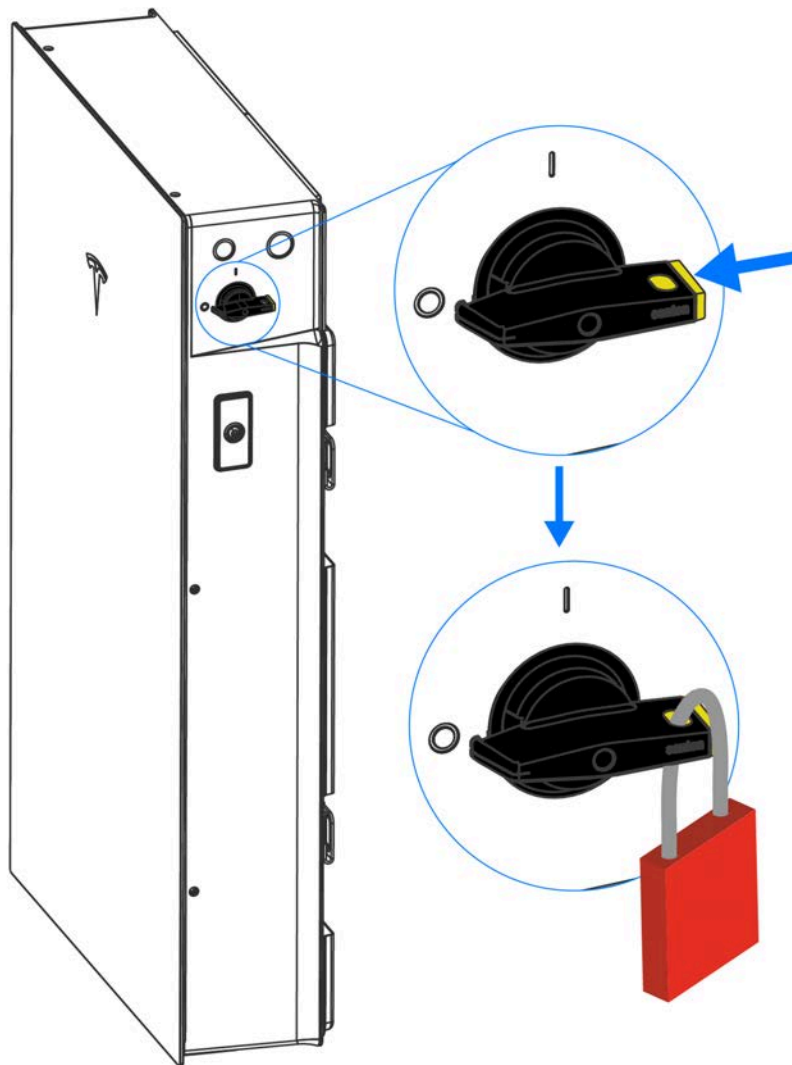


APPENDIX D: SAFETY FEATURES

Integrated DC Isolator Locking Mechanism

The Powerwall 3 integrated DC isolator has a locking mechanism. When locked, it cannot be turned on. To use the locking mechanism:

1. Push in the yellow tab on the end of the switch to make the keyhole accessible.
2. Place a 4 mm shackle lock through the keyhole.



NOTE: Earlier versions of Powerwall 3 have a red integrated DC isolator. The color of the integrated DC isolator does not impact its function.

Arc Fault Detection and Protection

The Arc-Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI) mechanism detects series arcs within the PV array.

The detection algorithms work based on both voltage and current. When an arc fault is detected, Powerwall 3 stops converting power and disconnects from the grid. Once a fault has been detected, it can only be reset manually on-site using the mobile app via remote command. The reset cannot be automatically cleared. The fault is displayed with an LED visual indicator, which cannot be reset automatically.

To activate the AFCI self-test feature, power cycle the unit.



APPENDIX D: SAFETY FEATURES

Protective Earth Impedance Check

The protective earth (PE) connection is checked for sufficiently low impedance at least once per day.

The scheduled time for the PE impedance test is every morning before closing the inverter side AC relays.

Upon detected loss of PE or identification of a high impedance value Powerwall 3 does not connect to the grid until the fault is cleared manually or a repeated PE impedance test demonstrates a sufficiently low impedance.



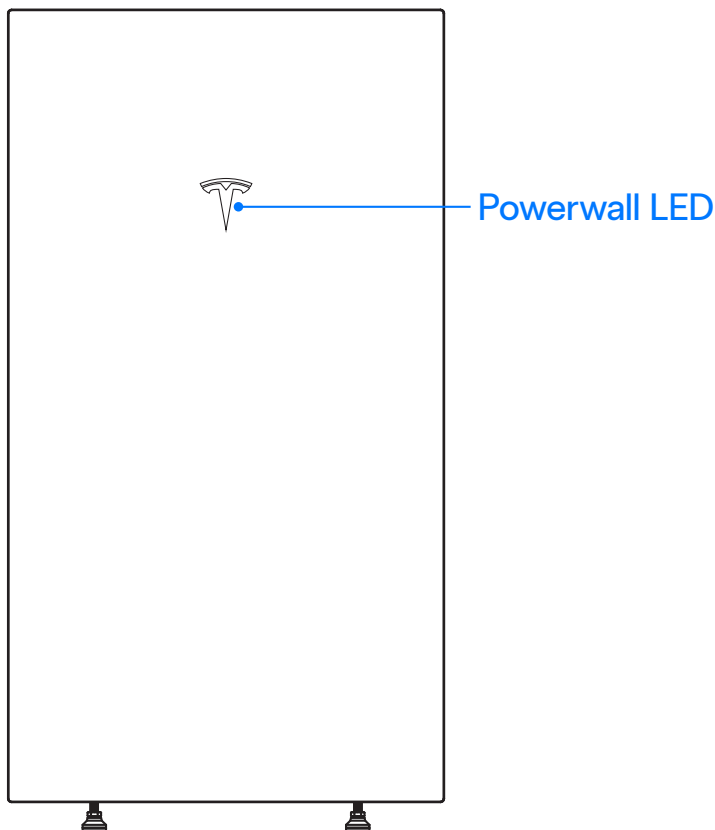
APPENDIX D: SAFETY FEATURES

System LED Behavior

Powerwall 3 LED Behavior

Tesla Logo LED

Powerwall 3 has an illuminated logo LED. Expansion units do not have an LED and therefore the logo is not illuminated. The following diagram and table are relevant only for Powerwall 3 units (not Expansion units).

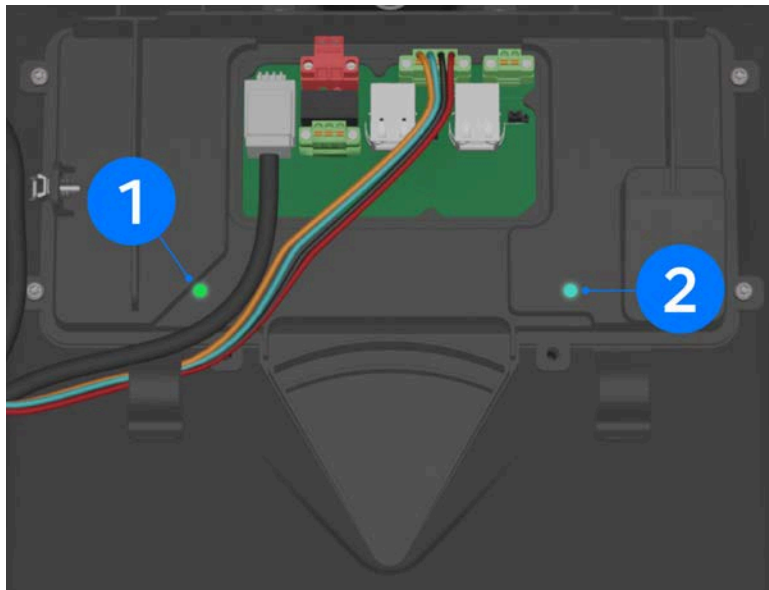


LED State	Indication
Solid white	Normal operation
Flashing white	Powerwall 3 is idle. Will enter sleep state if no actions in progress
Off	Powerwall 3 is off or in sleep state
Flashing Red	Inverter (PWS) fault, e.g. AFCI or GFCI, etc.



APPENDIX D: SAFETY FEATURES

Tesla Asset Controller (TACO) LEDs



Power LED (1)	Status LED (2)	Status	Details
Solid green	Solid light blue	Ready to commission	TACO is powered and the config application is running. TeslaPW network should be broadcasting
Solid Green	Solid Green	Not ready to commission	TACO is powered but the config application is not yet running. If Powerwall 3 remains in this state permanently, contact Install Support
Solid Green	Red	Not ready to commission	TACO is powered but the unit is still booting up. If Powerwall 3 remains in this state permanently, contact Install Support
OFF	OFF	No power (12V) to TACO	Note that power can be provided by either the Backup Gateway 2 12V or internal 12V. 1. Turn the Powerwall 3 switch ON and wait at least 5 minutes 2. Confirm the TACO low voltage harness is plugged all the way in (see TACO Low Voltage Harness on page 121) 3. Confirm the 12V wiring from Backup Gateway 2 to Powerwall 3 (TACO terminals 1-4 in Communication Wiring to Backup Gateway 2 on page 120) is correct If Powerwall 3 remains in this state, contact Install Support

 **NOTE:** During a firmware update, LED 2 may flash red. This is expected behavior, and the flashing will stop once the firmware update is complete.

 **NOTE:** The Tesla Asset Controller LEDs are not visible when the Powerwall 3 front cover is installed.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Multi-Unit Installation Overview

Powerwall 3 can be installed with additional Powerwall 3 units for additional solar and storage capabilities, and/or with Powerwall 3 Expansion units for additional storage (kWh).

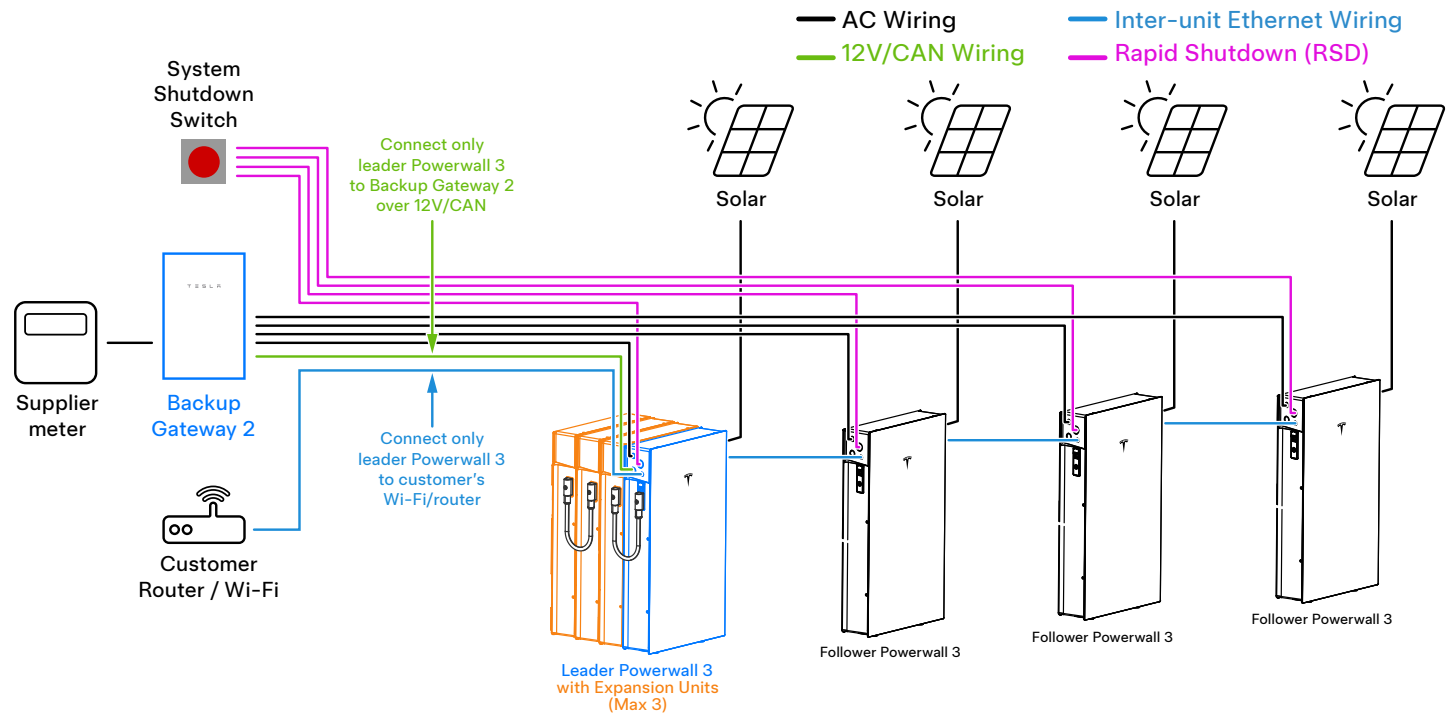
 **CAUTION: Do not connect the Leader and Follower Powerwall 3 units using a Powerwall 3 Expansion Harness.** Attempting to connect a Powerwall 3 to anything other than an Expansion unit using the Expansion Harness may impact product performance or lead to product failure.

Maximum Number of Powerwall 3 Units	Up to (4) Powerwall 3 units
Leader Powerwall 3	The Powerwall 3 connected to the Backup Gateway 2 via 12V / CAN communication wiring is designated as the Leader Powerwall 3  NOTE: The system is commissioned by connecting to the Leader Powerwall 3.
Follower Powerwall 3	Any Powerwall 3 other than the Leader is connected via inter-Powerwall Ethernet wiring and is designated as a Follower unit
Maximum Number of Expansion Units	Up to (3) Expansion units (for a maximum total of (7) units)  NOTE: Expansion units must be connected to the Leader Powerwall 3; they will not function if connected to a Follower unit.
Powerwall 3 Compatibility with Expansion Units	Powerwall 3 units with Tesla P/N 1707000-xx-J or greater are compatible with Expansions



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Figure 45. Multi-Powerwall 3 System with up to Four Powerwall 3 Units and up to Three Expansion Units



Electrical Equipment Sizing and Overcurrent Protection

Pre-Requisites for Design

Before designing a Powerwall 3 system with three or more Powerwall 3 units:

- AC line impedance must be measured at the installation site to ensure the utility grid connection is able to support the desired quantity of Powerwalls. If the required grid impedance is too high, the Powerwalls may not connect to the grid, resulting in undesirable operation. See [Impedance Requirements for Multi-Powerwall 3 Systems on page 141](#) for maximum impedance values.
- To minimize impedance:
 - Install the Powerwalls as close as possible to the point of interconnection with the grid. The recommended maximum wire length is 10 m.
 - Install wires larger than required by code between the Powerwall generation panel and the point of interconnection with the grid. For example, if the design requires 95 mm² wire, use 120 mm² wire.
- Designers must properly size overcurrent protection and loads to account for the full power potential of multiple Powerwalls. For example, a 4-Powerwall system is capable of discharging up to 46 kW of power.
- Multi-Powerwall installations may require larger Powerwall communication wire between the Backup Gateway and the Powerwall units. Please refer to [Required Supplies on page 38](#) for communication cable requirements, as your install may require up to 1.5 mm² wire.

Service Type and Capacity Requirements

Up to (4) Powerwall 3 units can be installed on a single site, but the maximum number of Powerwalls may be limited by the site electrical service, utility grid infrastructure, or local requirements; therefore an impedance test is required to confirm.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Line Impedance Requirements

The sensitivity of the system to line impedance increases with the number of Powerwalls in the system. (See [Impedance Requirements for Multi-Powerwall 3 Systems on page 141](#) for the maximum allowable impedance as it relates to number of Powerwalls.)

If grid impedance at a site exceeds the maximum allowable value, do either of the following:

- Decrease the impedance of the site grid connection. This may require coordinating with the local electrical utility. See "Minimize Impedance" in [Pre-Requisites for Design on page 139](#) for suggestions.
- Reduce the quantity of Powerwalls installed at the site to meet the maximum allowable impedance value.

If impedance values exceed the requirement for the installed number of Powerwalls, the system may not function properly.

Measuring Line Impedance

To determine the line impedance at a site, measure between Line and Neutral where the Powerwalls will be interconnected to the site electrical system with testing equipment such as the following:

- Fluke 1660 Series Installation Tester (1662, 1663, or 1664)
- Metrel-MI3000 Multifunction Tester
- Megger LTW315 Loop Impedance Tester

Example Line Impedance Test Instructions

For details on line impedance testing, refer to the test equipment manufacturer's instructions. The steps below are general guidelines only.

 **WARNING:** Impedance tests must be performed on an energized electrical system. Impedance tests should be carried out only by trained electricians using appropriate safety equipment and safety practices.

1. Follow manufacturer instructions to calibrate and zero the impedance tester before taking measurements.
2. If the site has a 3-phase electrical system, complete the test on L1 first, then move to L2 and L3 in sequence.
3. Connect all three voltage test leads – Line, Neutral, and Ground
4. Follow manufacturer instructions to verify that the correct voltage is present. Switch the tester to a voltage measurement mode and check Line-to-Neutral and Line-to-Ground voltages.
5. Follow manufacturer instructions and take an impedance measurement where the Powerwalls will be interconnected to the site electrical system. Switch the tester to the appropriate impedance measurement mode and take the following readings:
 - Line-Neutral
 - Line-Ground



NOTE: The Line-Neutral impedance measurement is the value referenced in [Impedance Requirements for Multi-Powerwall 3 Systems on page 141](#).

6. Record the impedance measurements.
7. On 3-phase systems, repeat steps 3–6 for each remaining phase



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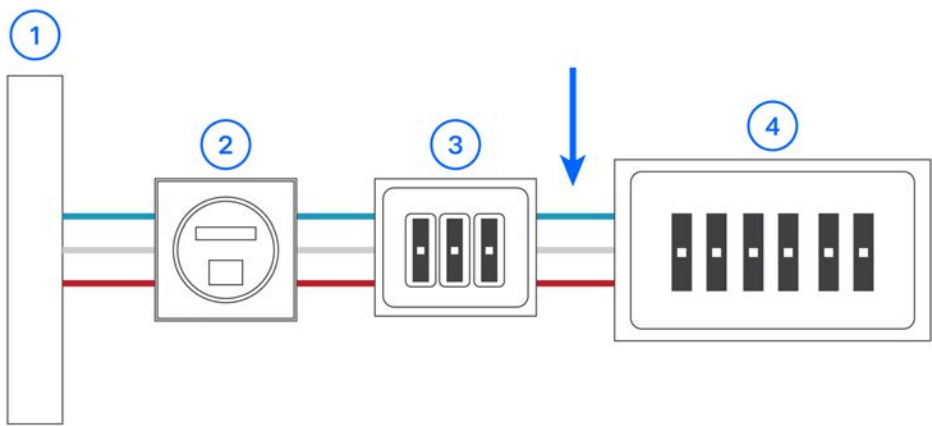


Table 7. Recommended Interconnection Point for Large Multiple Powerwall Systems

1	Service Entrance
2	Meter
3	Main Switch
4	Main Panel

 **NOTE:** Impedance should always be measured at the point of Powerwall interconnection.

Table 8. Impedance Requirements for Multi-Powerwall 3 Systems

# of Powerwalls	Maximum Line Impedance
	Line - Neutral
3	0.13 Ohms
4	0.10 Ohms

 **NOTE:** Only (4) Powerwall 3 units can be installed per site.

 **NOTE:** For Powerwall 3 systems, Expansion units are not considered in impedance measurements.



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Install Multiple Powerwall 3 Units

Leader to Follower Communication	Ethernet (see Prepare Ethernet Wiring with RJ45 Connectors on page 122)
Internet Connection for Multiple Units	Option 1: The Leader Powerwall 3 is connected to customer router over Wi-Fi Option 2: Either the first or last Powerwall 3 (can be Leader or Follower) in the chain is connected to customer router via Ethernet  NOTE: Only connect the router to a Powerwall 3 at either end of the chain; do not connect it in the middle of the chain (see Connecting Powerwall 3 Units via Ethernet on page 143 for example diagrams).
Maximum Wire Length Between Units	See Plan Cable Length Between Components on page 42
Overcurrent Protection Devices	Each Powerwall 3 requires its own circuit breaker
Splitting PV Production Between Multiple Powerwall 3 Units	Splitting PV production (strings) equally between the Powerwall 3 units is preferred but not required



All Powerwall 3 units other than the **Leader** unit must be connected via inter-Powerwall Ethernet wiring and are designated as **Follower** units. The units can be connected in any order, so long as each unit is connected to at least one other unit.

The diagram illustrates a network topology where a single Customer Wi-Fi router is connected to a Leader Powerwall 3. The Leader Powerwall 3 is then connected to three Follower Powerwall 3 units via Ethernet cables, forming a star or mesh-like network structure for power and data distribution.

Customer Wi-Fi

Leader Powerwall 3

Follower Powerwall 3

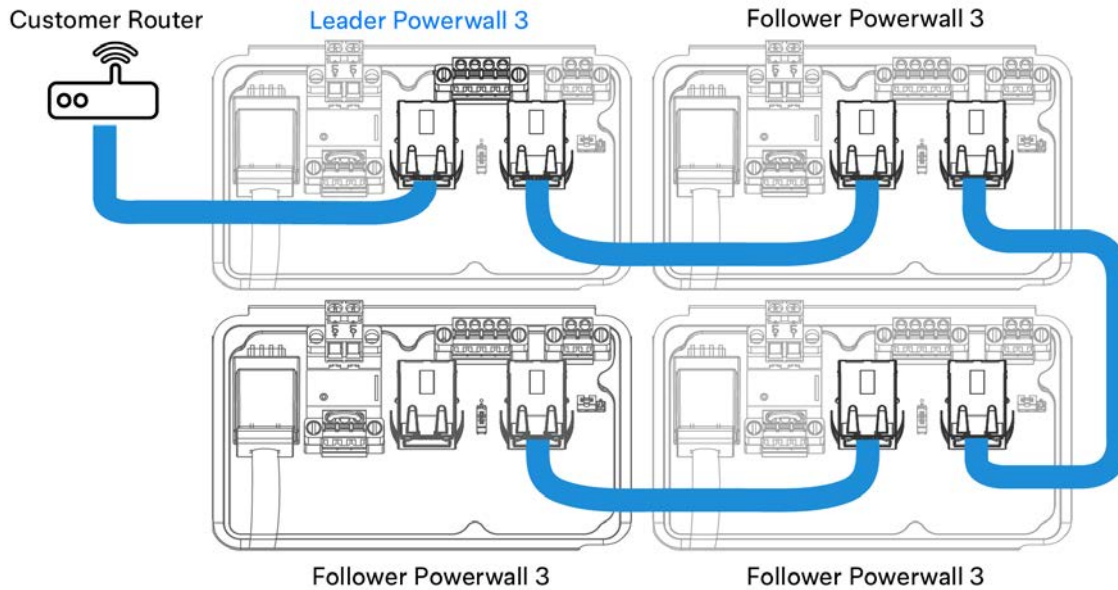
Follower Powerwall 3

Follower Powerwall 3

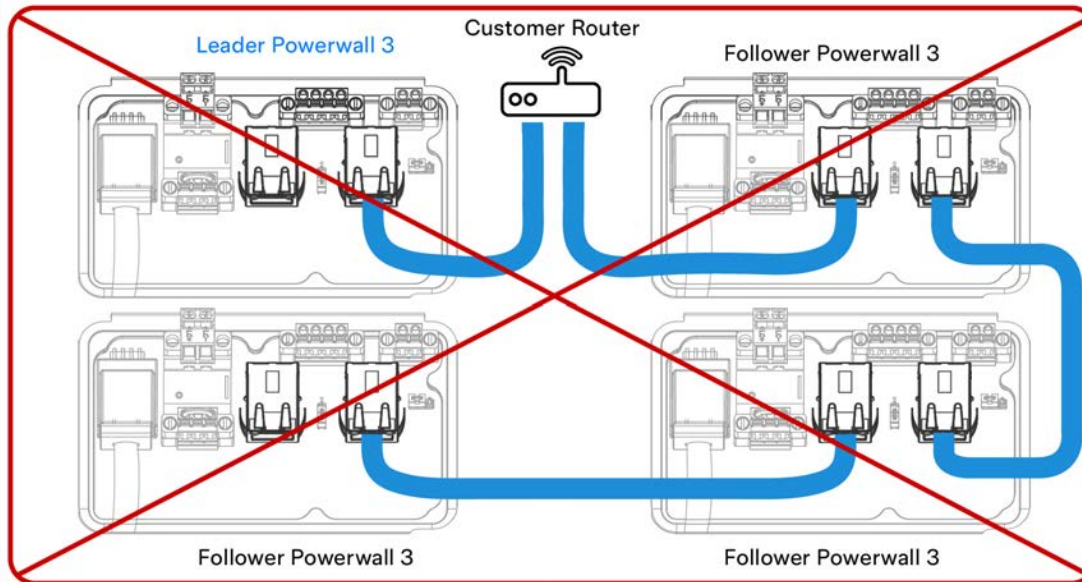


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Figure 48. Option 3: Leader Powerwall 3 Connected to Customer Router via Ethernet



NOTE: If connecting the system to the customer router via Ethernet, connect the router to either the first or last Powerwall 3 in the chain. Do NOT connect the router in the middle of the chain.



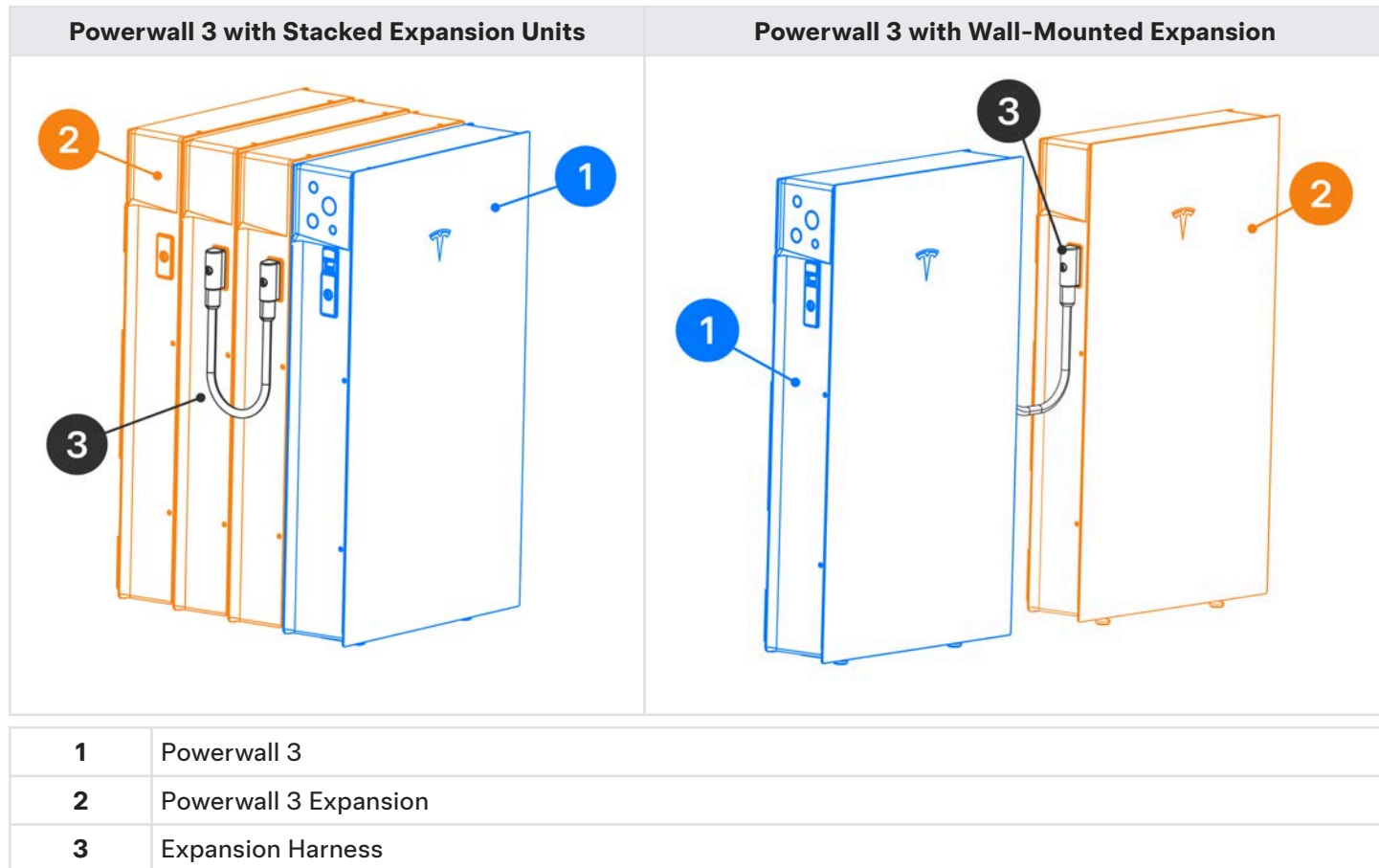
Commissioning Multi-Powerwall 3 Systems

For instructions to commission a multi-Powerwall 3 system, see the [Powerwall 3 Device Setup Guide](#).



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Install Expansion Units with Powerwall 3



Expansion units offer additional storage for Powerwall 3 systems. Key points about Expansion units include:

- **Function:** An Expansion unit does not include an inverter; it is only additional storage (kWh)



NOTE: Expansion units do not have an LED. Wall-mounted Expansion units are installed with the same glass front cover as Powerwall 3, but the logo on the front will never light because there is no LED in the unit.



NOTE: Expansion units are not field serviceable.

- **Dimensions:** The Expansion enclosure is the same height and width as Powerwall 3, but is 1 inch (25 mm) slimmer than Powerwall 3 ([see diagram on page 147](#))
- **Mounting:** Expansion units can be mounted individually, or ground-mounted in a stacked configuration behind a Powerwall 3
- **Expansion Connection:** Expansion units can only be connected to Powerwall 3 or other Expansion units via the Expansion Harness (see [Expansion Harness on page 148](#)). Each unit (Powerwall 3 and Expansion) has (2) Expansion ports, one on each side of the enclosure



NOTE: The Expansion units are electrically paralleled with a Powerwall 3.

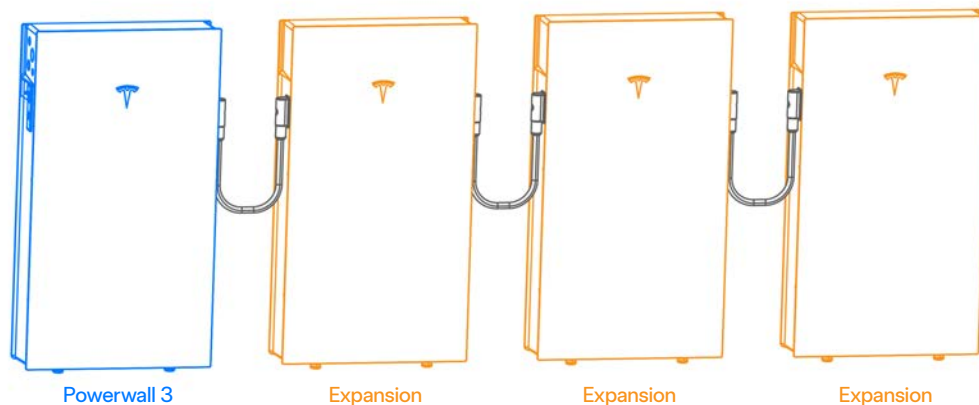
- **System Size:** Up to (3) Expansion units can be connected to the Leader Powerwall 3
- **Compatible Powerwall 3 Units:** Powerwall 3 units with Tesla P/N 1707000-xx-J or greater are compatible with Expansion units



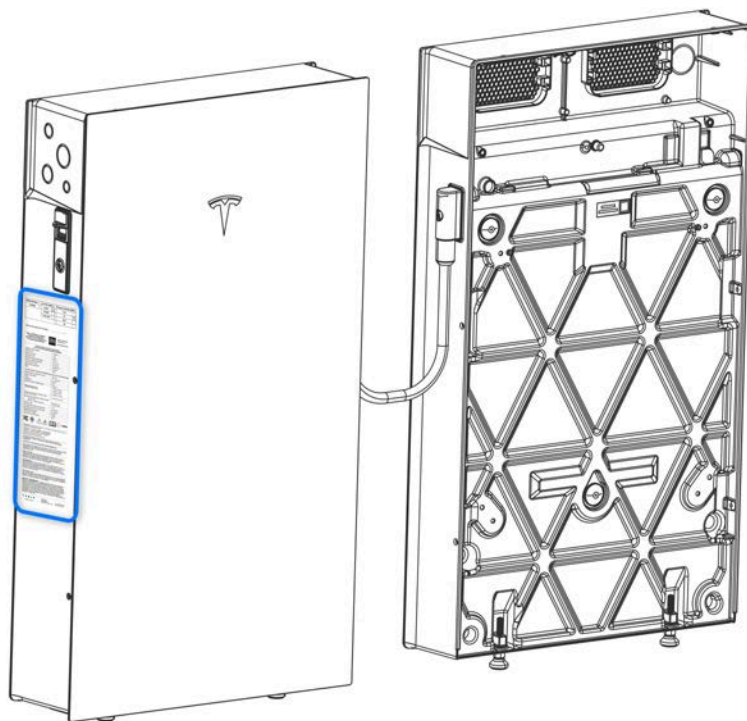
APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

- **Flexibility:**

- The Expansion Harness can be plugged in on either side of a Powerwall 3 or an Expansion unit
- Powerwall 3 can be installed at either end of a chain of Expansion units



NOTE: Tesla recommends connecting the Expansion Harness to the port on the right side of the leader Powerwall 3 so that the model number label on the left side of the unit is not obscured.



- Powerwall 3 can be installed in the middle of a chain of Expansion units



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

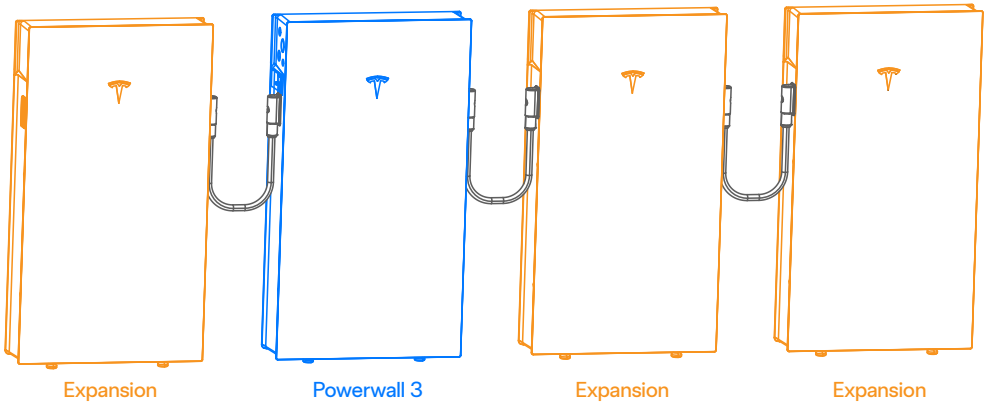
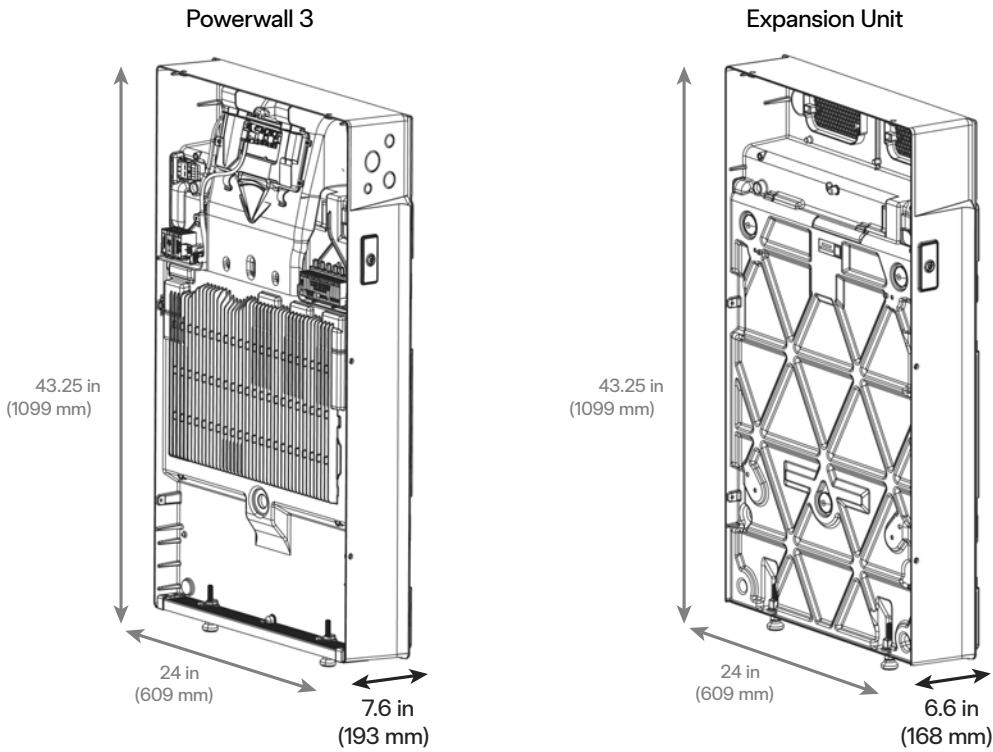


Figure 49. Powerwall 3 Dimensions Compared with Expansion Unit Dimensions



 **NOTE:** Powerwall 3 and the Expansion unit are both 43.5 in (1105 mm) tall when the glass front cover is installed.

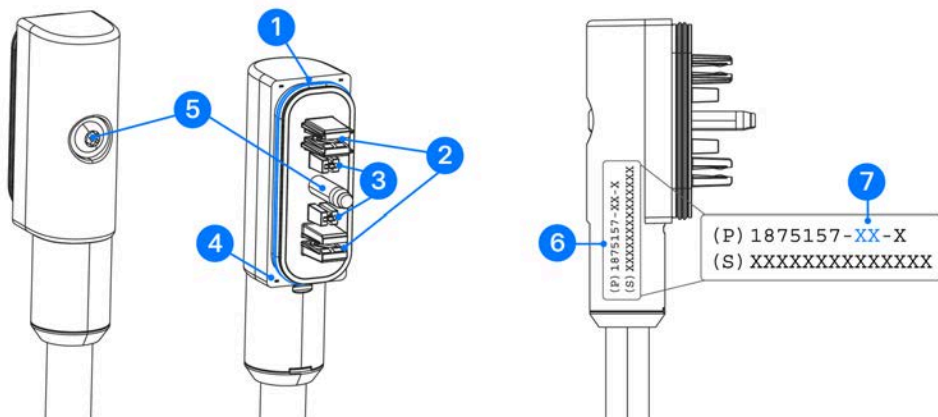


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Expansion Harness

The Tesla Expansion Harness is a non-metallic sheathed hard-use appliance cable assembly rated for indoor or outdoor installations. The cable uses an extruded TPE jacket, is moisture, flame and UV resistant, and has a temperature rating of -40°C to 105°C. The harness is required for electrical connection between the Powerwall 3 and the Expansion units. Field wiring of the Expansion unit, alteration of the Expansion Harness (e.g. splicing), and/or routing the Expansion Harness through a wall or partition are prohibited.

WARNING: Do not modify the Expansion Harness in any way. Doing so would result in product damage that could void the product warranty.



1	Sealing gasket
2	DC jaws
3	Communication ports
4	Grounding spikes (4)
5	Harness screw (T40)
6	Etched part number
7	Harness length identifier in part number

Table 9. Expansion Harness Options

Expansion Harness Part Number	Expansion Harness Length
Tesla P/N 1875157-05-y	0.5 m (20 in)
Tesla P/N 1875157-20-y	2 m (6.5 ft)
Tesla P/N 1875157-40-y	4 m (13 ft)

NOTE: When Expansion units are wall-mounted and connected on only one side of Powerwall 3, the maximum combined harness length is 4 m (see [Allowable Harness Combinations on page 171](#) for more information). When Expansion units are connected on both sides of Powerwall 3, there is no limit on the maximum combined harness length.

NOTE: Expansion Harnesses can be plugged into both the left and right ports on the Leader Powerwall 3.

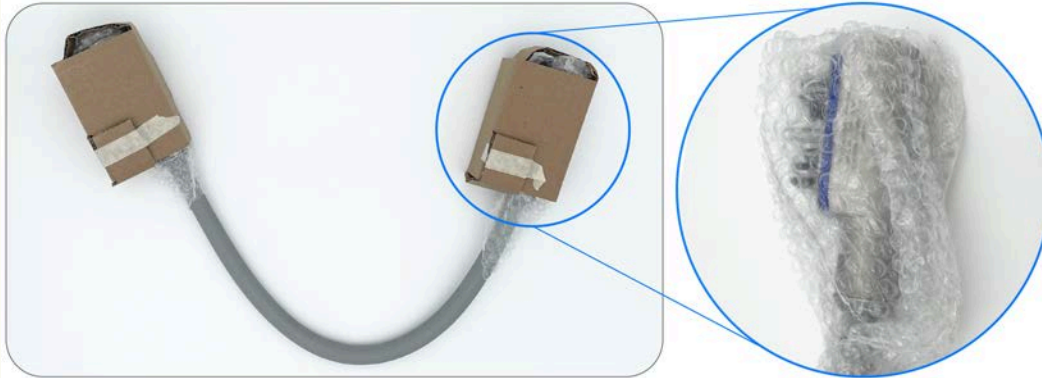


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



CAUTION: The Expansion Harness ships in protective packaging from the factory.

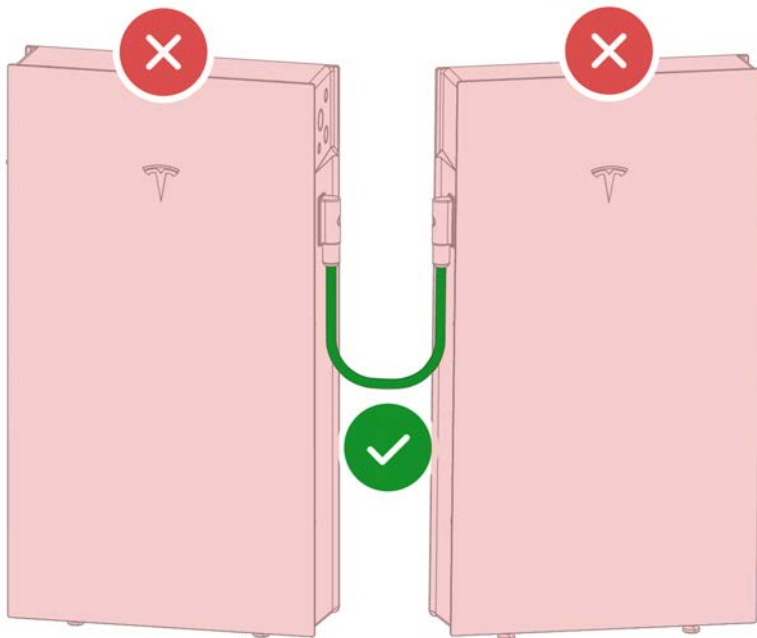
- Do not remove the protective packaging until ready to plug the Expansion Harness into the Expansion port
- If the Expansion Harness is unplugged and needs to be set aside, place it back in the protective packaging
- If the Expansion Harness is dropped or otherwise damaged, or if dust / debris enter its DC jaws and/or communication ports, **do not use that Expansion Harness**. Recycle it and use a new Expansion Harness



NOTE: The Expansion Harness can be painted under the following conditions:

- The paint is latex or acrylic-based (do not use an oil-based paint)
- Only the harness cable is painted; do not paint the connectors, or any part of Powerwall 3 or Expansion

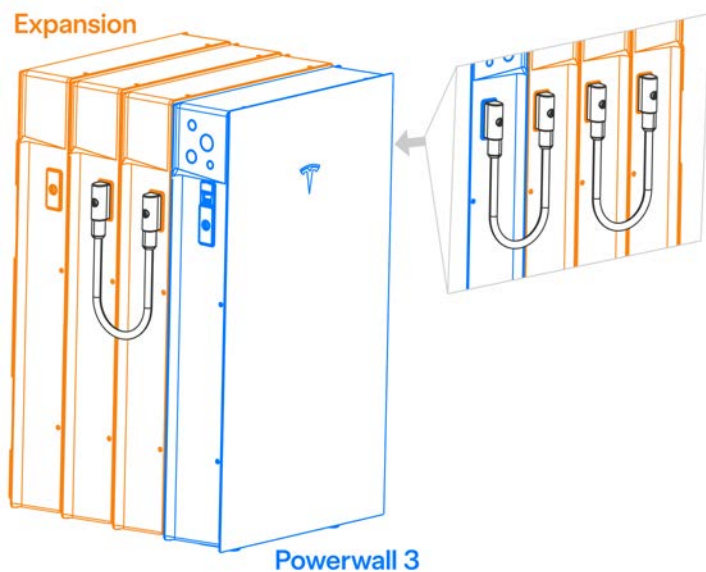
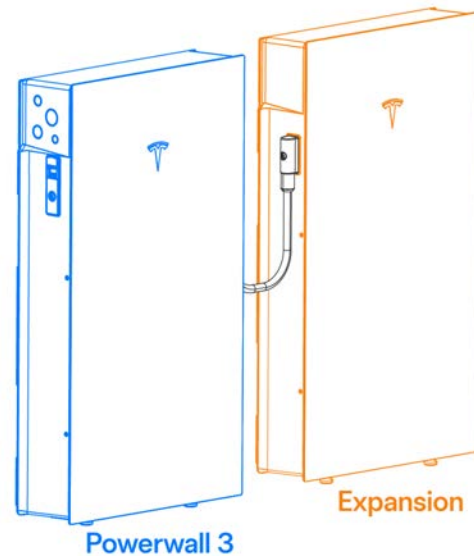
A primer coat prior to painting is recommended to help with adhesion and bonding.





APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Expansion Mounting Configurations

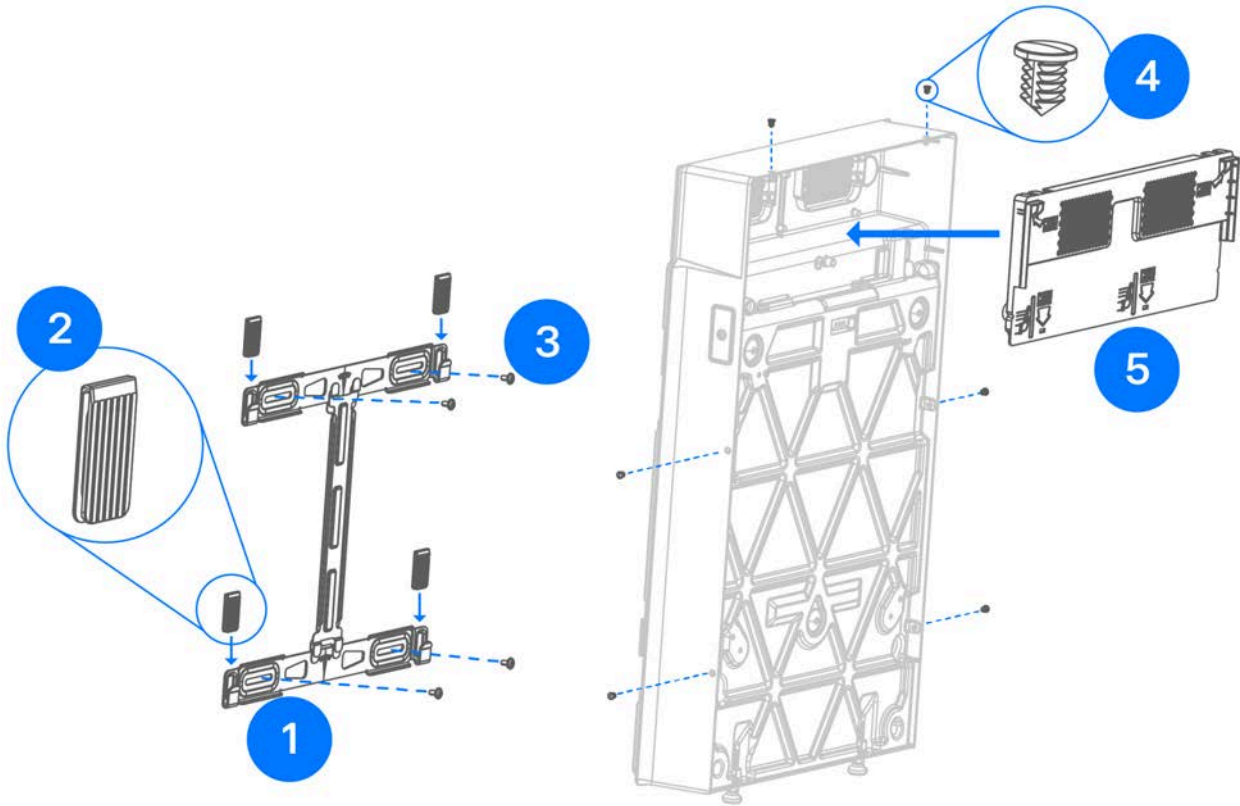
	Stacked Configuration	Wall-Mounted Configuration
	 Expansion Powerwall 3	 Powerwall 3 Expansion
Kit P/N	Tesla P/N 1978070-xx-y	Tesla P/N 1978069-xx-y
Included Accessories	See Powerwall 3 Stacking Expansion Kit on page 151	See Powerwall 3 Wall-Mount Expansion Kit on page 152
Expansion Harness (ordered separately, see Expansion Harness on page 148 for part number location)*	Tesla P/N 1875157-05-y	Tesla P/N 1875157-05-y
		Tesla P/N 1875157-20-y
		Tesla P/N 1875157-40-y
Expansion Harness Straps	Not required	Tesla P/N 1730711-xx-y, some are included in accessory bag but additional straps can be ordered (Bridgeport US-6171 strap)
Installation Instructions	Install Stacked Expansion Units on page 153	Wall Mount an Expansion Unit on page 171

*Expansion harnesses can be plugged into both the left and right ports on the Leader Powerwall 3. See [Wall Mount an Expansion Unit on page 171](#) for a table of all allowable harness combinations.



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Powerwall 3 Stacking Expansion Kit

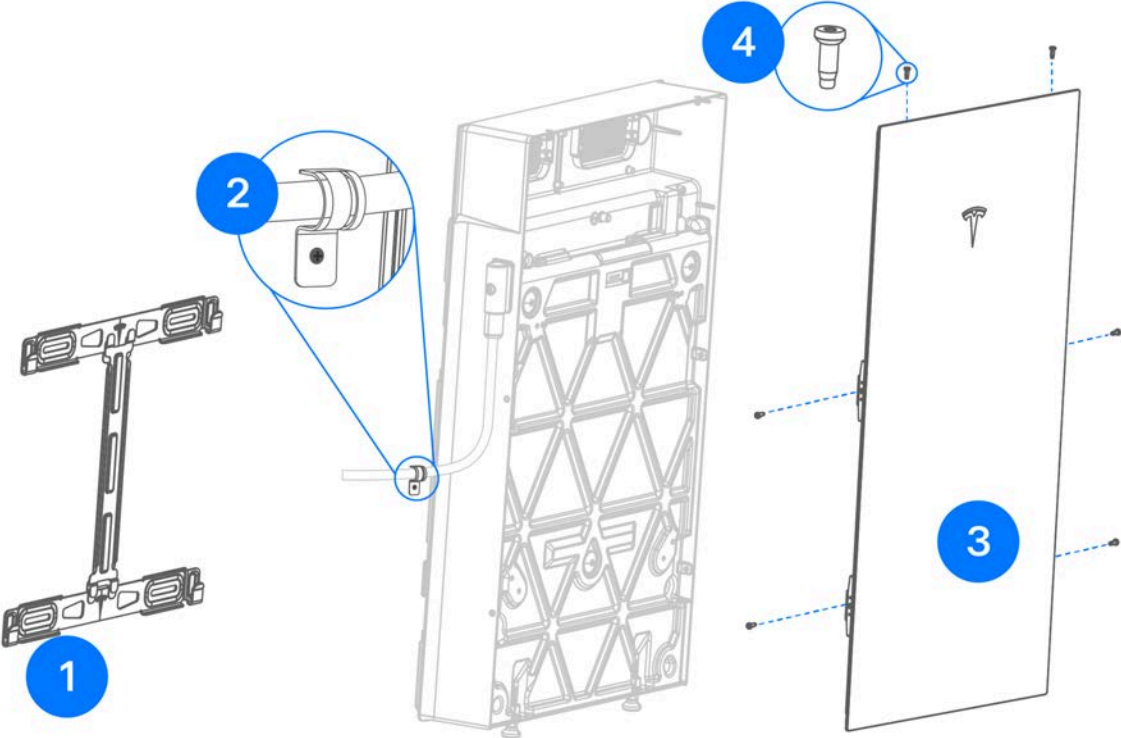


1	1738120-xx-y	Wall bracket
2	1983307-xx-y	(4) mounting bracket shims
3	1978075-xx-y	(4) Torx T40 mounting bracket bolts
4	1978071-xx-y	(6) fir tree plugs, used to fill in the fastener holes on the top and sides of the enclosure
5	1978068-xx-y	Fan front cover



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Powerwall 3 Wall-Mount Expansion Kit



1	1738120-xx-y	Wall bracket
2	1730711-xx-y	(9) Straps for Expansion Harness cable management (Bridgeport US-6171 strap)
3	1763418-xx-y	Glass front cover
4	1857363-xx-y	(6) M6 fasteners for front cover



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

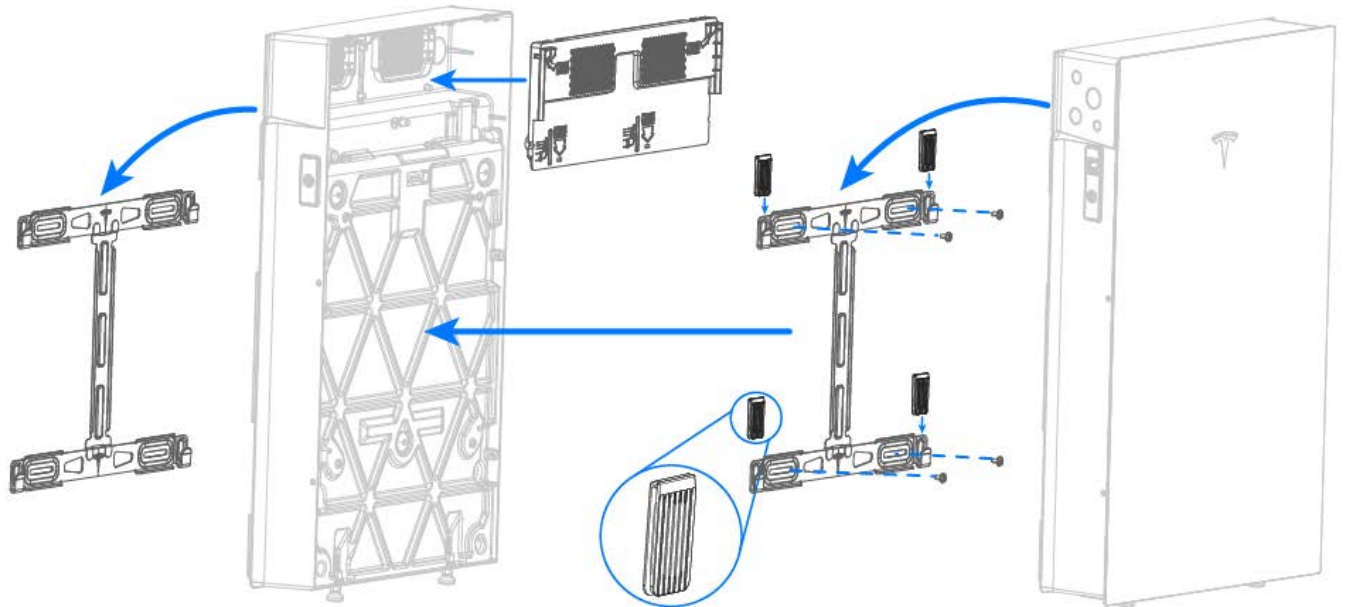
Install Stacked Expansion Units

WARNING: Stacked Expansion units must be ground mounted. Do not attempt to install stacked units above ground on a bracket, or in any configuration other than ground-mounted.

NOTE: Follow all Powerwall 3 guidance for choosing a location to install Expansion units, clearance requirements, and instructions to remove the units from packaging and transport them with the Powerwall dolly.

1. Determine where the Expansion units and Powerwall 3 will be installed based on the number of units:

Figure 50. Expanded View of (2) Stacked Expansion Units

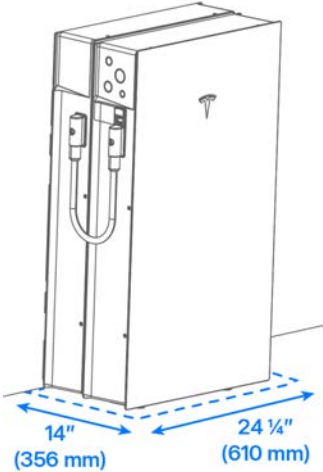
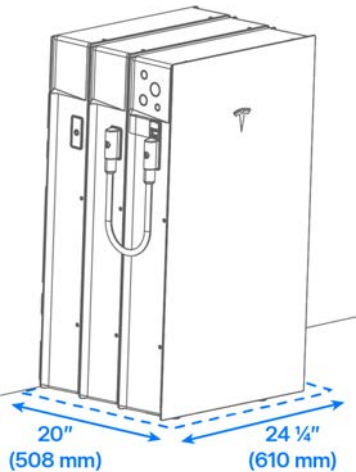
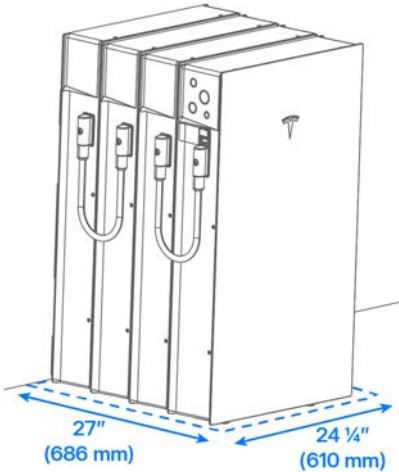


- NOTE:** When installing the wall bracket shims:
- Do not install shims if the wall bracket is mounted directly to the wall
 - Install shims if the wall bracket is fastened to an Expansion unit

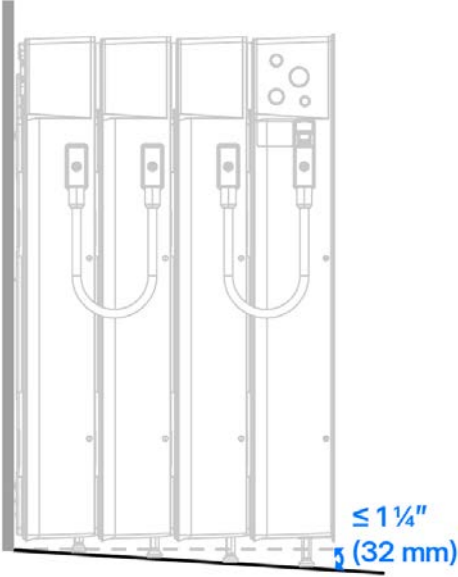
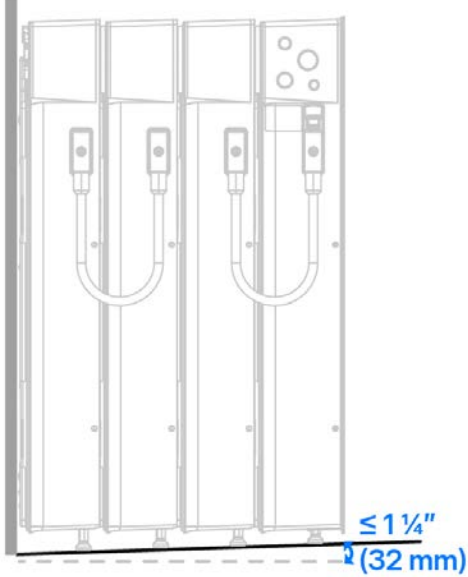


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

- a. Depending on how many units will be stacked, confirm the minimum footprint area is available in front of where the bracket will be installed:

(2) Units	(3) Units	(4) Units
		
14 x 24 1/4 in (356 x 610 mm)	20 x 24 1/4 in (508 x 610 mm)	27 x 24 1/4 in (686 x 610 mm)

- b. Using a level, confirm the ground slope within the required footprint area (in any direction) is less than or equal to 1 1/4 inches (32 mm). If the ground slope is greater than this value, the ground slope must be corrected or the stacked configuration must be mounted in another location.

Ground Slopes Away From Wall	Ground Slopes Toward Wall
	

2. Determine the height at which the wall bracket will be mounted:
- a. Identify the highest point within the required footprint area; this will be the starting reference point for mounting the wall bracket. Determine the difference between this point and the base of the wall.

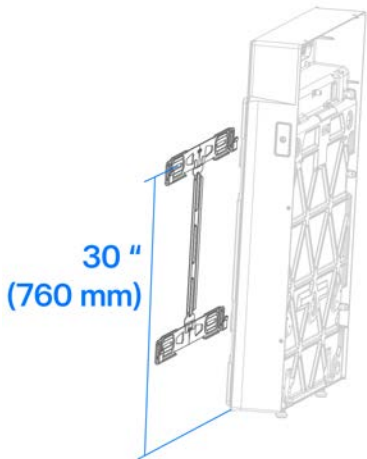
**NOTE:** For a flat surface or a surface that slopes away from the wall, the base of the wall is the highest point.



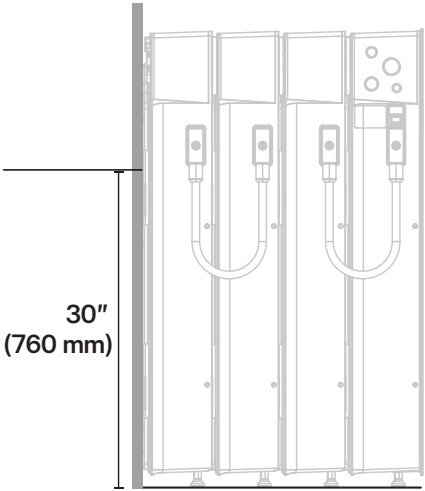
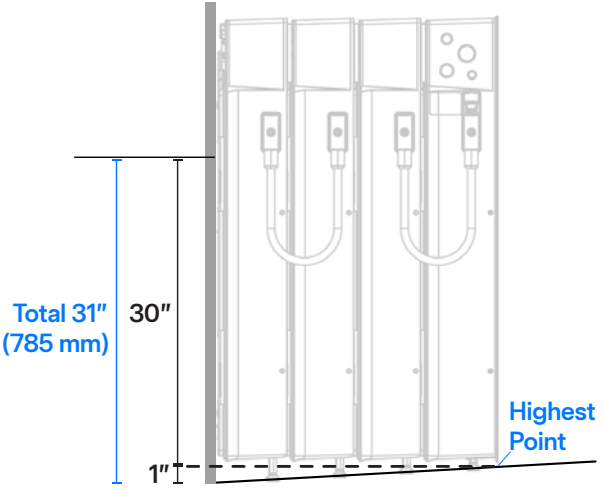
APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

 **NOTE:** As noted in the previous step, the difference between this point and the base of the wall must be less than or equal to 1 ¼ inches (32 mm).

- b. For a flat surface or a surface that slopes away from the wall, the wall bracket is mounted with the upper row of fastener slots 30 inches (760 mm) from the base of the wall (see [Bracket Measurements Relative to Expansion Unit and Floor on page](#)).



- c. For a surface that slopes toward the wall, add the difference in slope (determined in step [2.a on page 154](#)) to the baseline 30 inches (760 mm). For instance, if the difference between the highest point in the footprint area and the base of the wall is 1 inch (25 mm), mount the wall bracket with the upper row of fastener slots 31 inches (785 mm) from the base of the wall.

Wall Bracket Height for Flat Surface or Ground Sloping Away from Wall	Wall Bracket Height for Ground Sloping Toward Wall
	



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WARNING: It is critical that the slope of the installation area is accurately measured and the wall bracket is installed at the correct height to ensure the units can be leveled and the stacked assembly shall retain its structural integrity.

- If the wall bracket is mounted too low, the units will not properly engage with the wall bracket
- If the wall bracket is mounted too high, the units will not be supported by their feet

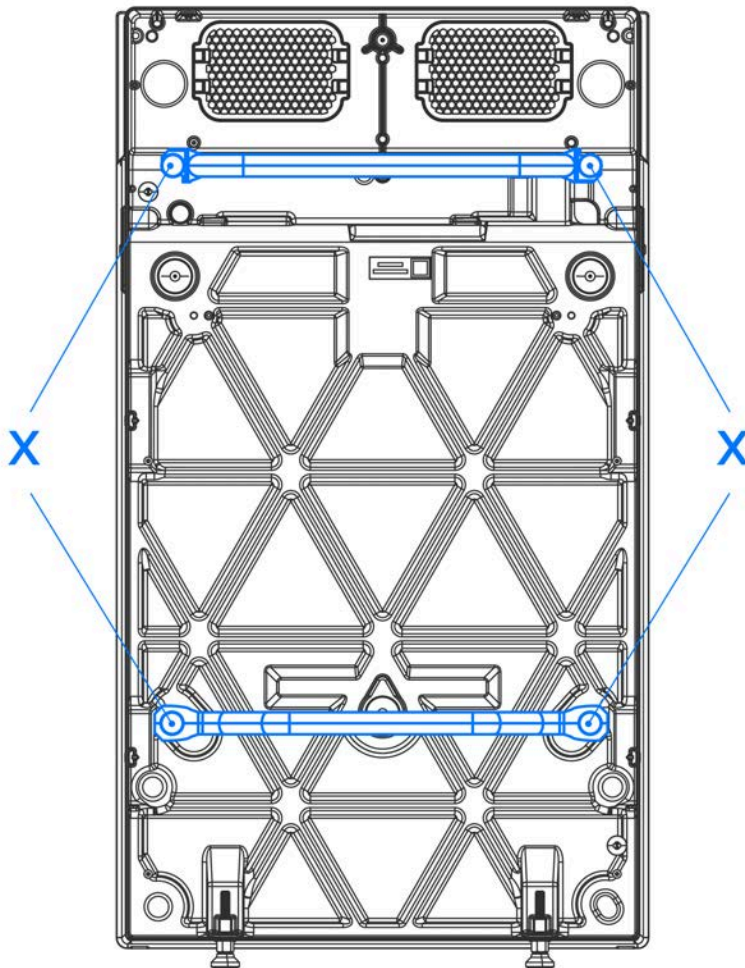
3. Safely shut the system down:

- If a System Shutdown Switch is present, push it to initiate Rapid Shutdown. If there is no System Shutdown Switch, turn the Enable switch on the Powerwall 3 to OFF.
- Open the Powerwall 3 AC circuit breaker.
- Wait 30 seconds before proceeding with any work.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock from stored energy. Wait 30 seconds after disconnecting all sources of supply before proceeding.

- To lift and transport the Expansion unit, follow all instructions in [STEP 2: Remove Powerwall 3 from Packaging and Transport Using the Powerwall Dolly on page 46](#) to use the Powerwall dolly, noting where the two lift handles are connected on the Expansion (X):





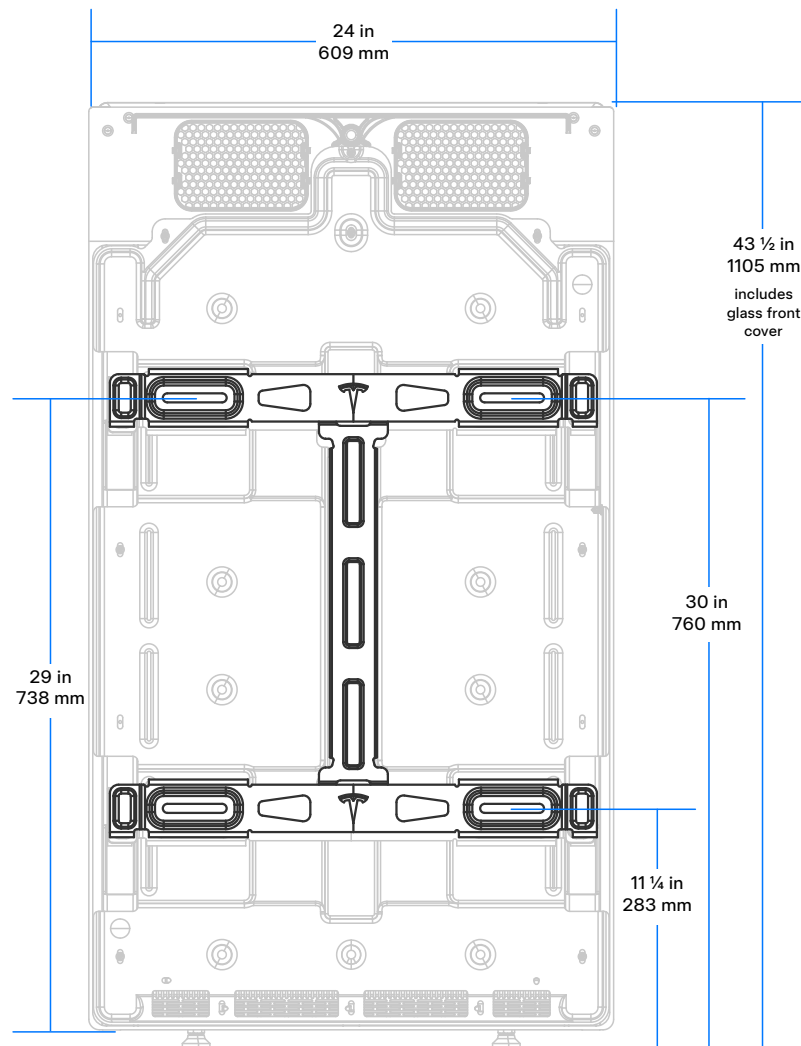
APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

5. Using a drill and level, mount the Expansion unit bracket to the selected wall. See [Anchoring Details for Ground- or Wall-mounting Powerwall 3 with Wall Bracket on Existing Approved Foundation on page 114](#) for additional details on the type and number of fasteners to use.



WARNING: Ensure the Powerwall 3 wall bracket is level and plumb, especially when mounting units in a stacked configuration. Failure to do so may compromise the structural integrity of the stacked assembly.

Figure 51. Bracket Measurements Relative to Expansion Unit and Floor



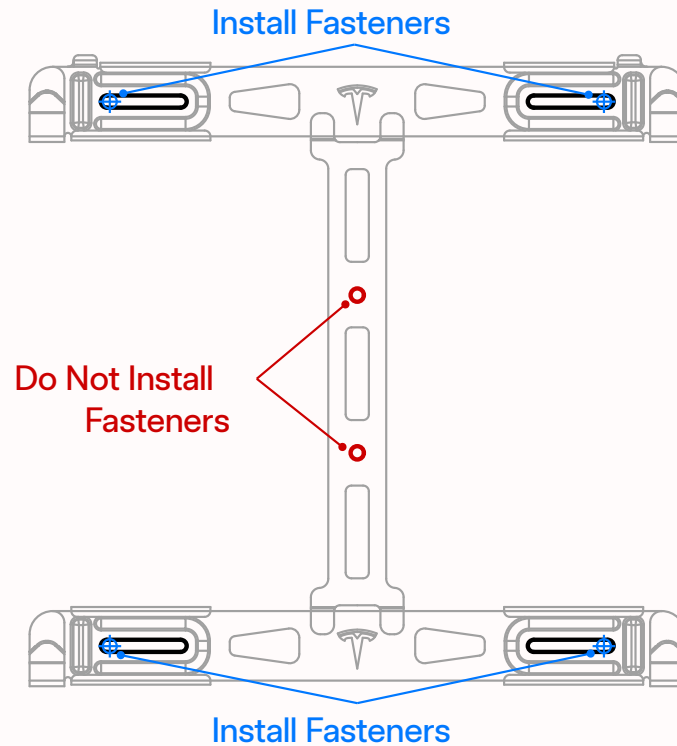
NOTE: These bracket measurements are the same for both Expansion and Powerwall 3 units.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



WARNING: Only install fasteners in the (4) slots on the horizontal bracket segments. Do not install fasteners on the vertical (center) segment, as these are not structural mounting holes.

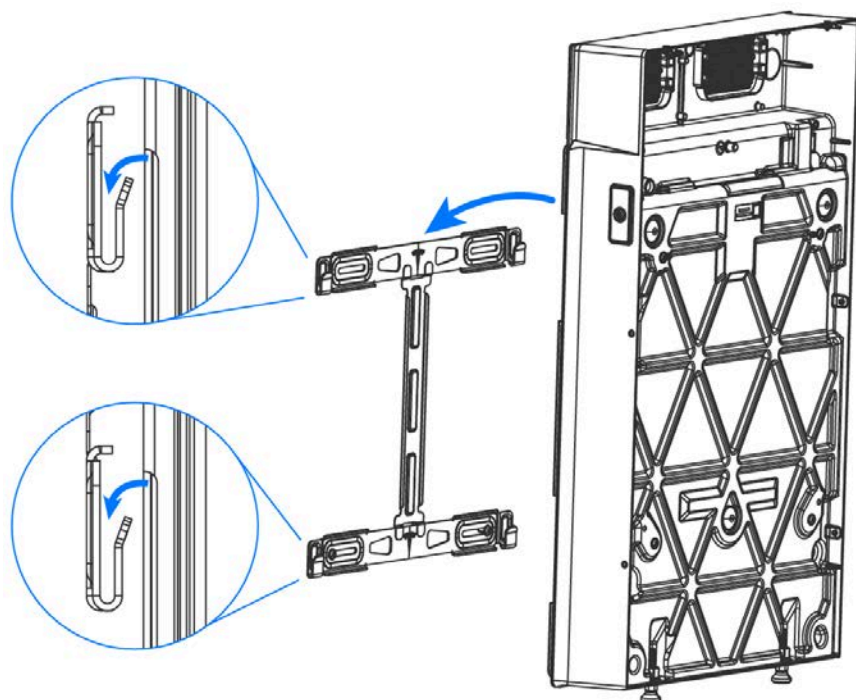


NOTE: The mounting bracket shims included in the Expansion stacking kit are not used for the unit mounted directly to the wall. The shims are only required to secure the bracket when it is being mounted to the front of an Expansion unit.

6. Confirm the leveling feet are screwed all the way in to the Expansion unit. This is required to ensure the unit can be adjusted once the remaining units in the stack have been installed.
7. Move the dolly toward the wall, positioning the Expansion unit so that the mounting cleats are just above the flanges on the bracket.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



8. Lower the Expansion unit until:

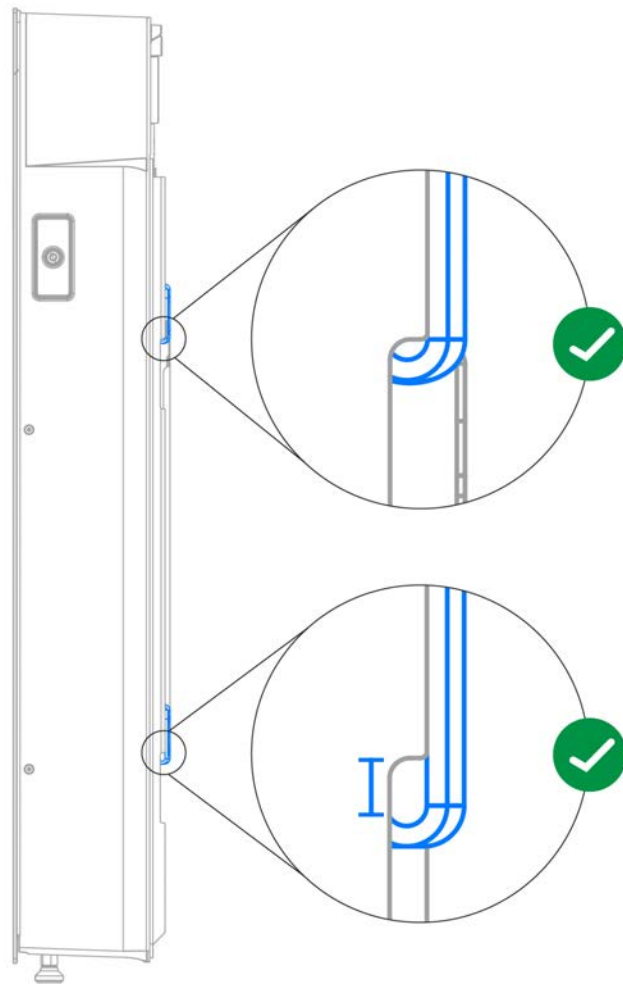
- The upper set of cleats is fully seated on the bracket flanges
- The lower set of cleats is engaging the bracket flanges



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NOTE: Only the upper set of cleats will be fully seated; the lower cleats will still engage the bracket, but there will be a small gap between the lower cleats and the bottom edge of the bracket.

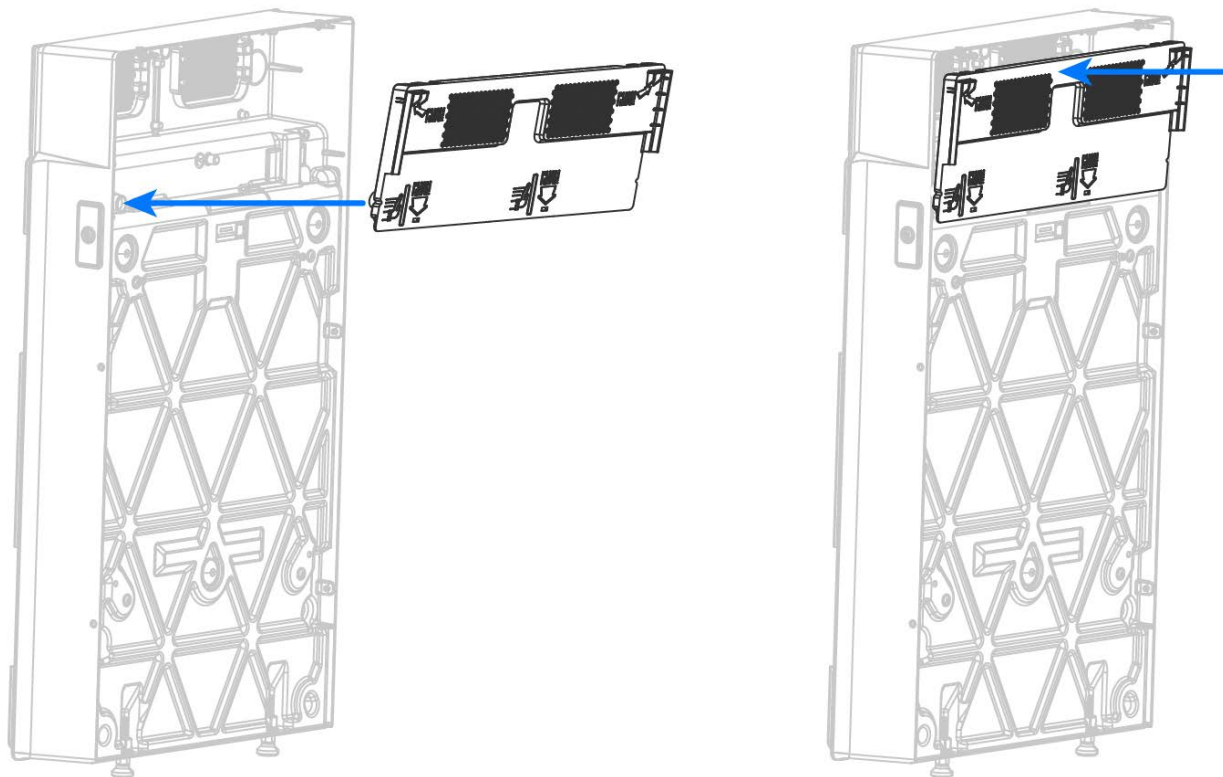


NOTE: The mounting bracket shims included in the Expansion stacking kit are not used for the unit mounted directly to the wall. The shims are only required to secure the bracket when it is being mounted to the front of an Expansion unit.



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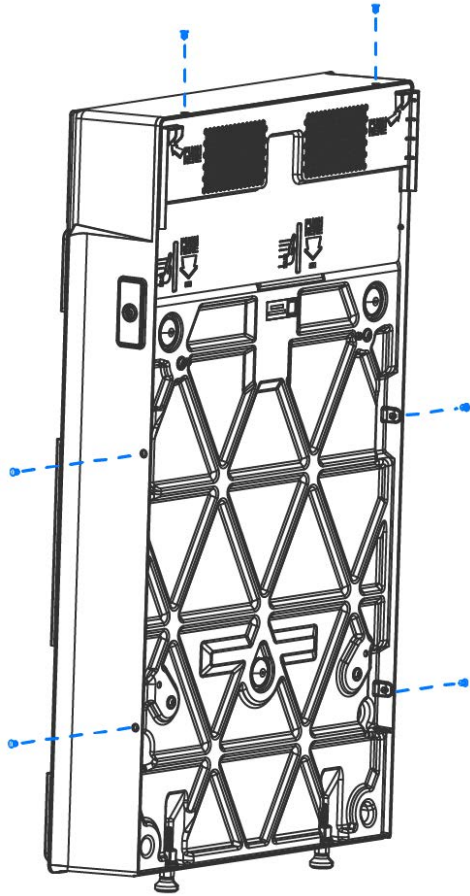
9. To install the fan front cover in the open space at the top of the enclosure, first align the bottom of the cover with the enclosure and push it into place. With the bottom of the cover secured, push in the top of the cover, ensuring it snaps into place.





APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

10. Install the (6X) fir tree plugs in the fastener holes on the top and sides of the enclosure.



11. Use an 11/16 inch (or 17 mm) wrench to adjust the leveling feet until the unit is level. The unit should be within ± 2 degrees in any direction.



NOTE: The top of each foot must be visible above the threaded boss; do not unscrew the foot so far that the top is no longer visible.

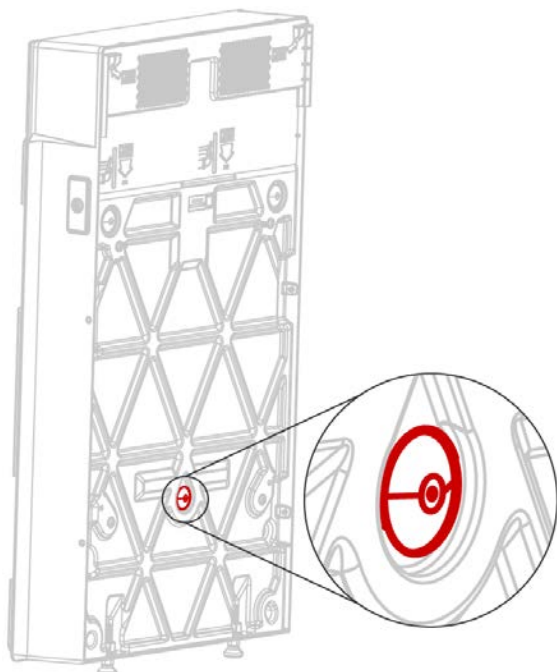
12. Mount another Expansion unit to the front of the installed Expansion unit enclosure:



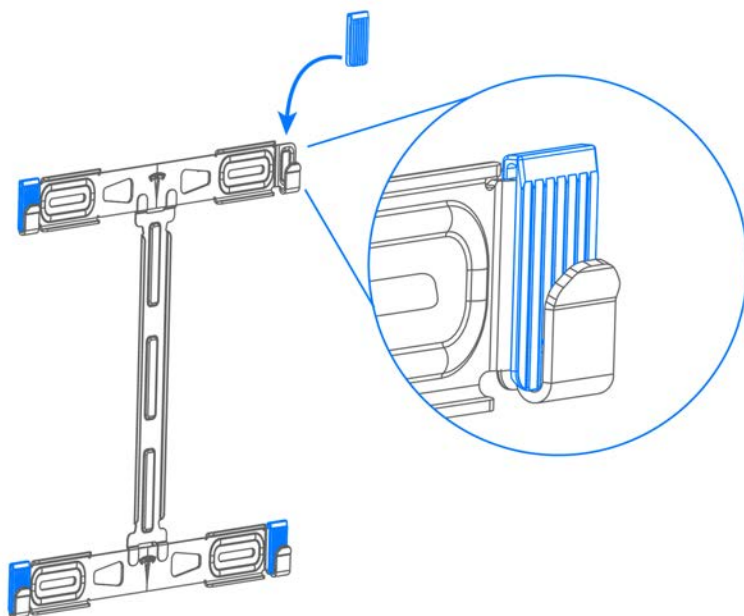
APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



WARNING: Ensure the Expansion unit safety valve is not removed or damaged in any way when preparing to install another unit on the front of Expansion.



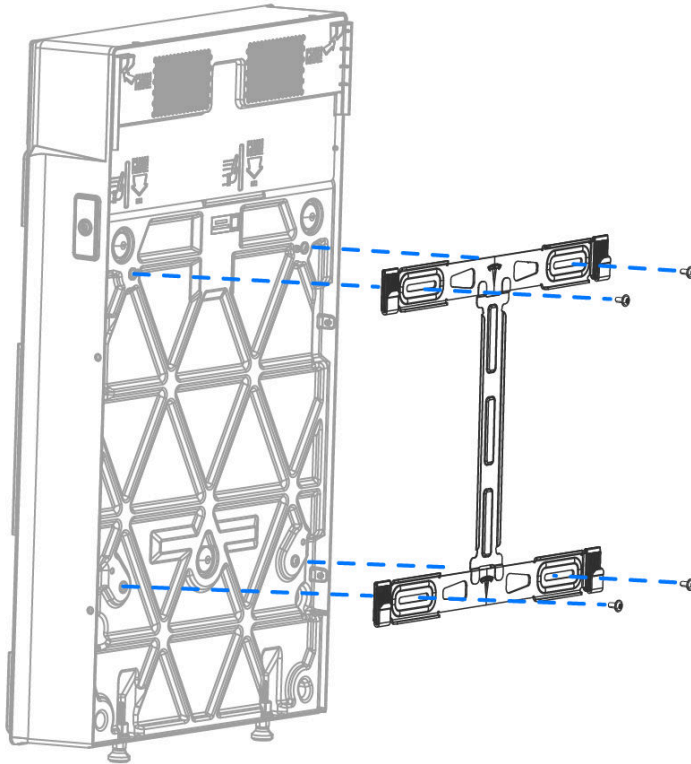
- a. Install the (4X) bracket shims on the bracket as shown below.



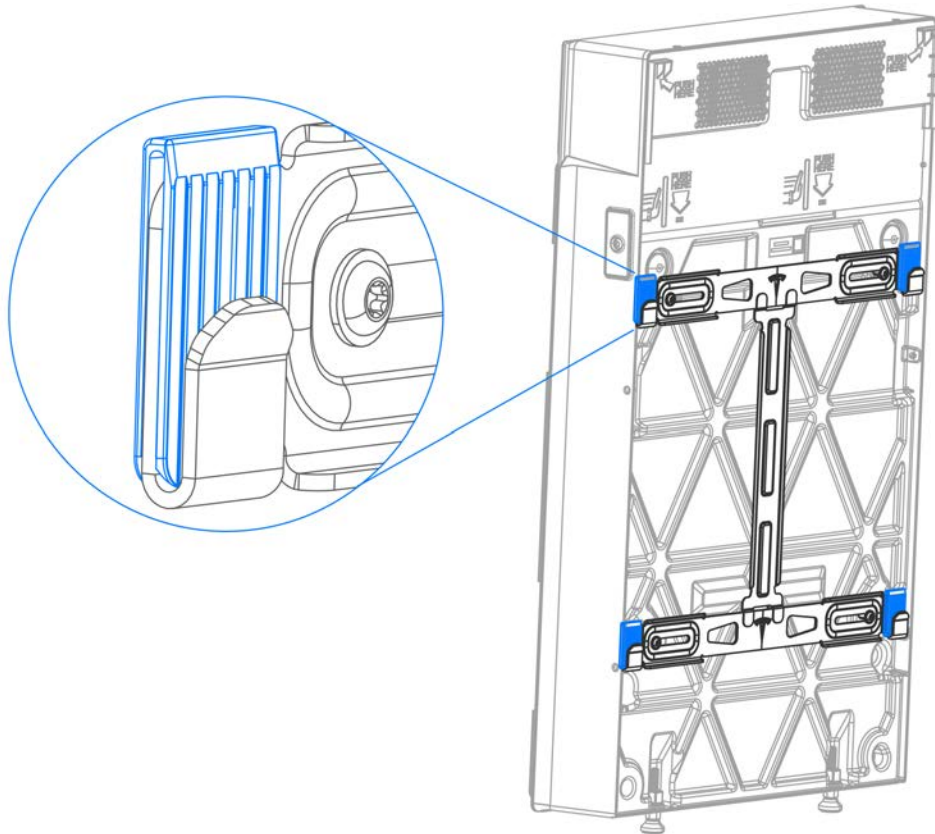
- b. Using the (4X) provided Torx T40 fasteners, mount the next Expansion unit bracket to the front of the installed Expansion unit enclosure. Torque the fasteners to 26 Nm (230 in-lb).



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: Ensure each shim is aligned with the edge of the bracket and is fully seated.

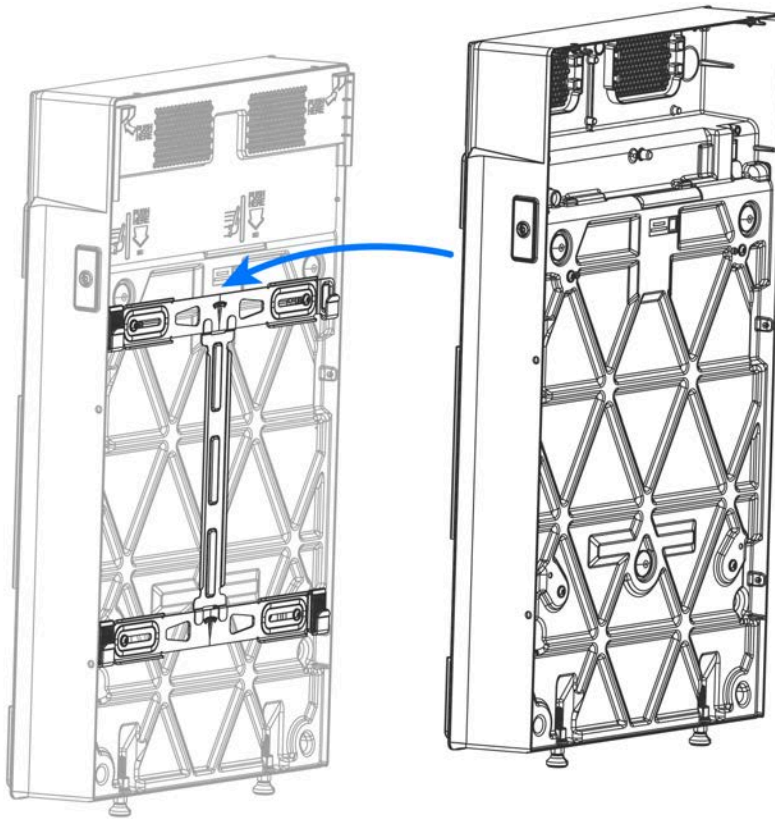


- c. With the next Expansion unit on the dolly, move the dolly toward the wall, positioning the unit so that the mounting cleats are just above the flanges on the bracket.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

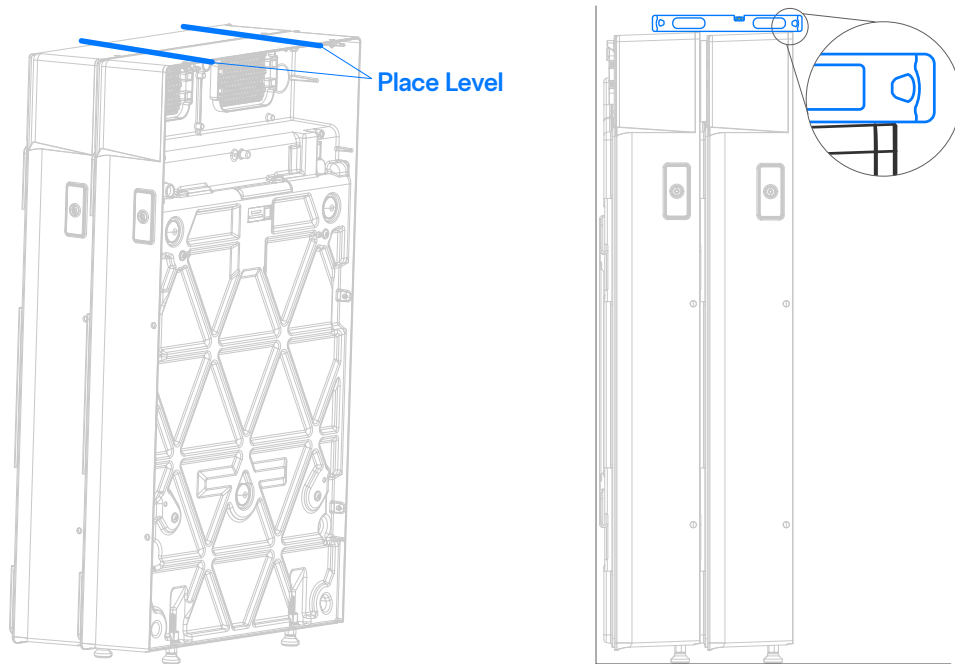
- d. Lower the Expansion unit until the upper set of cleats is fully seated on the bracket flanges, and the lower set of cleats is engaging the bracket flanges.



- e. Install the fan front cover and the (6) fir tree plugs in the fastener holes as described in steps [9 on page 161](#) and [10 on page 162](#).
- f. Use an 11/16 inch (or 17 mm) wrench to adjust the leveling feet until the unit is level. The unit should be within +/- 2 degrees in any direction. When confirming the units are level with each other, place the level on either side of the unit and balance the level on the front edge of each unit.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: The top of each foot must be visible above the threaded boss; do not unscrew the foot so far that the top is no longer visible.

13. Repeat step [12 on page 162](#) for a third Expansion if present.
14. Once all Expansion units have been installed, repeat step [12 on page 162](#) to mount the Powerwall 3 to the front of the stack.
15. Begin with [STEP 7: Make Solar PV Connections on page 78](#) to complete all Powerwall 3 wiring, finishing by installing the front cover.



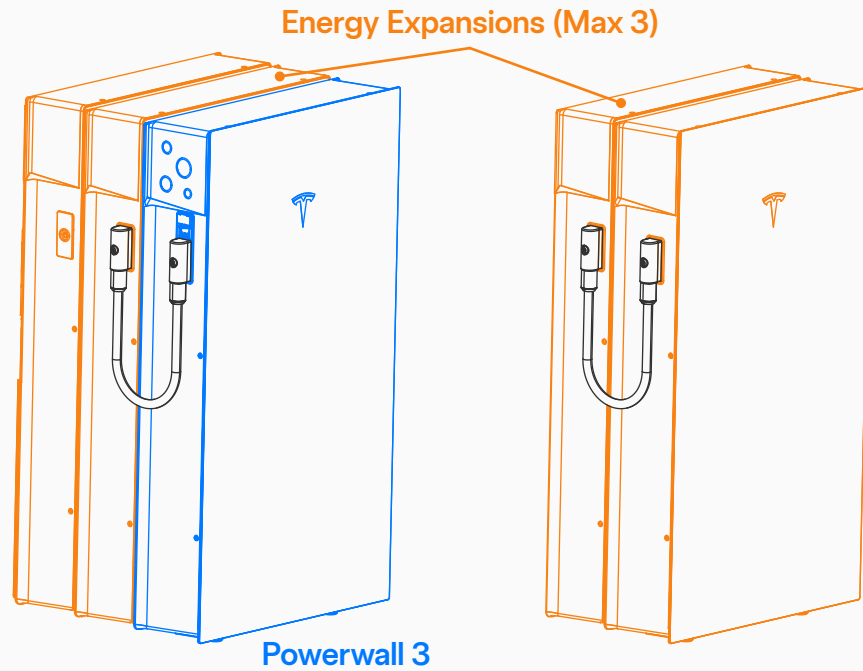
NOTE: Powerwall 3 must always be installed at the front of an Expansion unit stack. If the Powerwall 3 was previously installed, it must be uninstalled so that it can be moved to the front of the new stack.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: Alternatively, another Expansion with the Wall-Mount kit (Tesla P/N 1978069-xx-y) can be mounted to the front of the stack.



16. Connect the Expansion unit to the Powerwall 3 (or to another Expansion unit):
 - a. Using a Torx T40 bit, loosen the fastener holding the Expansion port cover.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



WARNING: STOP. Before opening Expansion port covers:

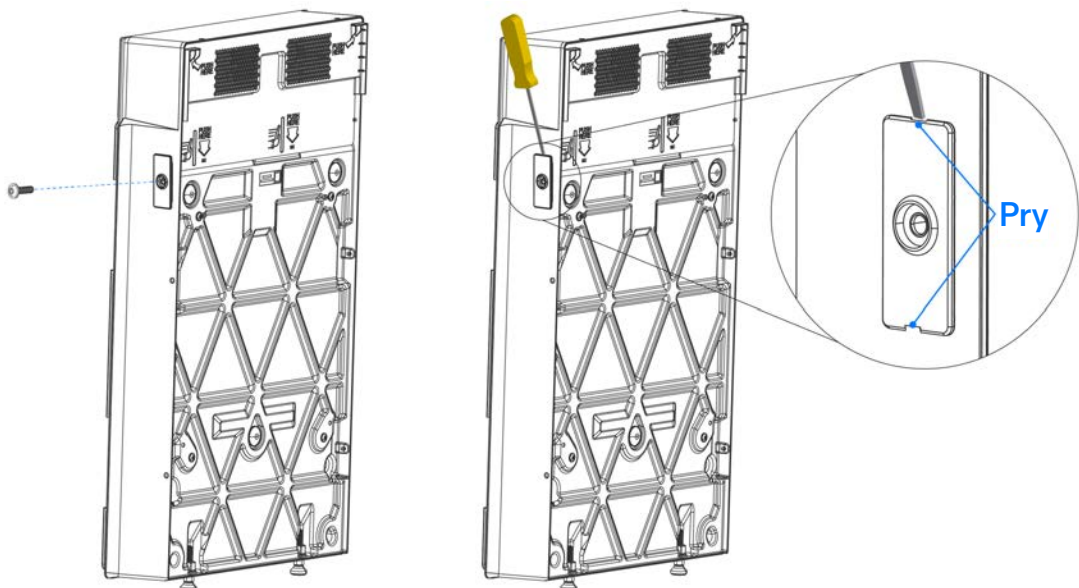
- During installation, do not open the Expansion Port cover if Expansion / Powerwall 3 is **directly exposed** to any of the following conditions:
 - Rain
 - Snow
 - High winds (>48 kph)



- Do not leave the Expansion Port open for extended periods or in high debris/dust conditions

Doing so may allow water and/or debris to contact the sensitive internal components of Powerwall 3 / Expansion. This may lead to product damage and could potentially void the product warranty.

- b. Insert a cabinet tip screwdriver in the small slots at the top and bottom of the port cover to pry it loose. Remove the cover.





APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: Keep the Expansion port cover in case the Expansion port needs to be covered again for any reason. Store the cover in the protective packaging from the harness to keep it clean.



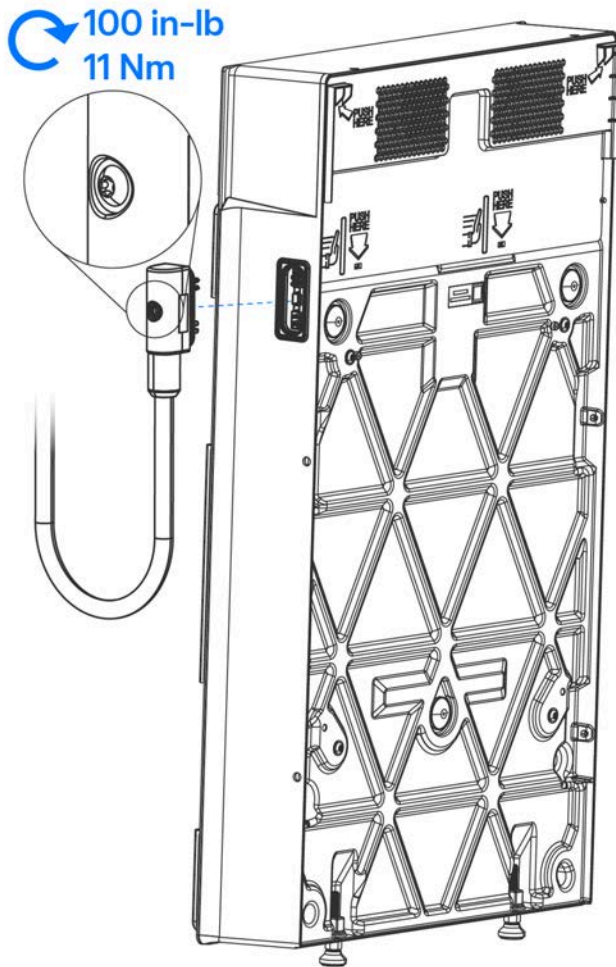
NOTE: If replacing the Expansion port cover, torque the port cover screw to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).

- c. Visually inspect the Expansion port and confirm there is no debris in the port.
- d. Remove the protective packaging from the end of the Expansion Harness being plugged in.



NOTE: The Expansion harness with Tesla P/N 1875157-05-y must be used when connecting Expansion units in a stacked configuration.

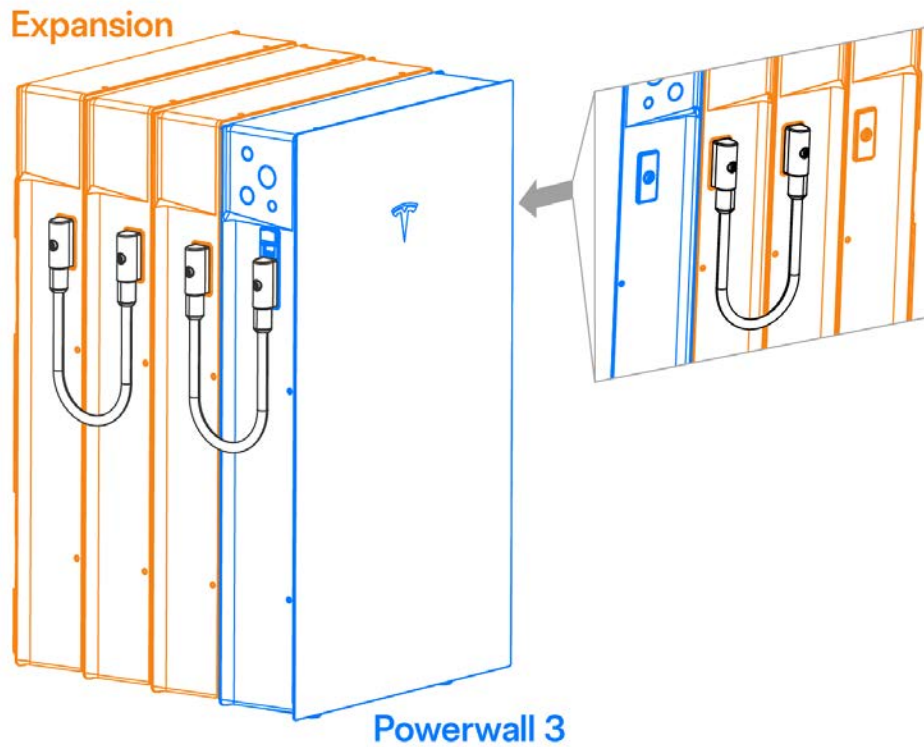
- e. Visually inspect the Expansion Harness connector and confirm there is no dirt or debris on the connector. If there is dirt / debris on the connector:
 - Clean the dirt / debris from the connector
 - If it is not possible to adequately clean the connector, use a new Expansion Harness
- f. Plug one end of the Expansion Harness into the Expansion unit. Torque the T40 harness screw on the connector to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).



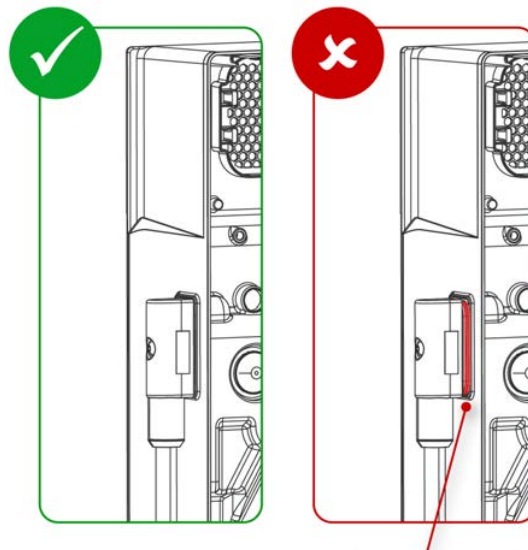
- g. Route the Expansion Harness to the Powerwall 3 (or other Expansion unit).
- h. Remove the Expansion port cover from the Powerwall 3 (or other Expansion unit) and plug the Expansion Harness in. Torque the T40 harness screw on the connector to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



- i. Ensure each end of the Expansion Harness is fully seated in its port; it will be possible to confirm the harness is fully seated when there is no gasket exposed.



Gasket Visible



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

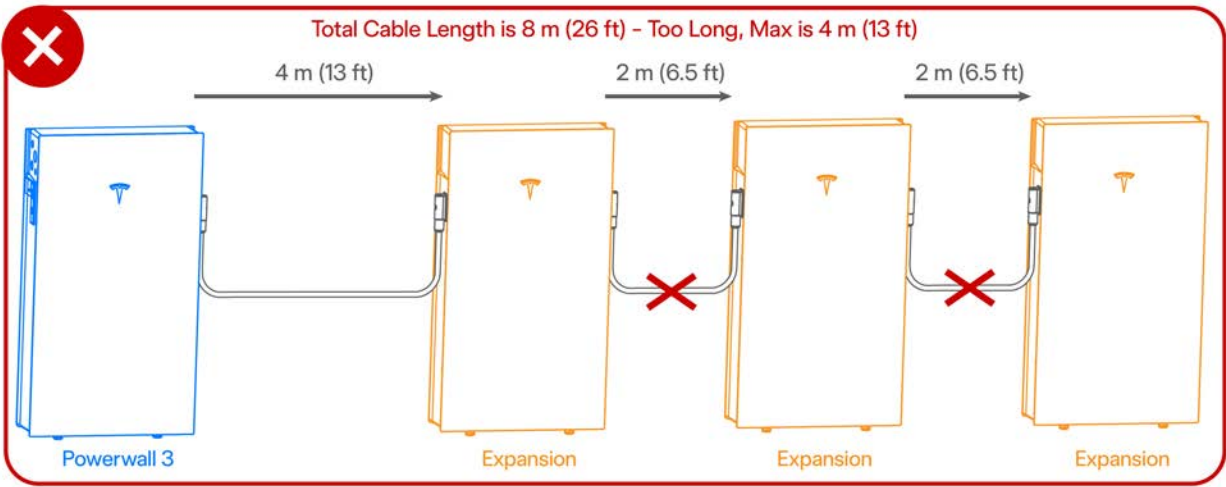
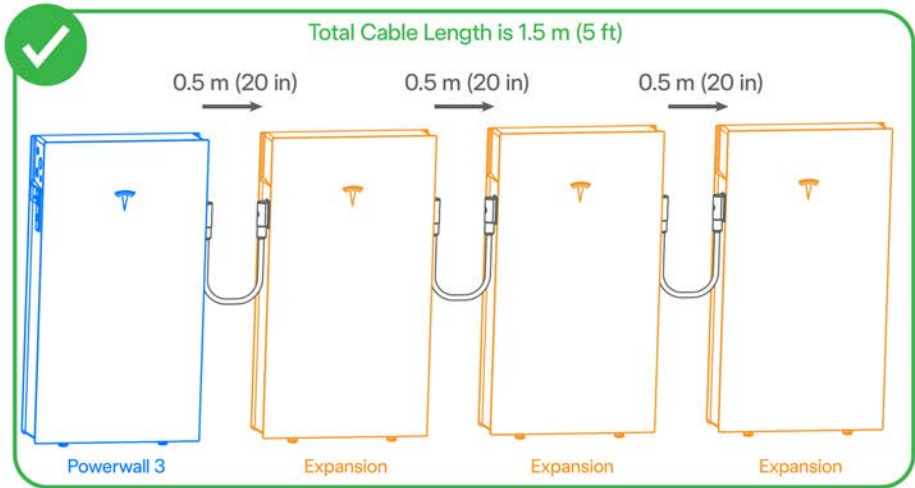
Wall Mount an Expansion Unit

 **NOTE:** Follow all Powerwall 3 guidance for choosing a location to install Expansion units, clearance requirements, and instructions to remove the units from packaging and transport them with the Powerwall dolly.

1. Determine whether Expansion units will be connected on only one side of Powerwall 3, or on both sides:
- When Expansion units will be connected **on only one side** of Powerwall 3, the maximum combined harness length is 4 m (13 ft). The following table provides all allowable harness combinations for this configuration:

Harness 1		Harness 2		Harness 3	
4 m (13 ft)	1875157-40-y	-		-	
2 m (6.5 ft)	1875157-20-y	2 m (6.5 ft)	1875157-20-y	-	
2 m (6.5 ft)	1875157-20-y	0.5 m (20 in)	1875157-05-y	0.5 m (20 in)	1875157-05-y
0.5 m (20 in)	1875157-05-y	0.5 m (20 in)	1875157-05-y	0.5 m (20 in)	1875157-05-y

 **CAUTION:** Using any other harness combination will result in excessive wire length, impacting product performance.

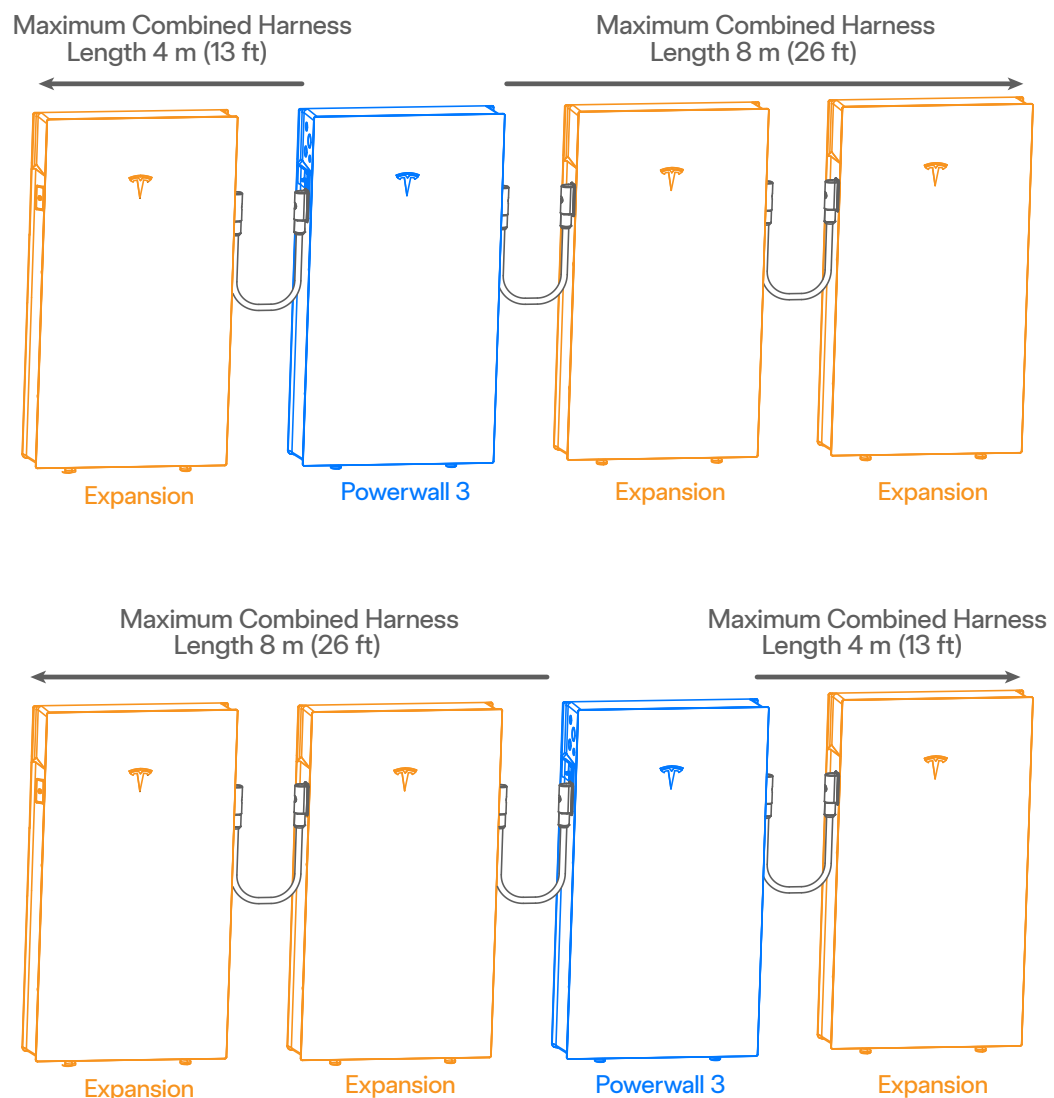




APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

- When Expansion units are connected **on both sides** of Powerwall 3, there is **no limit** on the maximum combined harness length. However, there is *effectively* a maximum combined harness length of 8 m (26 ft)* on each side of Powerwall 3 because:
 - Only (2) Expansion units can be connected on one side of Powerwall 3 (with (1) Expansion connected on the other side for a maximum total of (3) Expansion units)
 - The longest available harness is 4 m (13 ft) long. While any combination of harnesses can be used on either side of Powerwall 3 in this configuration, using the longest available harness results in a maximum combined length of 8 m (26 ft)

*Only (3) Expansion units can be connected to the Leader Powerwall 3. With Expansion units connected to both sides of Powerwall 3, there will always be one side with only (1) Expansion unit connected; by default, the maximum harness length on this side is 4 m (13 ft), which is the longest available harness length.



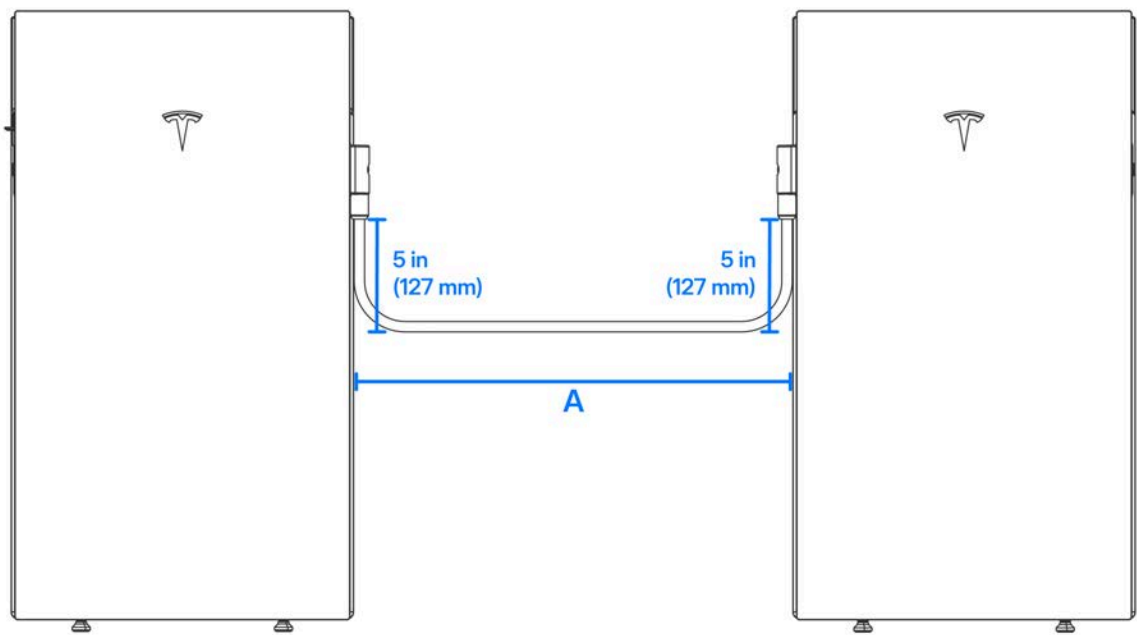
NOTE: The Expansion harnesses plugged in to the left and right ports on Powerwall 3 can be different harness models (e.g. the 4 m (13 ft) harness on one side and the 2 m (6.5 ft) harness on the other).



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

2. Determine which Expansion Harness length will be used based on the planned distance between the units:
- a. Measure the distance between the units where they will be installed (**A** in the figure below).
 - b. Calculate the **Maximum Distance Between Units**: Distance between units (measured in step [2.a on page 173](#)) + 254 mm (10 in)

NOTE: This accounts for the required minimum 127 mm (5 in) from the connector to the back of the bend on each end of the Expansion Harness.



NOTE: As displayed in this diagram, the Expansion Harness can be plugged into the Expansion port (on Expansion or Powerwall 3) on either side of the unit.

- c. Use the table below to determine which Expansion Harness to use (must be equal to or longer than the *Maximum Distance Between Units* calculated above)

Table 10. Expansion Harness to Use Depending on Distance Between Units

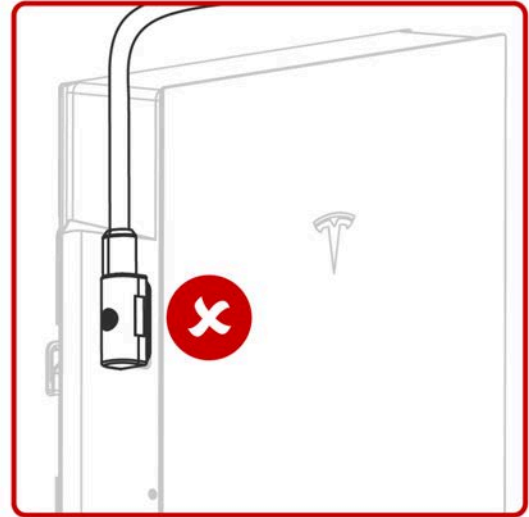
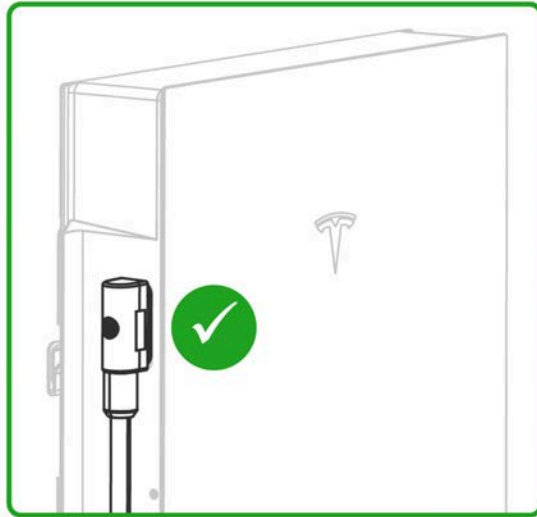
Expansion Harness Part Number	(A) Maximum Distance Between Units, Accounting for Bend Radius
Tesla P/N 1875157-05-y	0.25 m (10 in)
Tesla P/N 1875157-20-y	1.75 m (5 ft 9 in)
Tesla P/N 1875157-40-y	3.75 m (12 ft 3 in)



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: The Expansion Harness connector can only be oriented with the cable at the bottom of the connector. **Do not attempt to plug the connector in upside down.**



WARNING: Do not modify the Expansion Harness in any way. Doing so would result in product damage that could void the product warranty.

3. Safely shut the system down:

- If a System Shutdown Switch is present, push it to initiate Rapid Shutdown. If there is no System Shutdown Switch, turn the Enable switch on the Powerwall 3 to OFF.
- Open the Powerwall 3 AC circuit breaker.
- Wait 30 seconds before proceeding with any work.

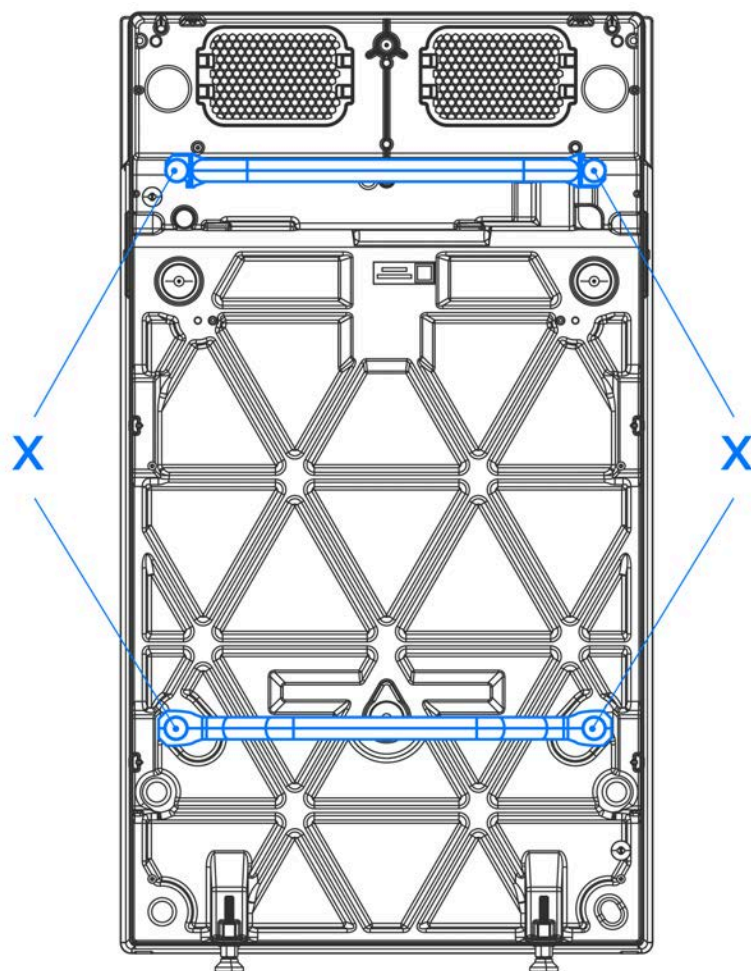


WARNING: Risk of electric shock from stored energy. Wait 30 seconds after disconnecting all sources of supply before proceeding.

- To lift and transport the Expansion unit, follow all instructions in [STEP 2: Remove Powerwall 3 from Packaging and Transport Using the Powerwall Dolly on page 46](#) to use the Powerwall dolly, noting where the two lift handles are connected on the Expansion (X):



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

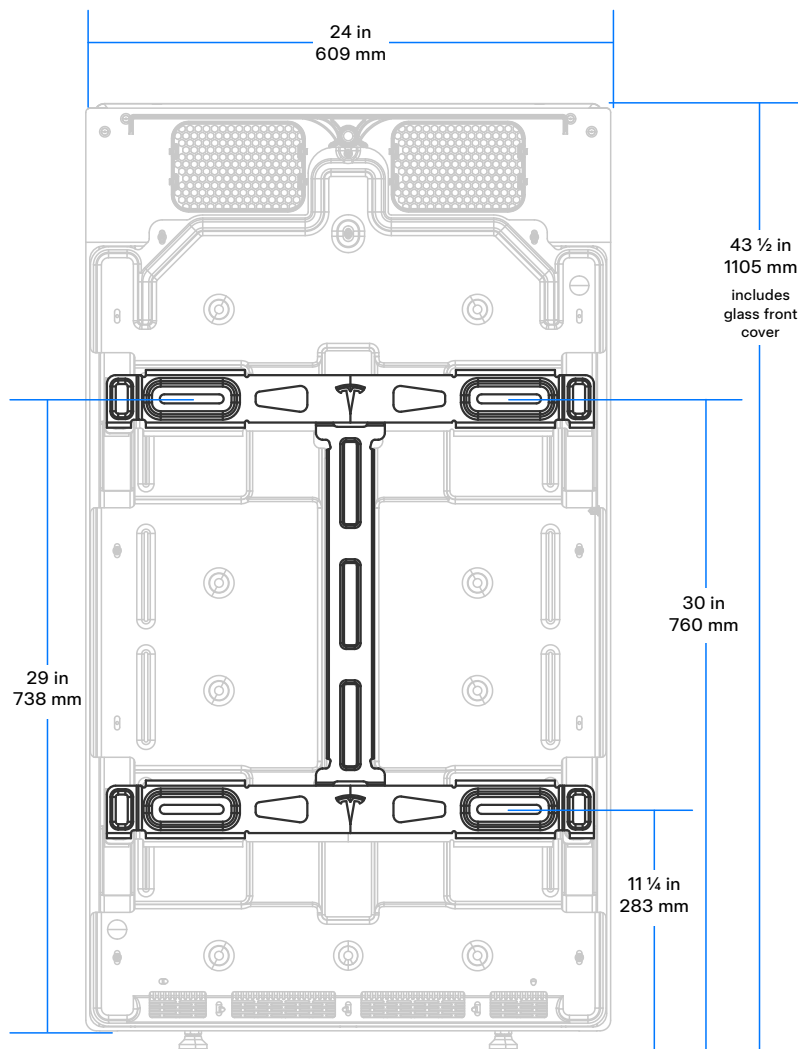


5. Using a drill and level, mount the Expansion unit bracket to the selected wall. See [Anchoring Details for Ground- or Wall-mounting Powerwall 3 with Wall Bracket on Existing Approved Foundation on page 114](#) for additional details on the type and number of fasteners to use.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

Figure 52. Bracket Measurements Relative to Expansion Unit and Floor



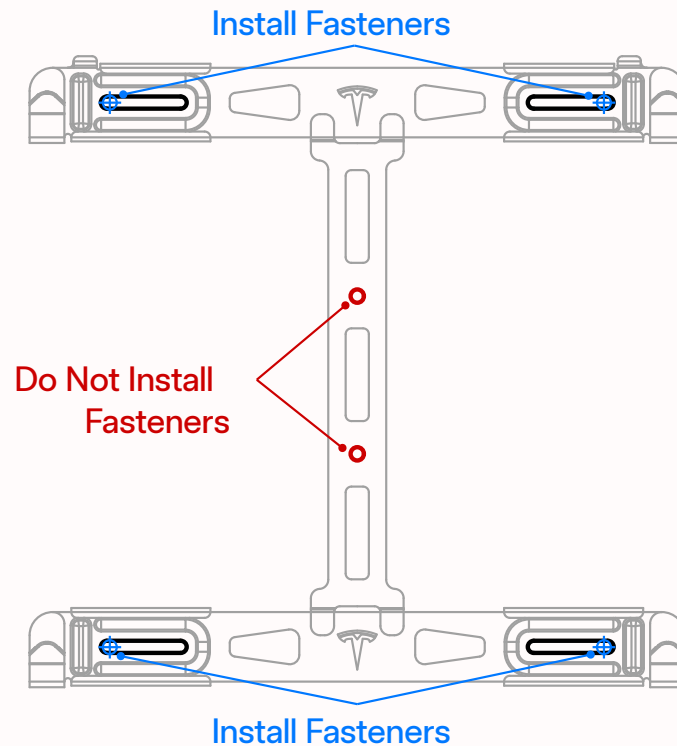
NOTE: These bracket measurements are the same for both Expansion and Powerwall 3 units.



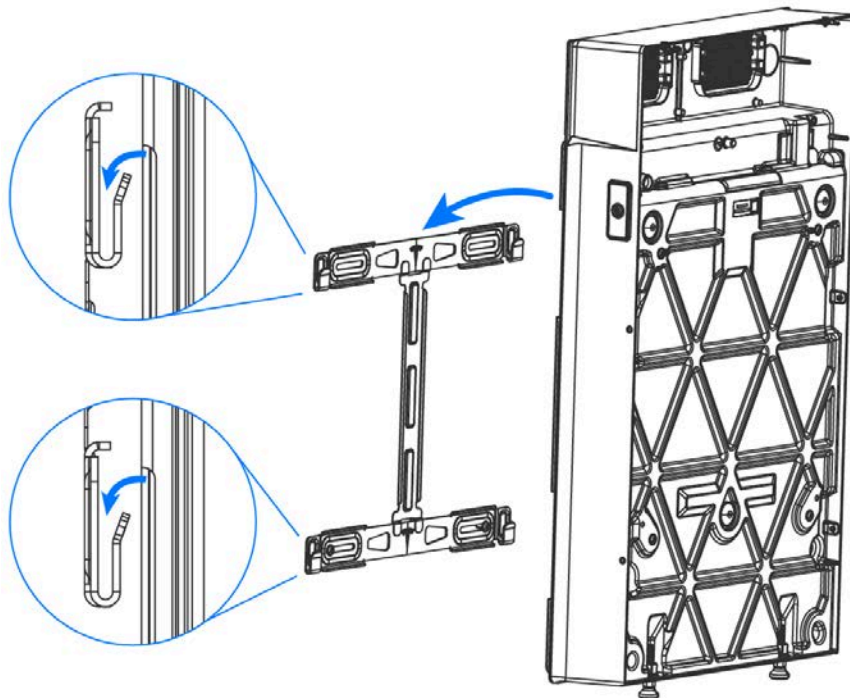
APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



WARNING: Only install fasteners in the (4) slots on the horizontal bracket segments, and **ensure they are installed on the outside edges of each slot**. Do not install fasteners on the vertical (center) segment, as these are not structural mounting holes.



6. Move the dolly toward the wall, positioning the Expansion unit so that the mounting cleats are just above the flanges on the bracket.



7. Lower the Expansion unit until:
- The upper set of cleats is fully seated on the bracket flanges

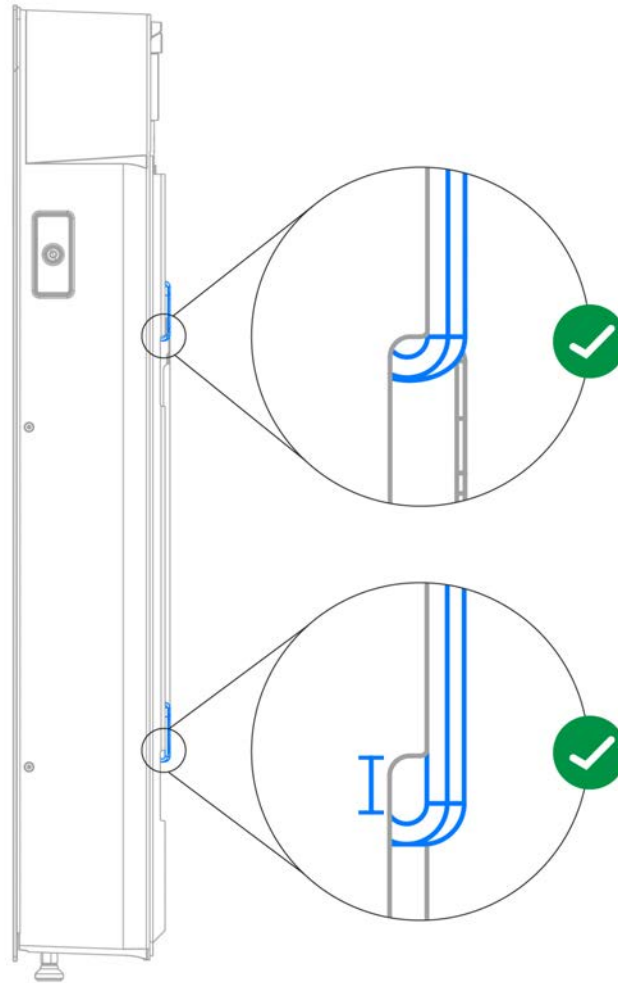


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

- The lower set of cleats is engaging the bracket flanges



NOTE: Only the upper set of cleats will be fully seated; the lower cleats will still engage the bracket, but there will be a small gap between the lower cleats and the bottom edge of the bracket.

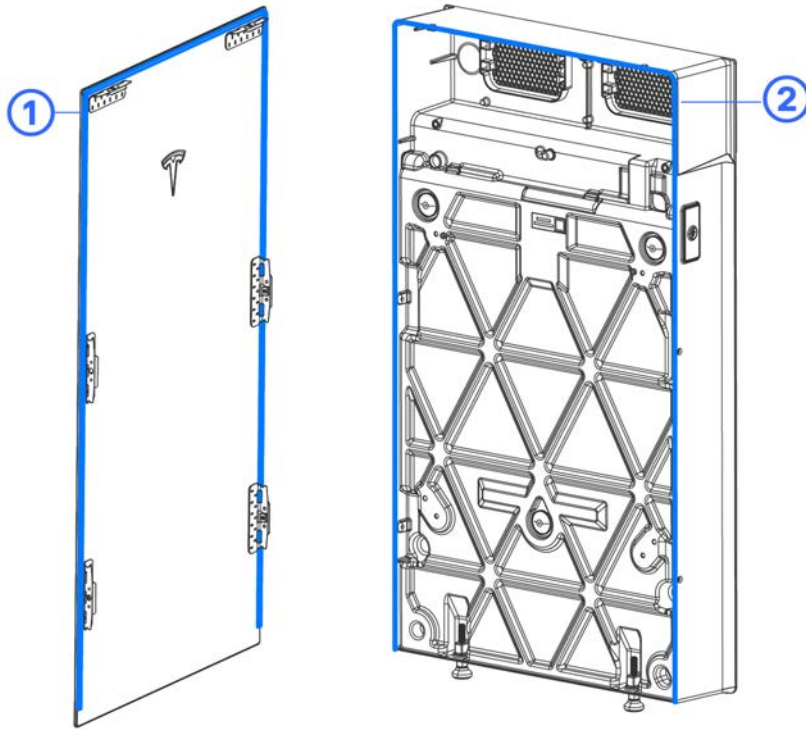


NOTE: The mounting bracket shims included in the Expansion stacking kit are not used for the unit mounted directly to the wall. The shims are only required to secure the bracket when it is being mounted to the front of an Expansion unit.

8. Clean the front edge of the Expansion unit enclosure with a microfiber cloth to remove any debris that might interfere with the seal.
9. Carefully remove the glass front cover from its packaging and, using a microfiber cloth, clean the sealing gasket **(1)** around the edge of the front cover and the front edge of the enclosure **(2)** to remove any debris that might interfere with the seal.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

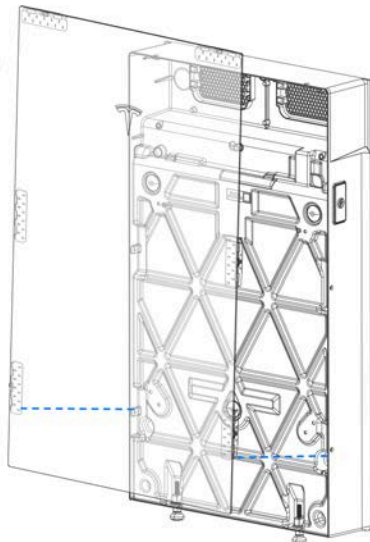


CAUTION: Take extreme care when handling the sealing gasket. Damage to or contamination of the gasket or its mating surface could compromise Powerwall's ingress protection, resulting in product damage.

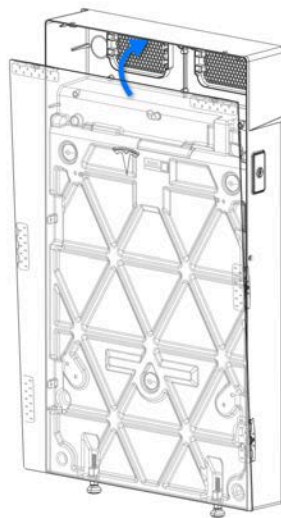
10. Carefully install the glass front cover:

- Align the lower mounting tabs with the two alignment shelves in the enclosure **(A)**.
- Rotate the front cover toward the enclosure to engage the top mounting tabs with the enclosure **(B)**. Maintain pressure (approximately 2 Nm) on the front of the cover to compress the sealing gasket.

A



B



CAUTION: Maintain pressure to keep the sealing gasket compressed until all fasteners are installed and tightened. If the sealing gasket is not compressed, the fasteners may thread form in the enclosure, breaking the front cover mounting tabs.

- Install and tighten the top (2) T20 fasteners in the fastener slots.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



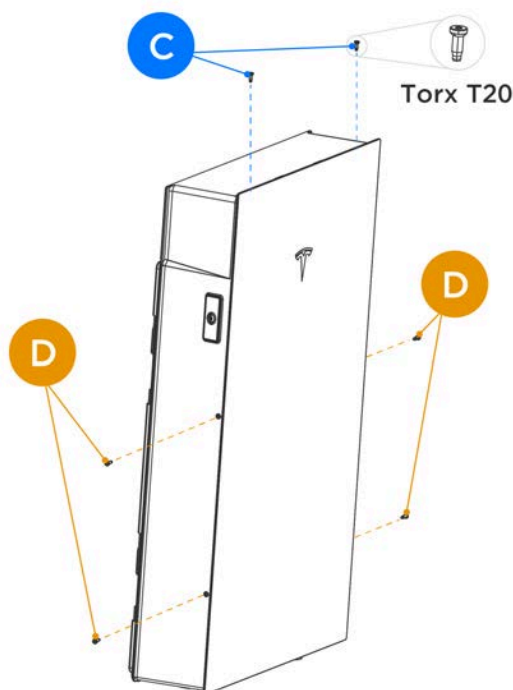
NOTE: T20 fasteners (Tesla P/N 1847553-xx-y) are included in the accessory bag:

- Early revisions of the fasteners (left, below) are single use; to reuse these fasteners, remove the black gasket from the fastener **(1)**
- Later revisions of the fasteners (right, below) do not include a gasket and can be reused without any alteration



The gasket is not required and does not impact the enclosure rating of Powerwall 3.

d. Install the remaining (4) T20 fasteners in the side fastener slots.



e. Tighten all (6) fasteners to approximately 25 in-lb (2.8 Nm) or hand-tight.



CAUTION: Do not use an impact driver to torque the fasteners.

11. **Before** removing the Expansion Harness protective packaging, mock up the cable routing by holding the Expansion Harness against the wall, confirming each connector reaches its Expansion port. If either or both connectors do not reach the Expansion port, use a longer Expansion Harness.
12. Connect the Expansion unit to the Powerwall 3 (or to another Expansion unit):
 - a. Using a Torx T40 bit, loosen the fastener holding the Expansion port cover.



APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



WARNING: STOP. Before opening Expansion port covers:

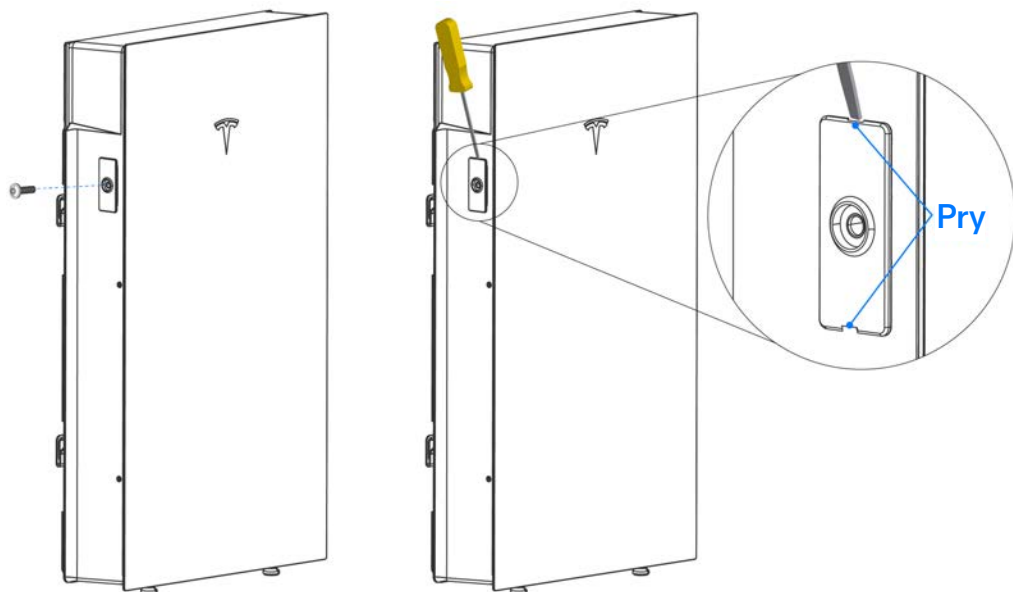
- During installation, do not open the Expansion Port cover if Expansion / Powerwall 3 is **directly exposed** to any of the following conditions:
 - Rain
 - Snow
 - High winds (>48 kph)



- Do not leave the Expansion Port open for extended periods or in high debris/dust conditions

Doing so may allow water and/or debris to contact the sensitive internal components of Powerwall 3 / Expansion. This may lead to product damage and could potentially void the product warranty.

- b. Insert a cabinet tip screwdriver in the small slots at the top and bottom of the port cover to pry it loose. Remove the cover.





APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: When the Expansion port cover bolt is loosened, depending on site conditions such as elevation, it is normal to hear a hissing sound until the air pressure has equalized.

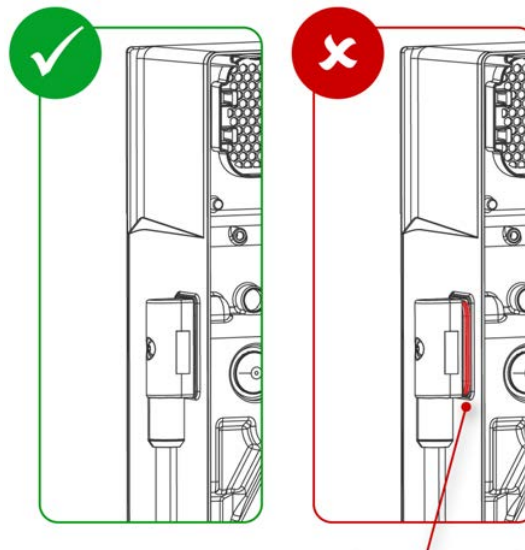


NOTE: Keep the Expansion port cover in case the Expansion port needs to be covered again for any reason. Store the cover in the protective packaging from the harness to keep it clean.



NOTE: If replacing the Expansion port cover, torque the port cover screw to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).

- c. Visually inspect the Expansion port and confirm there is no debris in the port.
- d. Remove the protective packaging from the end of the Expansion Harness being plugged in.
- e. Visually inspect the Expansion Harness connector and confirm there is no dirt or debris on the connector. If there is dirt / debris on the connector:
 - Clean the dirt / debris from the connector
 - If it is not possible to adequately clean the connector, recycle the Expansion Harness and use a new one
- f. Plug one end of the Expansion Harness into the Expansion unit. Ensure the connector is fully seated in its port; it will be possible to confirm the connector is fully seated when there is no gasket exposed.

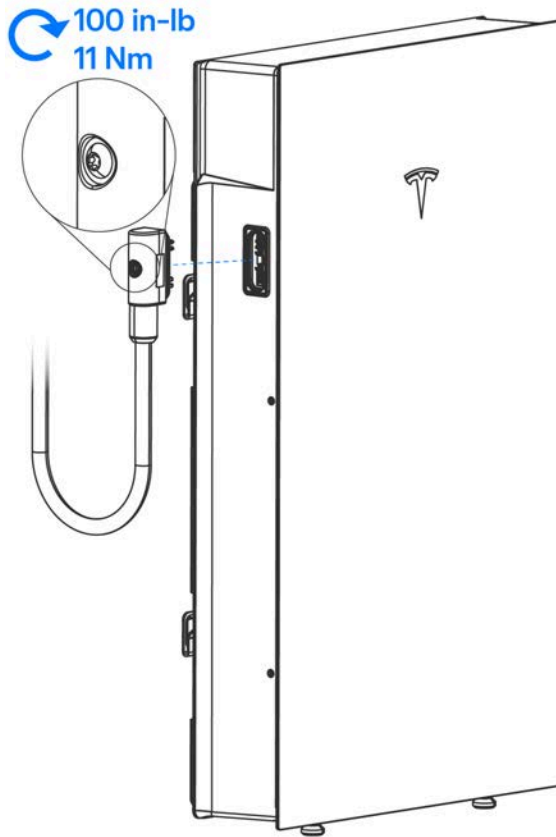


Gasket Visible

- g. Torque the T40 harness screw on the connector to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).

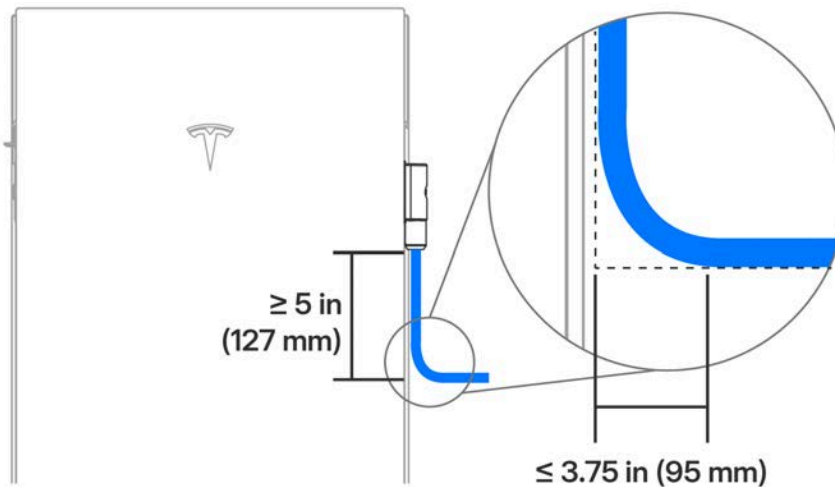


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



13. Plan the Expansion Harness cable routing, noting the following:

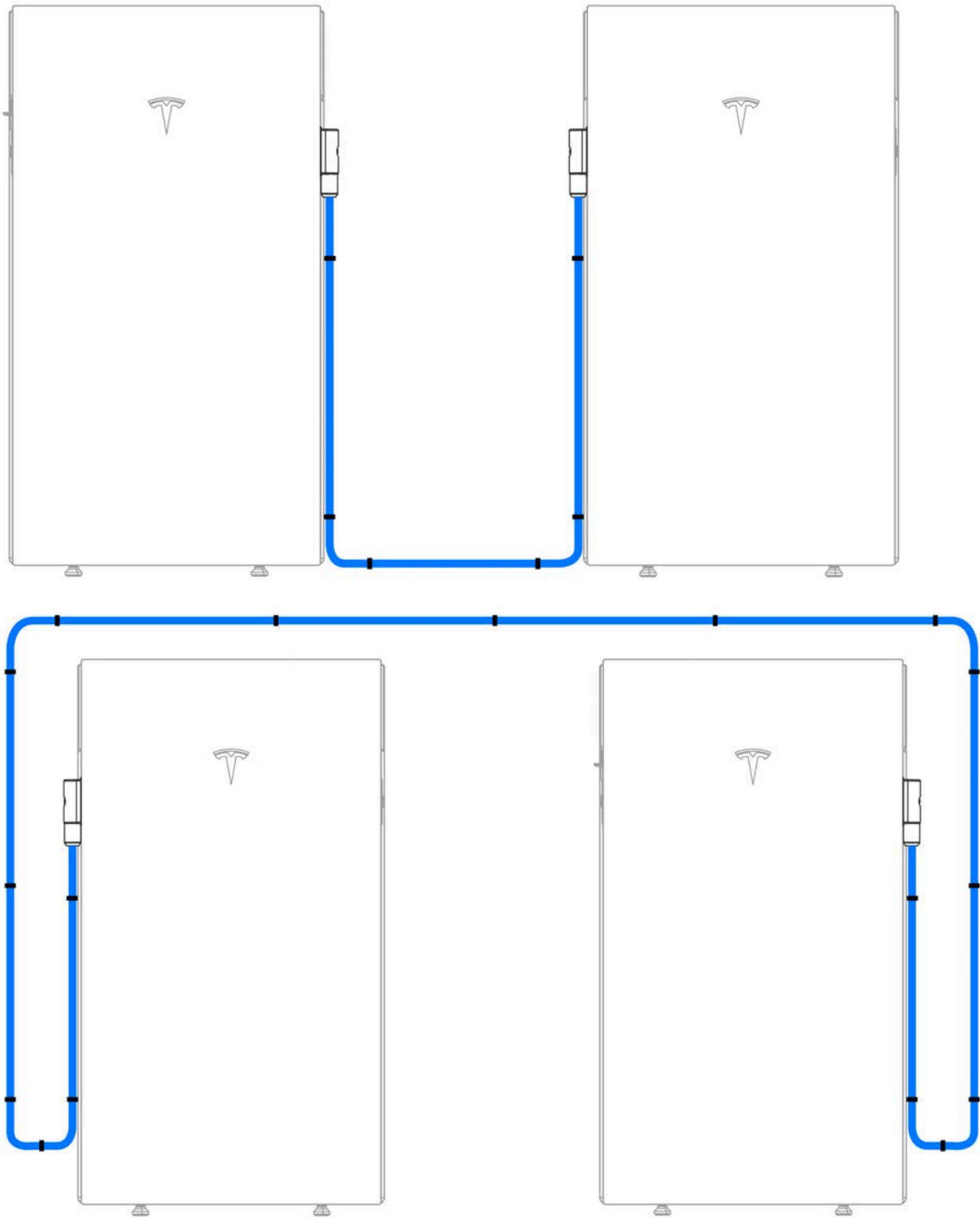
- The minimum bend radius of the cable is 95 mm (3.75 in). Bending the cable to a lesser radius may result in damage to the Expansion Harness



- When a long Expansion Harness must be used, route and secure the cable so that there is no slack; the following examples illustrate some of the ways cable slack can be consumed (note the Bridgeport US-6171 straps (Tesla P/N 1730711-xx-y) represented in black):

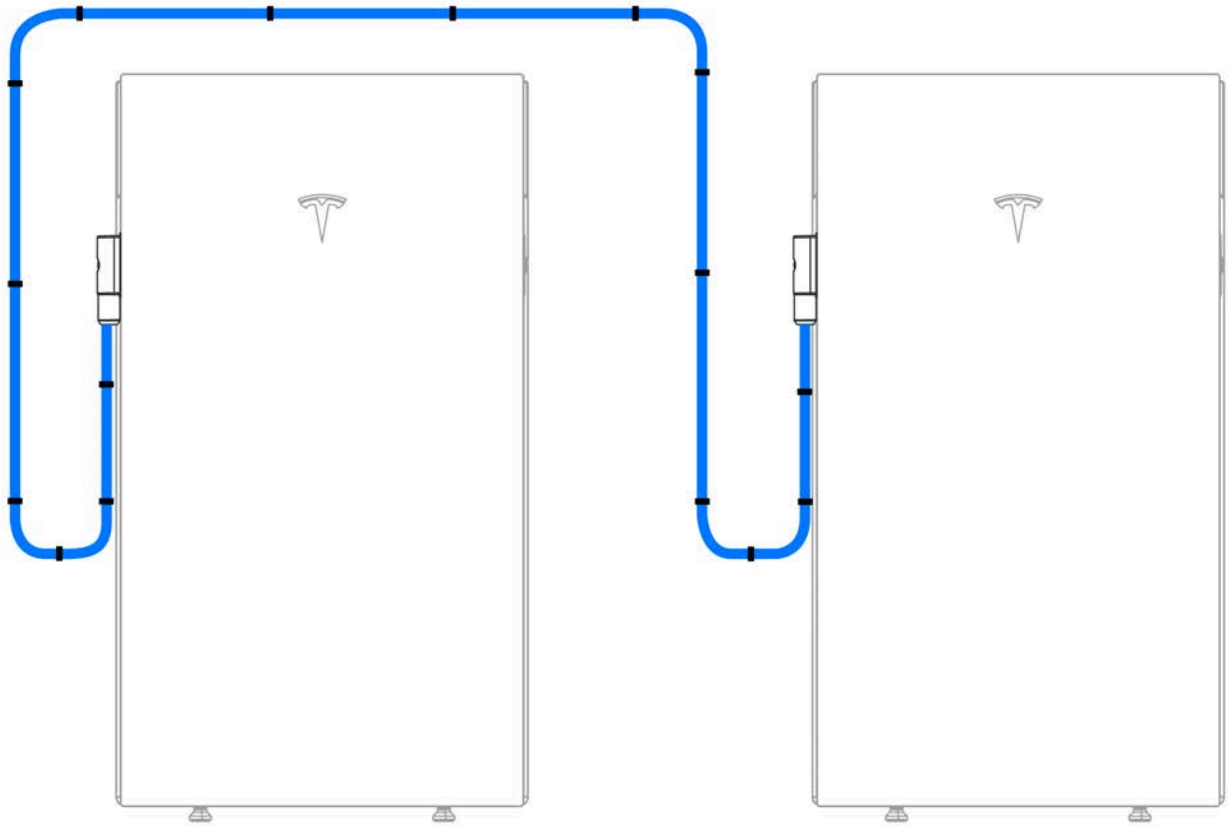


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

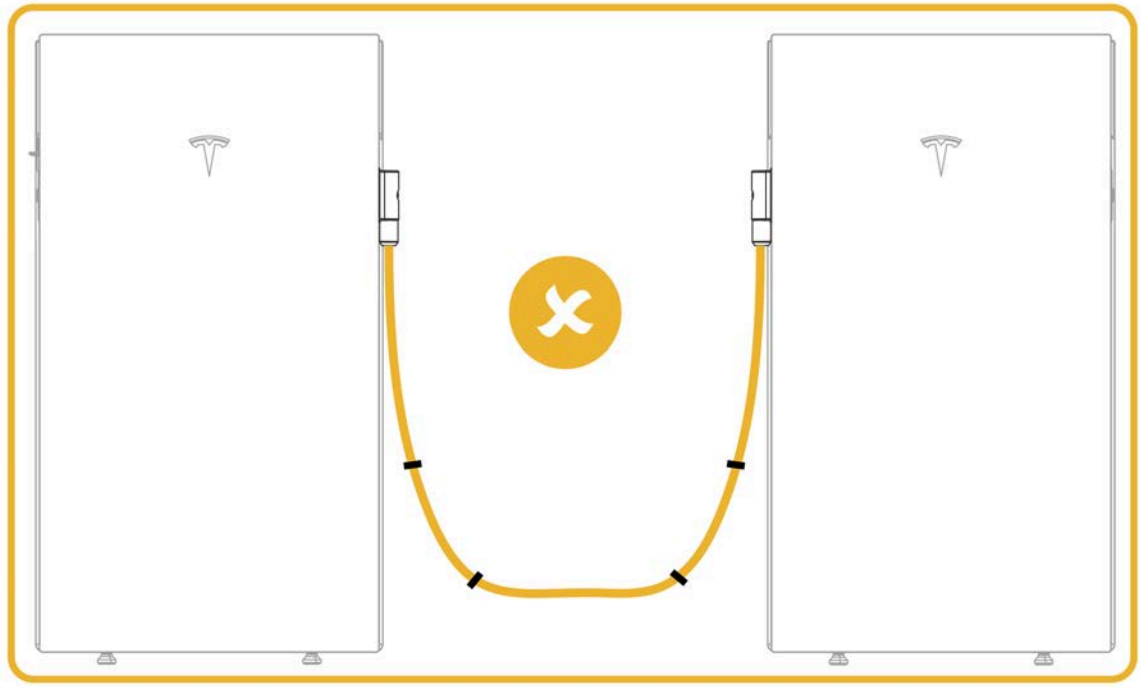




APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



NOTE: Route and strap the Expansion Harness so that it forms right angles and generally looks as neat as possible. The installation depicted in the following diagram is not incorrect, but improving the Harness routing would result in an overall more aesthetically pleasing installation.

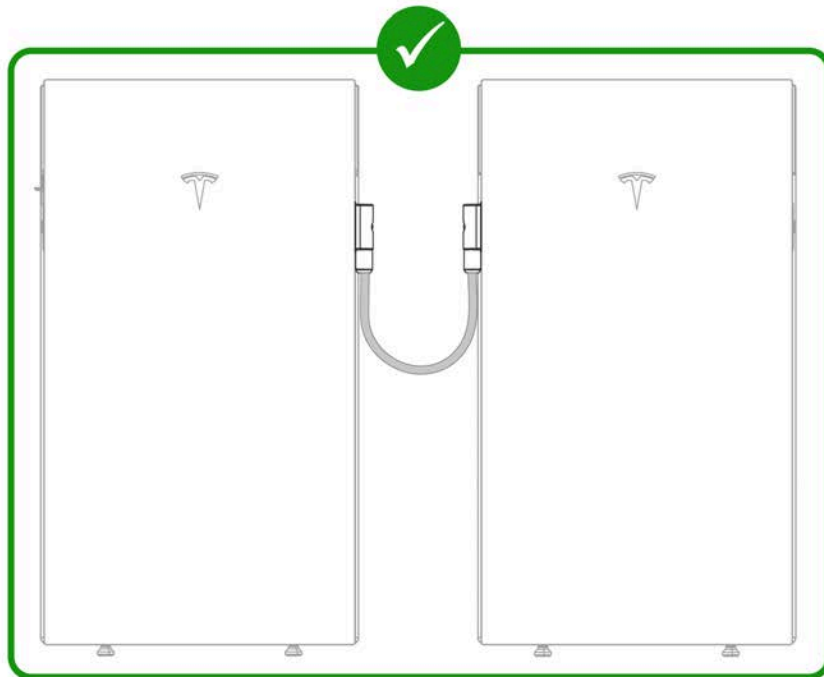
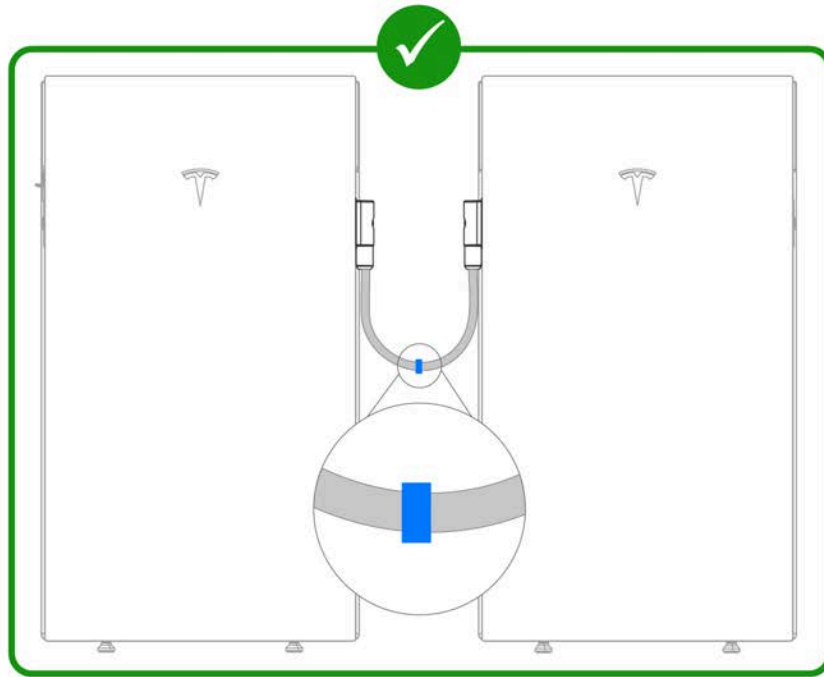




APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



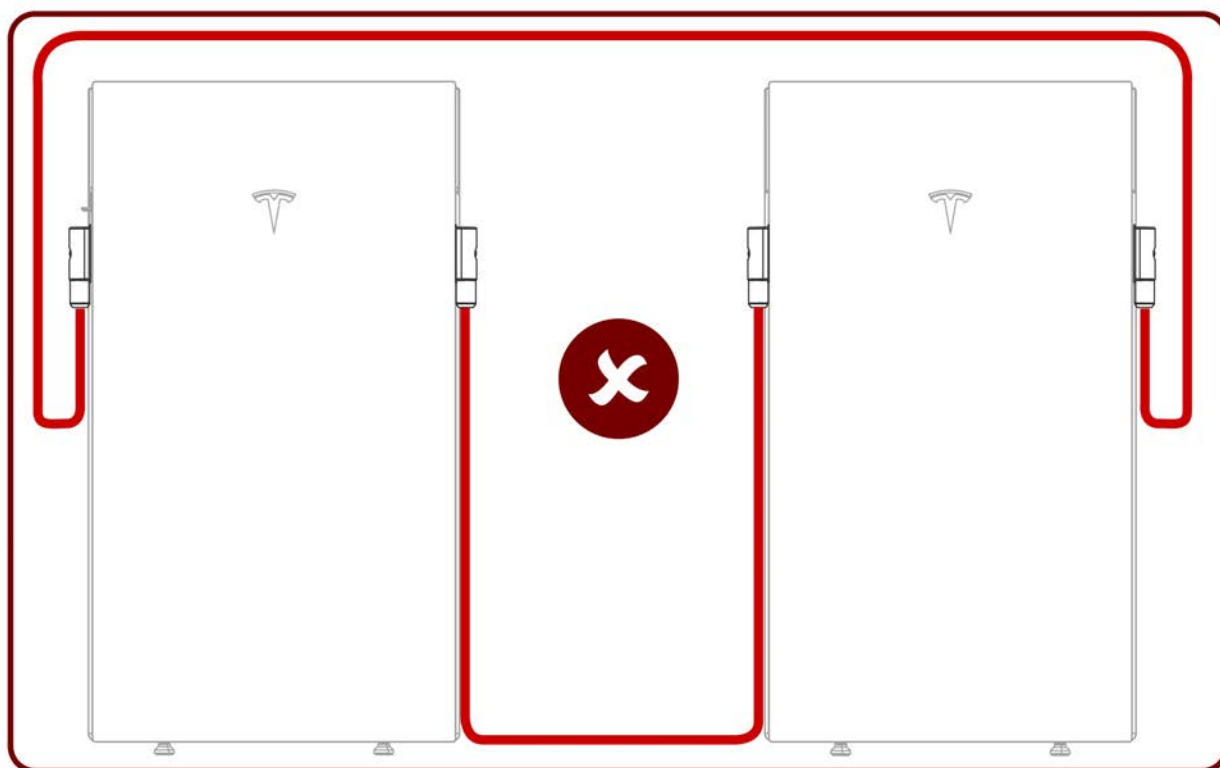
NOTE: When Expansion units are mounted 0.25 m (10 in) or less from each other and it is possible to use the 0.5 m (20 in) Harness to connect them, a strap can be used to secure the Harness to the wall, but it is not required. If securing with a strap, ensure the Harness is not bent to a radius less than 95 mm (3.75 in) as noted above.





APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

- Each unit (Powerwall 3 or Expansion) must only be connected to another unit via one harness. **Do not connect two units using two separate harnesses**



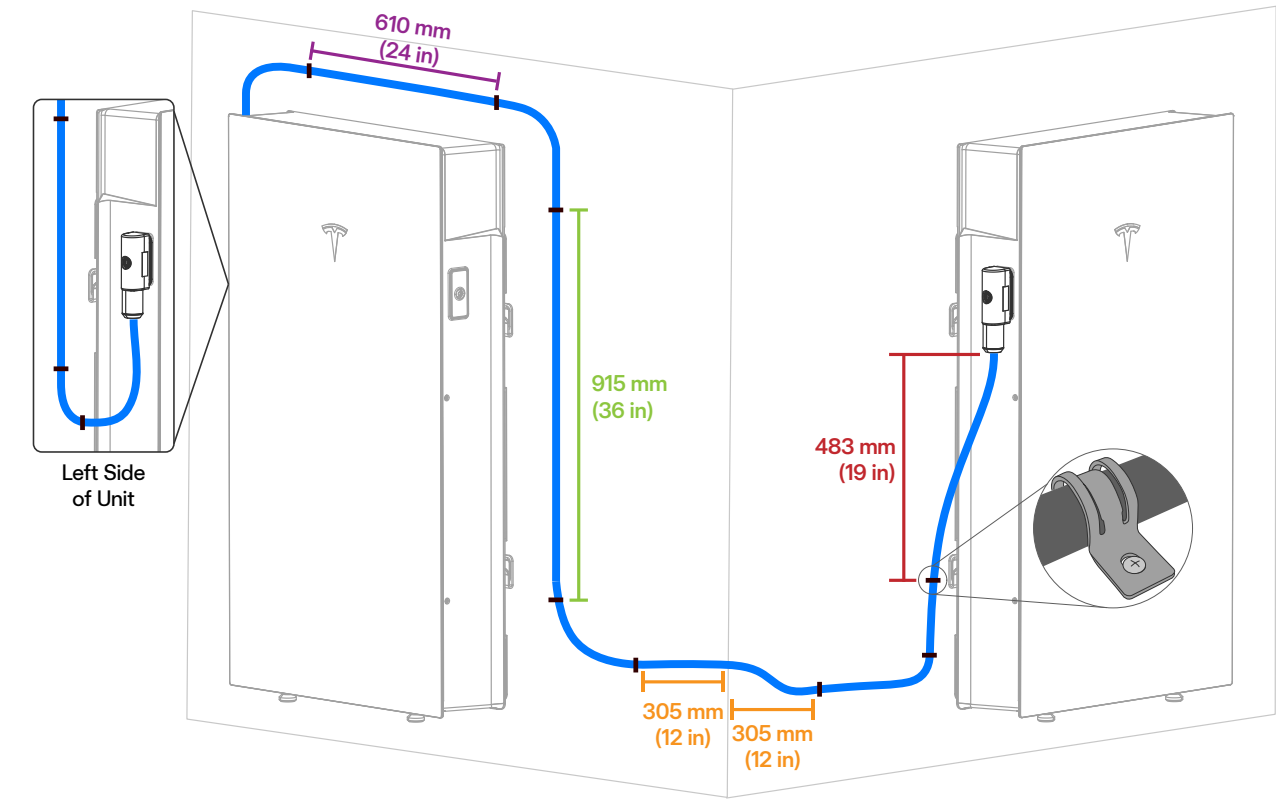


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS

14. Secure the Expansion Harness cable using Bridgeport US-6171 straps (Tesla P/N 1730711-xx-y), noting the following requirements for strap placement:

Strap Placement	Maximum Distance	Measurement Color in Diagram
Each end of Expansion Harness	483 mm (19 in) from connector	Red
Horizontal Run	610 mm (24 in) between straps	Purple
Vertical Run	915 mm (36 in) between straps	Green
Inside or Outside Corner	305 mm (12 in) from corner (recommended but not required)	Orange

Figure 53. Maximum Distance Between Expansion Harness Cable Straps



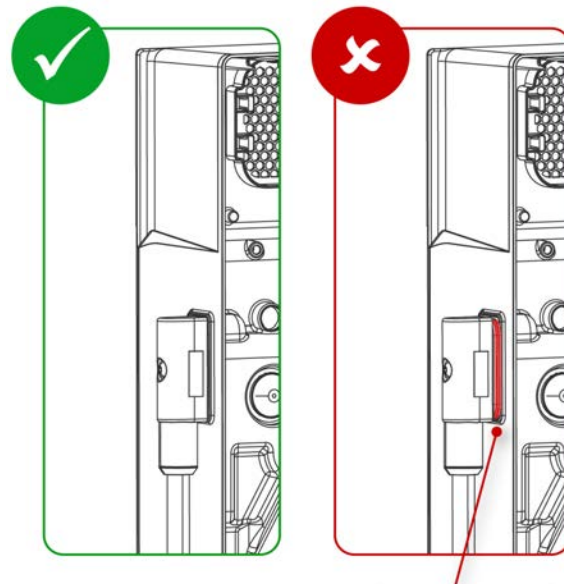
NOTE: Keep the Expansion Harness cable flat and as close to the wall as possible when routing it.

NOTE: When routing around an outside corner, the Expansion Harness cable may need to be routed with an offset to ensure the cable stays flat and as close as possible to the surface of the wall.

15. Plug the remaining Expansion Harness connector into the other Expansion or Powerwall 3. Ensure the connector is fully seated in its port; it will be possible to confirm the connector is fully seated when there is no gasket exposed.

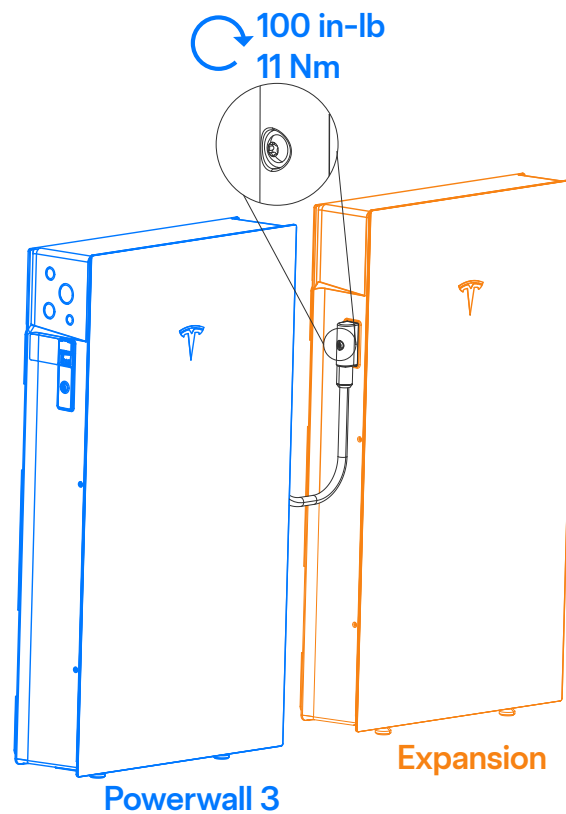


APPENDIX E: INSTALLING MULTIPLE POWERWALL 3 UNITS AND/OR EXPANSION UNITS



Gasket Visible

16. Torque the T40 harness screw on the connector to 100 in-lb (11 Nm).





APPENDIX F: SHUTTING DOWN POWERWALL 3

Powerwall 3 system shutdown for emergency response or maintenance requires system shutdown and disabling solar output.



CAUTION: Open all third party solar inverter breakers or handled disconnects before shutting down the Powerwall 3 system.

Safely Shut Down Powerwall 3 for Maintenance or Service

1. Turn the Powerwall 3 On/Off switch OFF.



NOTE: Powerwall 3 Expansion units are connected to Powerwall 3 via a factory-made harness. They are not connected to a breaker and they do not have an on/off switch; when Powerwall 3 is turned off, any Expansion units will automatically shut down.

2. Turn the Powerwall 3 integrated DC isolator switch OFF.
3. Open the Powerwall 3 AC circuit breaker.
4. Wait 30 seconds before proceeding with any work.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock from stored energy. Wait 30 seconds after disconnecting all sources of supply before proceeding.

5. Use a lock-out device on the disconnecting means listed in the table below whenever performing work on equipment that is not within sight of the switch.

Disabling Solar, System Shutdown, and Disconnecting Means for Powerwall 3

Action	Powerwall 3				AC-coupled Solar Inverter
	On/Off Switch	Integrated DC Isolator	AC Breaker / Isolator	External DC Isolator	AC Breaker / Isolator
Disables Expansion Units	Yes	No	No	No	No
Disables DC-coupled Solar	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Disables AC-coupled Solar	No	No	No	No	Yes
Disables AC Inverter (Input and Output)	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Isolates DC side for maintenance	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Isolates AC side for maintenance	No	No	Yes	No	No



APPENDIX G: TROUBLESHOOTING

Situations in Which Powerwall 3 Stops Grid Forming

Some situations in which the Powerwall will not be allowed to grid-form are:

- The Powerwall 3 **On/Off switch is switched OFF**.
- An **open circuit** between any Powerwall and the Backup Gateway. *Example: an open Powerwall AC breaker.*
- **Excessive voltage drop** between any Powerwall and Backup Gateway. *Example: poor connections at AC wire terminals or wiring damage between Powerwall and Gateway.*
- **Loss of communications** between any internal system or meter (for instance loss of communication with Backup Gateway 2).

Earthing

When operating off-grid, the Backup Gateway 2 forms a local **TN-S supply** to the connected distribution board(s):

- *Relationship of power system to earth: **T*** – Direct connection of one point to Earth – this is provided by the local earth, connected into the main earthing terminal
- *Relationship of the exposed conductive parts to Earth: **N*** – Direct connection to the earthed point (neutral) of the power supply system – this is facilitated by the local N-PE bond created within the Gateway during off-grid operation
- *Arrangement of neutral and protective conductors: **S*** – Separate conductors – separate neutral and protective conductors are connected between the Gateway and downstream distribution board(s)

Proper earth connection and Neutral-to-Earth (N-PE) bonding during on-grid and off-grid operation is required for safe operation of the Powerwall system and for compliance with local code requirements. For instruction regarding the switched earth connection, refer to [Verify Neutral-Earth Bonding Scheme on page 58](#).



WARNING: To ensure safe operation when operating off-grid, **a local earth must be present on the site**, such as by earth rod or ground electrode. During a grid fault it cannot be assumed that the DNO's Earth or PEN conductors are intact. Installation of earth rod must comply with local codes.



APPENDIX H: REGIONAL GRID CODE SETTINGS



NOTE: The system cannot be commissioned without selecting a Grid Code Region.



NOTE: Each selected region corresponds to the following grid-related feature settings.



NOTE: For adjustments to the setpoints that differ from those defined for Region A/B/C, please contact Tesla.

Voltage and Frequency Trip Settings

Table 11. Passive Anti-Islanding Voltage Limit Values

Protective Function	Protective Function Limit	Trip Delay Time	Maximum Disconnection Time
Undervoltage 2 ($V < <$)	70 V	1 s	2 s
Undervoltage 1 ($V <$)	180 V	10 s	11 s
Overvoltage 1 ($V >$)	265 V	1 s	2 s
Overvoltage 2 ($V > >$)	275 V	-	0.2 s

Table 12. Passive Anti-Islanding Frequency Limit Values

	Region	Australia A	Australia B	Australia C	New Zealand
Under-frequency 1 ($F <$)	Protective function limit value	47 Hz	47 Hz	45 Hz	45 Hz
	Trip delay time	1 s	1 s	5 s	1 s
	Maximum disconnection time	2 s	2 s	6 s	2 s
Over-frequency 1 ($F >$)	Protective function limit value	52 Hz	52 Hz	55 Hz	55 Hz
	Trip delay time	-	-	-	-
	Maximum disconnection time	0.2 s	0.2 s	0.2 s	0.2 s

Upper Connection and Reconnection Frequency (f_{URF})

Table 13. Upper Connection and Reconnection Frequency (f_{URF})

Region	f_{URF}
Australia A	50.15 Hz
Australia B	50.15 Hz
Australia C	50.50 Hz
New Zealand	50.15 Hz



APPENDIX H: REGIONAL GRID CODE SETTINGS

V_{nom} Max Settings

Table 14. Settings for $V_{nom-max}$

Region	Default Setpoint
Australia A	258 V
Australia B	258 V
Australia C	258 V
New Zealand	249 V
Allowable range	244 V to 258 V

Volt-Watt - Charge Settings

Table 15. Volt-Watt Response Set-Point Values for Multiple Mode Inverters with Energy Storage when Charging

Region	Default Value	V_{W1-ch}	V_{W2-ch}
Australia A	Voltage	207 V	215 V
	$P_{charge}/P_{rated-ch}$	20%	100%
Australia B	Voltage	195 V	215 V
	$P_{charge}/P_{rated-ch}$	0%	100%
Australia C	Voltage	207 V	215 V
	$P_{charge}/P_{rated-ch}$	20%	100%
New Zealand	Voltage	216 V	224 V
	$P_{charge}/P_{rated-ch}$	20%	100%
Allowed Range	Voltage	180 to 230 V	180 to 230 V
	$P_{charge}/P_{rated-ch}$	0 to 20%	100%



NOTE: P_{charge} refers to power input level through the grid-interactive port.



NOTE: $P_{rated-ch}$ refers to the rated active power input through the grid-interactive port used for charging the energy storage.



APPENDIX H: REGIONAL GRID CODE SETTINGS

Volt-Watt - Discharge Settings

Table 16. Volt-Watt Response Default Set-point Values

Region	Default Value	V _{W1-ch}	V _{W2-ch}
Australia A	Voltage	253 V	260 V
	Inverter maximum active power output level (P) % of S _{rated}	100%	20%
Australia B	Voltage	250 V	260 V
	Inverter maximum active power output level (P) % of S _{rated}	100%	20%
Australia C	Voltage	253 V	260 V
	Inverter maximum active power output level (P) % of S _{rated}	100%	20%
New Zealand	Voltage	242V	260 V
	Inverter maximum active power output level (P) % of S _{rated}	100%	20%
Allowed Range	Voltage	235 to 255 V	240 to 265 V
	Inverter maximum active power output level (P) % of S _{rated}	100%	0 to 20%



NOTE: Australia C parameter set is intended for application in isolated or remote power systems.

Volt-Var Settings

Table 17. Volt-Var Response Set-point Values

Region	Default Value	V _{V1}	V _{V2}	V _{V3}	V _{V4}
Australia A	Voltage	207 V	220 V	240 V	258 V
	Inverter reactive power level (Q) % of S _{rated}	44 % supplying	0 %	0 %	60 % absorbing
Australia B	Voltage	205 V	220 V	235 V	255 V
	Inverter reactive power level (Q) % of S _{rated}	30 % supplying	0 %	0 %	40 % absorbing
Australia C	Voltage	215 V	230 V	240 V	255 V
	Inverter reactive power level (Q) % of S _{rated}	44 % supplying	0 %	0 %	60 % absorbing
New Zealand	Voltage	207 V	220 V	235 V	244 V
	Inverter reactive power level (Q) % of S _{rated}	60 % supplying	0 %	0 %	60 % absorbing
Allowed Range	Voltage	180 to 230 V	180 to 230 V	230 to 265 V	230 to 265 V
	Inverter reactive power level (Q) % of S _{rated}	30 to 60 % supplying	0 %	0 %	30 to 60 % supplying



NOTE: Inverters may operate at a reactive power level with a range up to 100% supplying or absorbing.



APPENDIX H: REGIONAL GRID CODE SETTINGS



NOTE: Australia C parameter set is intended for application in isolated or remote power systems.

Frequency-Watt Settings

Table 18. Frequency Variation Withstand Limits

Inverter Response	Decrease in Frequency Response Lower Limit (Hz)	Lower Limit of Continuous Operation Range (f_{LLCO}) (Hz)	Upper Limit of Continuous Operation Range (f_{ULCO}) (Hz)	Increase in Frequency Response Upper Limit (Hz)
Range	-	49.5 - 49.9	50.1 - 50.5	-
Australia A	47	49.75	50.25	52
Australia B	47	49.85	50.15	52
Australia C	45	49.5	50.5	55
New Zealand	45	49.8	50.2	55

Table 19. Frequency Response Limits

Inverter Response	Decrease in Frequency Response Limits ¹		Increase in Frequency Response Limits ²	
	Frequency where power output level is maximum (f_{Pmax}) (Hz)	Frequency where charging power level is zero ($f_{stop-ch}$) (Hz)	Frequency where discharging power level is zero ($f_{transition}$) (Hz)	Frequency where power level is minimum (f_{Pmin}) (Hz)
Range	47 to 49	48 to 49.5	50.5 to 52	52 to 53
Australia A	48	49	50.75	52
Australia B	48	49	50.75	52
Australia C	47	48.25	51.75	53
New Zealand	48	49	51	52



NOTE: This refers to multiple mode inverters with energy storage.

¹ For decrease in frequency response refer to Clause 4.5.3.2.

² For increase in frequency response refer to Clause 4.5.3.3.



APPENDIX I: REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
1.9	September 17, 2025	Updated Solar Technical Specifications on page 7 with footnote that PV array voltage should not exceed 550 V DC
1.8	August 19, 2025	- Updated Powerwall 3 Expansion Specifications on page 9 to include model numbers when Powerwall 3 is installed with Expansion unit(s) - Updated STEP 6: Make Powerwall 3 AC Circuit Connections on page 72 with instruction to install and mark model number label - Updated Tesla Remote Energy Meter Specifications on page 13 and Install the Tesla Remote Energy Meter and CTs on page 92 to reflect that a Powerwall 3 site can have a maximum of three Tesla Remote Energy Meters: one connected via RS-485 and up to two connected via Wi-Fi.
1.7	July 16, 2025	Removed Connect CAN / 12V Circuits via CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet Wiring (no longer supported at this time)
1.6	June 17, 2025	- Updated Connect Tesla Remote Energy Meter to Powerwall 3 on page 96 with options for the meter's mounting location when the antenna extension cable is required - Added Connect CAN / 12V Circuits via CAT5 or CAT6 Ethernet Wiring - Added Solar or Load Shedding Feature on page 123 - Added Electrical Equipment Sizing and Overcurrent Protection on page 139 for systems with more than (2) Powerwall 3 units
1.5	May 7, 2025	- Corrected Maximum Elevation to 2000 m in Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5 - Added Powerwall 3 Expansion Specifications on page 9 - Added Appendix H: Regional Grid Code Settings on page 192 - Added Expansion units to Appendix E: Installing Multiple Powerwall 3 Units and/or Expansion Units on page 138
1.4	April 2, 2025	- Updated Energy Metering on page 27 and added In the Tesla Remote Energy Meter Box on page 87 - Updated images of integrated DC isolator and updated Integrated DC Isolator Locking Mechanism on page 134 to reflect new black isolator switch
1.3	March 7, 2025	- Updated Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5 to reflect updated Powerwall 3 I_{MP} of 30 A and I_{SC} of 38 A - Updated Powerwall 3 Specifications on page 5, Required Supplies on page 38, and Install Powerwall and Generation Breakers in the Backup Gateway on page 61 to reflect that maximum continuous current is 48 A and a 63 A breaker is required for Powerwall 3 installations, regardless of configured power / current output - Updated Energy Metering on page 27 with additional detail about monitoring Powerwall 3 systems



APPENDIX I: REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
		- Updated STEP 5: Connect Powerwall 3 to Backup Gateway on page 64 with instructions to install Tesla Grid Utility Ancillary Controller (GUAC) interface device for installations requiring DRMO functionality - Updated Prepare Ethernet Wiring with RJ45 Connectors on page 122 to reflect T-568A wire color standard
1.2	January 6, 2025	Updated Design Considerations on page 22 and STEP 7: Make Solar PV Connections on page 78 to reflect that third party MLPE solutions, such as optimizers, are not compatible with Powerwall 3
1.1	October 15, 2024	- Added distance from center of each conduit hole to the floor in Choose Powerwall Cable Entry on page 43 - Updated PV wire requirements in Required Supplies on page 38 - Updated STEP 6: Make Powerwall 3 AC Circuit Connections on page 72 and STEP 7: Make Solar PV Connections on page 78 to clarify that it is best practice to connect the ground circuit before making any AC or PV connections
1.0	August 14, 2024	Initial publication